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ROAST PORK	40c. per lb.
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MELROSE COMPANY, LTD., 40 & 78 FORT ST.
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B. & K. ROLLED OATS
"FROM OATS LIKE THESE
OLD SCOTIA'S GRANDEUR SPRINGS."

Inspecting The Island

Particulars of Jaunt in Autos by the Party of C. P. R. Officials.

Interesting Interview With J. S. Dennis Land Commissioner of Company.

Impressed With Evidences That Districts Visited Are Rich in Resources.

A PORTION of the party of Canadian Pacific Railway officials who have been on an inspection tour of the district between Nanaimo and Comox returned to the city yesterday morning. Interviewed at the Driard hotel by a Colonist reporter, J. S. Dennis, C. P. R. land commissioner, said:

"We left Victoria on the 4 o'clock train on Wednesday afternoon. Included in our party were R. Marpole, general superintendent of the Western division; Capt. J. W. Troup, superintendent of the coast service; George L. Courtney, district freight and passenger agent; J. Cartwright, engineer; Hon. Capt. Tatlow, minister of finance; D. R. Ker, W. F. Bullen, Col. E. G. Prior and myself. Through the courtesy of Messrs. Ker and Troup, the fine autos owned by those gentlemen were taken along for our use. Arriving at Nanaimo, we boarded the steamer Joan, which was awaiting us, and proceeded to Union Bay.

"From the latter point the autos were utilized, the party proceeding to Comox and up the Comox valley from Courtenay to Cumberland; thence back to Nanaimo by the coast road. We continued on from Nanaimo by road to Duncans, looking carefully over that district. Thence we proceeded to Cowichan Bay, at which point we boarded the City of Nanaimo and returned to Victoria.

"This was the first time that a party of C. P. R. officials had made the trip, which in itself afforded an opportunity for judging the capabilities of the Island and the character of its roads. With the exception of about twenty miles, we found good roads all the way.

"Much valuable information was gleaned regarding the country. The district from Nanaimo to Comox indicates that a railway line can be built on the coast route at a moderate expense; but it is questionable whether it should not be carried through the interior, if it is possible to do so.

"A Fine Country"

"The country is on the whole heavily timbered — splendidly timbered. There have been a few fires, but not to any serious extent.

"The soil, apparently, with the exception of about ten miles, is good; and where clearing has been done, good crops and fruit are being raised.

"In Comox district itself, particularly Comox valley, there is a large area of land with easy slopes, which will ultimately make fine farms. Some of the most beautiful farms in British Columbia were observed there.

"The trip was made in connection with the general policy the company is pursuing regarding the area surrounding the E. & N. line and possible extensions of the railway.

"Mr. Marpole and myself were greatly interested and are very enthusiastic; and we think there is a great future for Vancouver Island.

"Of course, in an official way I wished to know all possible about the land grant, but apart from that I wanted to be in a position to speak intelligently about the Island."

CHINESE GET COLD FEET.

Incidence of the Boycott on U. S. Goods Changes Celestials' Ideas.

Washington, Aug. 5.—United States Consul-General Rodgers, at Shanghai, cabled the state department today that the Chinese chamber of commerce at that place deprecates the continuance of the boycott in China against American goods, which the merchants say is attributable in a large part to the students. Business is being seriously affected. This despatch is regarded here as very significant. The boycott was first instituted at Shanghai, and, singularly enough, by the very chamber of commerce which is now anxious to terminate it. According to reports to the American state department, the agitation extended as far south as the Straits Settlements, where the import business is largely controlled by Chinese merchants, and Consul-General Wilder stated that the Shanghai boycott, as proclaimed by the chamber of commerce, has been adopted by the chamber at Singapore. From Mr. Rodgers' report it is inferred that the merchants who started the boycott have found themselves heavy losers in trade as a result, and are desirous of recovering it. The department also has been informed that United States Minister Rockhill has secured the aid of the Chinese government in stopping the anti-American movement.

ANOTHER RUSSIAN LOAN.

Government Has Decided to Borrow One Hundred Million More.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 5—The government has decided on the issuance of another international loan to the amount of $100,000,000, of which, however, only $75,000,000 may be issued at first. The loan will be practically of the same nature and under the same conditions as that of March last.

THORPE'S old English
GINGER BEER
has a smack of its own

"Thorpe's old-fashioned English ginger beer is prepared from an original English receipt in the possession of the vendors from the finest Jamaica ginger, specially selected for them for the last fifteen years by a leading wholesale London firm."

TO PREVENT LOSS OF LIFE.

Japanese Throw Proclamations Into the Russian Lines.

Sitaitze, Manchuria, Aug. 5.—The Japanese are throwing proclamations into the Russian lines urging the Russians on account of impending peace, not to undertake reconnaissances which would only result in useless loss of life.

A FAINT-HEARTED STRIKER.

Chairman of the Telegraphers' Union Throws Up the Sponge.

Spokane, Aug. 5.—R. P. Haney, local chairman of the Order of Railway Telegraphers for the Idaho division of the Northern Pacific, announced today that he belevede the telegraphers' strike lost, and advised the men to return to work. Chairman Tanquary, in active charge of the strike here, in reply states that Haney will be removed from office. The Northern Pacific has given the men until midnight tonight to resume work.

GERMANY'S UNRULY WARDS.

Governor of East Africa Reports a Rebellion in Progress.

Berlin, Aug. 5.—The governor of German East Africa telegraphed today to the colonial bureau of the foreign office that the natives in the Maturbi mountains, north of Samanga, broke into rebellion, during which several warehouses were burned. The cause of the discontent seems to be unexplained. The rebellion is in progress in other German South African possessions. The outbreak causes much concern, as the government is thoroughly tired of these outbreaks.

FATAL FAMILY QUARREL.

Threatened by Husband, Wife Secures Hatchet and Kills Him.

Washington, Aug. 5.—The mystery surrounding the identity of the murderer of Joseph Barr, the coal miner who was found murdered in his home at Bishop, Pa., last night was cleared up today by the arrest of his wife. The woman, it is said, has confessed that she and her husband quarrelled and he threatened her life with a revolver. She ran from the house, and, securing a hatchet, returned and killed him. Barr was found last night lying in his room with his skull crushed. It was believed by the authorities that burglars had murdered him.

An Optimist On Victoria

Capt. Clive Phillips Wolley Has Great Faith in Future of This City.

Views of a Gentleman Who Backs His Opinions by Big Investment.

"I'VE put my money on Victoria, with Shaughnessy up, and I'm not afraid of my mount or my jockey."

Thus figuratively and in parable spake yesterday Capt. Clive Phillips-Wolley in answer to inquiries addressed to him by a Colonist man on the subject of his late purchase of a valuable property on one of the most prominent sites on the main thoroughfare of this city.

"Yes," said Capt. Wolley, "I have been doing what an Englishman always ought to do, back the expression of his opinions by his own actions. My creed is a simple one—I believe in Victoria, its climate, its scenery and its unrivalled opportunities for inexpensive sports, for which it is unrivalled on the Pacific coast.

"I believe that climate, scenery and inexpensive sport form the very first base on which to rest an attraction calculated to draw the very best class of people. The only thing necessary to insure success to the city is the advent of certain combinations or companies capable of making these advantages known to the right class of people.

"It is useless to expound to the people of the American littoral our advantages of clime and scene; they have their own and are content; and for sport they care not a jot. They, the worshipers of the almighty dollar, come here merely for a casual outing, leaving little behind; good people enough of their kind, but not the people with whom an English community will readily amalgamate; people whose conception of home and comfort is totally different from the English idea in every essential particular.

What City Might Be

"No, the people we should seek to reach are the upper classes of England, people whose incomes are no longer commensurate with their position at home, but who could live upon them here in comfort—these and the people of means who under stress of climatic influences are continually coming from the Canadian west, who would form here a society of solidity and substance; who would raise the standard of the social life of the city, making it what the capital of such a province ought to be—a centre of light and learning, the home of arts and sciences, a place of progress and culture, a community actuated by public spirit and enterprise, who would pursue the march of progress shoulder to shoulder, upholding the prestige of the country of their adoption for the credit of their home.

"I am not speaking of those who come to the country as a home, and proceed to lodge their money carefully and permanently in the bank at an interest of 3 per cent., in place of investing their capital in the industries or properties which are the life of the place—for these I entertain sentiments of unmeasured contempt, and as citizens I regard them as a detrimental element.

"There is another detriment to this or any other city, a class I need not specify, who settle like a blight upon budding enterprise or vampire-like sap the life blood of progressive existence. I myself have had experience of this; persons who on the one hand depreciate the purchase and on the other hand deprecate the sale; who come to me saying, 'What! you gave so much! Why, I could have got it for you for hundreds less!' While to the seller they sing the other tune, 'What! You sold for so and so! Now, if you had only waited I could have offered you an infinitely better figure!' In short, it is the old and everlasting battle of the rival middlemen—the struggle for the unearned increment; and the result is still stagnation.

Forces of Propulsion

"In spite of all this, there are forces of propulsion at work on this island making steadily and rapidly for progress, which even the inspired pessimist can never withstand, and only the wilfully blind can ignore, forces wielded by those who have the problem well in hand, and who with rapid stride and powerful stroke will sweep all difficulties and obstructions from their path and raise upon the fairest corner of God's fair earth a city worthy of its place and worthy of the empire of which it is a part."

Peace Envoys Clasp Hands

With All Outward Evidences of Cordiality Russians Meet Japanese.

President Roosevelt Extends a Formal Greeting to the Plenipotentiaries.

Striking Scenes Aboard the Mayflower During the Introductions.

OYSTER BAY, Aug. 5.—History was made in Oyster Bay today. Russians and Japanese clasped hands and greeted one another with all outward evidence of cordiality, and for the first time since the nations began to have relations, one with another, an executive of a great power received the envoys of two belligerent countries on a mission of peace.

President Roosevelt, on behalf of the United States, extended formal greetings to the representatives of Russia and Japan, introduced the plenipotentiaries to one another and entertained them at an elaborate luncheon, at which the Russians and Japanese fraternized with one another as comrades.

During the luncheon President Roosevelt proposed a notable toast when he expressed the "keenest hope and prayer in the interest not only of these two great powers, but of all civilized mankind, that a just and lasting peace may speedily be concluded between them." The occasion was attended by simplicity and frankness.

Due honor was paid to the distinguished guests of the President and of the country, and they were received with all the dignity to which their exalted rank entitled them.

The day was ideal. The handsome yacht Mayflower, on which the formal reception of the plenipotentiaries took place, swung at anchor at the entrance of Oyster Bay. By its side lay the despatch boat Dolphin. Two miles out the cruiser Galveston was anchored, in waiting to convoy the vessels bearing the envoys to Portsmouth.

Before the arrival of the President and the envoys the cabins of the Mayflower were handsomely decorated with flowers.

No Questions of Precedence

In order that no embarrassing questions of precedence should arise, it was determined that the luncheon should be a buffet function. Every officer on the Mayflower was attired in special full-dress uniform, the men of the crew were in sailormen's dress of snowy white, and the Chinese servants, also in white, stepped softly about the cabins.

Major-General Frederick D. Grant, commander of the Department of the East, and Rear Admiral Charles B. Coughlan, commandant of the Brooklyn navy yard, respectively the representatives of the army and navy at the reception, went aboard the Mayflower at 11:50 a. m.

A launch from the Mayflower went to the west pier for the President at 11:30 o'clock. As the launch bearing the President and flying his pennant passed under the stern of the Dolphin, the crew of that vessel dressed ship and trumpeters sounded a fanfare. As the President stepped on the gangway to ascend to the deck of the Mayflower, the first gun of the presidential salute of 21 guns boomed, and the beautiful presidential pennant of blue and gold was broken out at the masthead. The President was greeted by Commander Winslow as he reached the deck. The band played "The Star Spangled Banner."

After the dinner the President personally greeted and shook hands with the officers of the ship.

Meantime the cruiser Tacoma, with the Japanese envoys and their suite on board, had arrived from New York. The ship came to anchor at 12:30 o'clock, half a mile from the Mayflower. Almost at the same time the naval yacht Sylph, with Third Assistant Secretary of State Herbert H. D. Peirce on board, also came to anchor near the Mayflower. Mr. Peirce, who in the absence of Secretary Root was to represent the department of state, boarded the Mayflower from a launch shortly after the arrival of the President. He and Mr. Roosevelt chatted a while. Then it was reported that the Japanese were about to leave the Tacoma to board the Mayflower. Scarcely had the report been made before the guns began to fire the salute of nineteen guns for the plenipotentiaries.

Bowing to the officers on deck, the President said: "I guess I will go below. The reception will be held in the cabin."

Japanese Come Aboard

The Japanese mission, headed by Baron Komura and Ambassador Takahira, came over the side, attired in black and shining silk, as the band made three ruffles and then played a rollicking march.

At the head of the gangway Commander Winslow received the envoys, and as they stepped to the deck they were greeted by Mr. Peirce. They were escorted immediately to the cabin, where the President was awaiting them. Their reception was brief and was as devoid of formality as the nature of the occasion would permit. Baron Komura and Minister Takahira shook hands cordially with the President.

As the representative of his Emperor, Baron Komura then extended his thanks to President Roosevelt, and through him to the American people, for the interest they had manifested in the proceedings of peace negotiations, expressing his gratitude to the President for the friendliness he had shown in initiating the negotiations which had resulted in the pleasure they were to have today. The President assured Baron Komura that he had found great pleasure in taking the steps toward what he hoped would be a permanent peace between the two great nations. The exchanges, if they so may be termed, were entirely informal. No set addresses were delivered.

Baron Komura then presented to the President the twelve members of his suite. The President gave particularly cordial greetings to Commander Takashita, the naval attachee of the Japanese legation, addressing him as "Comrade," and to Mr. Hanahara, the third secretary of the legation, with both of whom he is personally acquainted. The President then introduced the envoys to the army and naval officers present, after which, with Baron Komura and Minister Takahira, he retired to an inner cabin for a brief consultation prior to the arrival of the Russian mission.

The cruiser Chattanooga, with the Russian envoys on board, anchored near the Mayflower at 1:05 p. m., and fifteen minutes later the Chattanooga's nineteen-gun salute announced the departure of the Russians. A few minutes afterwards the form of M. Witte, Russian chief plenipotentiary, appeared at the starboard gangway of the Mayflower. He was followed by Baron Rosen, the Russian ambassador and second peace envoy, and eight members of his suite. They were received precisely as the Japanese had been, and they too were ushered into the cabin, where the President was in waiting to receive them.

During the reception of the Russian mission the Japanese envoys and the members of their suite were in one of the forward cabins. With notable cordiality President Roosevelt shook hands with M. Witte and aBron Rosen, exchanging at the informal meeting but purely personal felicitations.

After receiving the members of the suite and presenting all in turn to his personal guests, the President then brought the two sets of envoys together, introducing them formally to one another. It was a notable scene as the diminutive Baron Komura shook hands with the giant Witte at the instance of the President of the United States.

The greetings of the members of the two special missions were distinctly formal, but not the slightest suggestion of enmity was shown on either side; neither by word nor action did they indicate any but the utmost cordiality.

The President's Toast

Before the luncheon had proceeded far the President rose from his chair and turning to the assemblage raised his hand for silence. In an instant there was a hush. Bowing to the ministers the President said: "Gentlemen, I propose a toast to which there will be no answer and to which I have the honor to ask you to drink in silence standing. I drink to the welfare and prosperity of the sovereigns and people of the joint nations whose representatives have met one another on this ship. It is my earnest prayer that in the interest not only of these two great powers, but of all civilized mankind, that a just and lasting peace may be speedily concluded between them."

The toast was drunk as the President had requested in profound silence, but in the hum of conversation which followed nothing was heard but enthusiastic commend on the President's expression. M. Witte and Baron Komura both thanked him cordially at the conclusion of the luncheon.

After the President had posed with the four envoys for an official photograph, arrangements were made for the President's departure for Sagamore Hill.

(Continued on Page Two.)

Formaldehyde In the Milk

A Grand Forks Dairyman Fined $100 for an Outrageous Practice.

County Court Judge Leamy Passes Away — Mining Matters.

From Our Own Correspondent.

GRAND FORKS, B. C., Aug. 5.—Judge Andrew Leamy of the County court died here last evening at 7 o'clock, the direct cause of his death being Bright's disease. He had been ailing for the past six months. He was appointed county court judge some five years ago. The funeral will take place tomorrow morning at 8:30 o'clock to the public cemetery.

An astounding discovery was made yesterday morning by Dr. C. M. Kingston, medical health officer, when, on complaint of a prominent citizen he analyzed the milk of the Rose Hill dairy, when it was found to contain a most injurious adulteration, namely, formaldehyde. The rumor that a charge had been made against G. W. Floyd, the proprietor of the dairy, created a sensation which, with the later developments due to the prosecution, resolved itself into great indignation when it was known that the milk was adulterated with a poisonous ingredient. The prosecution of G. W. Floyd took place yesterday before Stipendiary Magistrate Cochrane, the charge being laid under the provincial act relating to such cases.

The chief witnesses for the prosecution were Mayor Hammer and Henry Coleman, a smelter employee, who both gave coincident testimony in regard to ill effects caused by using the milk. The accused was fined $100, the maximum penalty allowed by law, or an alternative of three months in jail. The accused refused to make any defence. It developed at the trial on the evidence of R. R. Gilpin, customs officer, that on the 9th of June a gallon of the adulterative ingredient was receipted for under the name of preservative extract. It was consigned from Seattle. Most strenuous efforts will be taken in future by the medical health officer to safeguard the public against similar practices.

Mining News of District

Peter T. McCallum, who owns the Craglee claim in Gloucester camp, has made an exceedingly rich find of native copper. This copper is found in innumerable stratas of quartz which are widening considerably as depth is attained.

D. C. Beach, one of the best known mining men in the Boundary, has returned from Phoenix, where he has held a responsible position with the Granby Company for the past few months, and will again begin development work on the Cracker-Jack property at Christina Lake.

The citizens of Cascade are making arrangement for the erection of an immense water tank which will be located in the center of the town for use in case of fire.

The famous pleasure resort at Christina Lake known as the Lavalley ranch has just been purchased by Ole Johnson of Spokane, who has already taken possession of the premises. It is the new proprietor's intention to make extensive improvements on the hotel and also to considerably enlarge the boat house.

INJURED HUSBAND'S FATE.

Receives Death Wounds at Hands of Wife's Paramour.

San Francisco, Aug. 5.—When William W. Stevenson, of Nevada, smashed the door of a Larkin street lodging house room this morning, where his wife and Chillon Bowen had taken up their residence, he was fatally shot by a gun fired by Bowen, who was in bed. The two men had lived on neighboring ranches in Nevada. Bowen, who was single, boarded with Stevenson, his wife and two children. Some time ago Mrs. Stevenson, accompanied by Bowen, who represented himself as her husband, came to a hospital here for a surgical operation. Later they took up their abode together. Stevenson came to the city and succeeded in locating them, with the result of a tragedy. The man and woman were arrested and placed in jail. She was the only witness of the murder.

Dominion News Notes

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Leaves for Quebec — Probable New Lieut. Governors.

Lord Strathcona Receives Many Congratulations on Eighty Fifth Birthday.

Superintendent of the Kootenay Power and Light Company Electrocuted.

OTTAWA, Aug. 5.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier left today for Quebec. Other ministers, with the exception of the secretary of state, have also left town. Frank Oliver started west this morning, and his present intention is not to return. It may therefore be inferred that the appointments of lieutenant-governors for the new provinces have been practically settled.

Hon. Mr. Forget, the present lieutenant-governor of the Territories, will be one, and Mr. Douglas, ex-M. P., the other. It is not expected, however, that the appointments will be formally announced until the next cabinet meeting, two weeks hence.

Lord Strathcona's Birthday

Montreal, Aug. 5.—A London cablegram says Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal is receiving congratulatory messages from all parts of the Dominion, as well as from Anglo-Canadians throughout the United Kingdom, on his 85th birthday. His health is good, and his remarkable vigor seems to be unimpaired in spite of the constant attention he gives to the duties of his high office.

Coughs Up Reptile

Belleville, Aug. 5.—Yesterday afternoon Mr. William Britton, a well-known butcher of this city, in a fit of coughing threw up a lizard eight inches long. The reptile was alive and started to crawl away. Mr. Britton was never bothered before, but is now ill in bed from the effects. The supposition is that the reptile was swallowed in drinking water some years ago.

Superintendent Electrocuted

Rossland, Aug. 5.—L. M. Hayden, local superintendent of the Kootenay Power & Light Company, was electrocuted last evening. He was working on the Silica Jumbo circuit of the company and was repairing some wires on top of a pole. As the joining of the wires was almost finished, he sent a lineman named Bell back to the Black Bear mine, half a mile away, and directed him to telephone to the sub-station to turn on the current. Hayden lingered longer than he expected over his work, and when the great current passed through his body he fell back with his face upward on the wires. He lay in this position for fully fifteen minutes with the current sizzling through his body and burning the flesh. The current turned off, Hayden's body, still sustained by the wires, remained in midair. A lineman climbed the pole, tied a rope around the body, and it was lowered to the ground. Hayden was about 45 years of age and leaves a widow. He came to Rossland about a year and a half go from Spokane.

Reported Rich Finds

Nelson, Aug. 5.—Stories of new rich finds in the Lardeau country continue to reach this city daily, and in some instances prospectors have come down from the hills with rich specimens, but details are lacking, and local mining men are awaiting more particulars before going north to investigate. The forest fires of last year cleared off a great deal of country in the Lardeau, and it is in this burnt territory that the new discoveries are reported.

KAISER'S BUSY LIFE.

Piles of Documents Handled Daily While on Vacation.

Berlin, Aug. 5.—Several hundred weight of documents are forwarded to Emperor William from the government departments daily while he is on vacation. What looked to observers like Several tons of these were transported by steam pinnaces from the shore to the imperial yacht Hohenzollern at Sassnitz, Pomerania, yesterday. After his majesty had worked for several hours over them and was descending the gang plank to go on board the Empress Augusta Victoria's yacht Iduna, another launch piled with despatches came alongside and he returned to his work room to examine them. The Emperor's programme for the next five weeks will be largely given up to the paying of visits and to attendance on the military exercises and services, ending with the autumn manoeuvres.

SABBATH DESECRATION.

Visiting Divine Refuses to Speak in Auditorium at the Fair.

Portland, Aug. 5—After coming here as the guest of the exposition management, Rev. Charles M. Shadon, of Topeka, Kansas, has refused to speak at the auditorium exercises Sunday, because the amusement features of the "Trail" are allowed, under injunction of the court, to operate tomorrow. He considers it Sabbath desecration and says he believes it cancels his obligation with the management, for he came with the understandng that the "Trail" was closed on Sundays.

A temporary injunction against pool-selling at Irvington racetrack was granted today by Judge Fraser, on application of Mrs. Elizabeth Ryan, owner of the property. Its effect is to stop all betting on the track, and suspends the races.

TWO MURDERERS ARRESTED.

Police Secure Men Charged With the Killing of a Detroit Pawnbroker.

Detroit, Aug. 5.—Superintendent of Police Downey today received a telegram from Chief Kohler of the Cleveland police department, notifying him that Harry Pickard and Harry Johnson were arrested there today, suspected of the murder of Pawnbroker Joseph Moyers in this city on July 28. Chief Kohler's telegram said that the Cleveland officers have recovered several thousand dollars' worth of jewelry that was stolen from Moyers' shop. Moyer was murdered in the most brutal fashion.

It is learned through officials here that two women were arrested with Pickard and Johnson. One of them is about 50 years of age and the other about 29. They claim to be mother and daughter. The men, it is understood here, are race-track followers, and claim to be from Texas. It is learned that a former sweetheart of one of the men under arrest gave the Cleveland police the information that led to the capture.

LACROSSE.

Victoria Wins From Vancouver

What common consent has acknowledgde to be one of the best exhibitions of the national game that has taken place here for a number of years was played yesterday afternoon at Oak Bay. After Vancouver had defeated New Westminster last Saturday it was expected by many that the visitors would have a walk-over when they visited Victoria. Such was not the case, however, for outside a short spurt at the beginning of the game, they were outclassed at all points. The work of the home team was a pleasure to watch, and judging by yesterday's play, there is not a weak spot on the team.

Only one change had been made in the line-up, Baker being placed on the home and Stevens on the defence. The home worked as they have never worked before this season, being fast and taking lots of chances at scoring. Fred White proved a tower of strength, and played a very pretty game. Sargison, who is only making his debut this season, played a very heady game, and although he did not have many openings, he was always on the go, and was dead on the goal every time he shot. With a little more experience he should make a very valuable man on the home.

West and Munro both played in good form, their passing and catching being far ahead of that of a few weeks ago. The idea of placing West at inside home appeared to work very well, as he drew Reynolds out and gave the rest of the home a chance to score.

Baker played better than he has done this season, and if he continues to improve will be a dandy.

Hendron, the baby of the bunch, was as lively as a cricket, and not one of the visitors could touch him. The defence worked like Trojans, and deserve great credit for the game they put up. Hatcher was undoubtedly the star of that portion of the team, his work being very brilliant. As usual, S. Lorimer took good care of the flags, and some of the shots that he stopped were hot ones. "Long Tom" Crocker did some reaching which the visitors could not understand. "Dutchie" Clegg at point played circles round the noted inside home man; while Taylor and Stevens were not satisfied with stopping Vancouver from scoring, but tried to score themselves.

For Vancouver, Joe Reynolds was the pick of the team; time and time again he would come out of a bunch with the ball on his stick, only to have it returned. Payne stuck to Sargison like glue and would not let him get away. George Matheson played a good game at centre; but his brother was too much taken up in trying to play rough to be of much use. Clarkson was the pick of the home, his work being very good. Godfrey was away off and could not handle himself at all.

To sum up, it appeared that Vancouver was slightly swelled with pride over the fact of having defeated New Westminster last week, and thought they had a snap. On the other hand, Victoria knew they had a hard game to play, and played it, and won out by 6-4.

There was a very small number in the grand stand when the whistle was blown, so small, in fact, that it is a question if the gate will pay the expenses of the game.

On Referee Snider blowing the whistle for the match to begin, Victoria started off with a rush and White tried a shot, which Gibbons saved, and the ball went to the other end, and Douglas scored in one minute.

It looked from this as if Vancouver would have a walk-over, but the locals pulled themselves together, and the home tried hard to score, but were unable to penetrate the visitors' defence. Down came the ball again, and Lorimer was called on to stop a hot one, and passed to Hatcher; he advanced to Sargison, who passed to Munro; he shot but missed. Crocker picked out a high one, and sent it to Hendron, from him to Sargison to West into the net. Time, 4 minutes.

With the score even, the two teams went at it hard. Reynolds was playing like a demon, but could not stop White when he secured the ball from Hatcher. The latter carried it well up the field, gave Freddie a nice pass, which he improved, making the score 2--1.

W. Matheson was off for five minutes for hitting Munro without the latter having the ball.

The first quarter was called with the locals leading.

On resuming the second quarter, Hendron secured the face, but lost to Ravey, who passed to Cameron and over to Godfrey, the latter shooting, which Lorimer stopped.

W. Matheson secured, but caught the ball with his hand, and Hendron was given a free throw. He passed to White, and another goal resulted. Hendron again secured the face, but lost to Cameron; he passed to Clarkson, who ran in and made a nice shot on goal; but the "big fellow" was in the way and scooped it out. Douglas took a chance, but "Big Tom" was in the way, and passed to Baker; he lost to Revey, but secured again and passed to West; but the pass was intercepted by Reynolds. Cameron tried a long shot, but the defence was like a stone wall, and were being ably supported by the home.

The Victoria team were playing Vancouver to a standstill, and Reynolds was playing a star game, but could not play the whole game himself.

About this stage of the game Hatcher and Garvey were not getting enough play. The referee did not happen to see the mix-up, and there was no interruption.

Half time was called and Victoria still led.

On play being resumed, Vancouver made a rally, and Cao scored in two minutes. The local defence appeared to be slightly mixed up and could not stop the visitors from shooting, and Lorimer was kept busy picking them out. So fast were the shots made that it looked like a game of tennis; but no more games were scored for a time. Stevens relieved, but the ball came back, and the goal was bunched in good style.

When the ball was transferred to the other end the Victoria home went for the goal in a bunch, and White scored in 12 minutes.

Only a few minutes elapsed before Sargison got a pass from West and did the needful.

With only a minute to play in this quarter, Godfrey did the trick for Vancouver.

The last quarter was the roughest of the whole game, but it did not stop Victoria from adding another. This goal was secured from the fastest piece of playing of the day. The ball had been sent down by Hatcher to Hendron. The latter made a fine shot, but missed by a few inches. Gibbons secured the ball from behind and attempted to pass it to Reynolds, but Sargison intercepted the pass and, quick as a flash, sent the ball to Baker, giving Victoria another. The ball went to the Victoria defence on the face off, but they cleared. Payne tried to take the ball in, but Munro used great judgment and followed right up and presented. There being an odd man on the home, Payne passed to Cameron, and the latter shot, but Munro cleared and sent the ball down.

In a mix-up which followed, Munro and W. Matheson were sent off for five minutes.

During the time these players were off G. Matheson made a shot which hit Lorimer's foot and went in, scoring another for Vancouver.

Clarkson was the next off; then Sargison was given a rest for one minute. To cap the climax, Munro and W. Matheson were sent off for the game, time being called with the score 6-4.

George Snider acted as referee, and filled the position with great satisfaction to everyone.

Summary

1st Quarter—Douglas, Vancouver, 1 minute; West, Victoria, 4 minutes; Baker, Victoria 11½ minutes.

2nd Quarter—White, Victoria, 2½ minutes.

3rd Quarter—Cao, Vancouver, 2 minutes; White, Victoria, 12 minutes; Sargison, Victoria, 4 minutes; Godfrey, Vancouver, 30 seconds.

4th Quarter—Baker, Victoria, 1½ minutes; Matheson, Vancouver, 11½ minutes.

Players penalized—Matheson (3), Munro (2), Clarkson, Sargison.

Referee, George Snider. Umpires, J. Clegg and B. Ritchie. Time keepers, S. Monteith and N. Morrison.

SWIMMING.

New Quarter-Mile Record

Southport, Aug. 5—B. B. Kieran, the Australian amateur champion, in a race here today broke the world's quarter-mile swimming record. His time was 5 min. 22 1-5 sec.

LAWN TENNIS.

Close of the Tournament

The annual tennis tournament of the Victoria Tennis Club was brought to a close yesterday. The attendance at the courts was far ahead of that of any previous day. Although the spectators looked for fine games of tennis, they were somewhat disappointed; not that all the matches were below the average, but the gentlemen's singles and doubles were certainly not up to the standard expected. In both these matches B. P. Schwengers was to take part with Macrae, having won the right to play for the finals in double championship by defeating Captains Williams and Wright, but in this game, in taking a hard return from Captain Wright, he was unfortunate enough to strain himself; and on examination by Dr. Davie he was ordered not to play. But rather than disappoint the attendance, he took the chance of seriously injuring himself. This was a big disadvantage, and he could not do himself justice in either of the matches. Every extra effort was a little harder to bear than its predecessor, and by the time he had played the singles he was practically "all in"; but he gamely went in and played the doubles. In the face of this disadvantage the game played was surprising.

With this exception the games were very evenly contested, the matches in the forenoon being especially so. The men's doubles between R. H. Pooley and Rithet, and Goward and Foll was very fast. The first set of the match was played on Friday evening, being taken by Rithet and Pooley. The second set went to Goward and Foll; but they were unable to keep up the pace, and allowed their opponents to take the third.

Schwengers and Macrae were too strong for Captains Wright and Williams, and won as they pleased in two sets, the first being 6-2 and the second 6-3.

Mrs. Langley and Mrs. Cole then played the Misses Pitts for the championship of the ladies' doubles, the latter being defeated by 6-3, 8-6. In the first set Mrs. Cole and Mrs. Langley appeared to have the game all their own way, but on changing courts the Misses Pitts gave them a very hard game, Miss M. Pitts especial playing in good style, her long drives being very effective.

Preceding this game was the match to determine who would be the opponent to Mrs. Cole for the ladies' singles championship of British Columbia. The two engaged in this match were Miss Bell and Miss M. Pitts. The honor went to the latter, although she was given a hard run. Miss Bell appeared to be very nervous, and did not play her usual game. Both these ladies are young players, and more will be heard of them in the next tournament, their work yesterday stamping them high above the average lady player; and with a little more experience they should make strong players.

The games for the afternoon were somewhat late in commencing, but the crowd of spectators were good-natured and did not appear to worry.

The first game was the men's singles for the championship of British Columbia. This event was last year captured by R. B. Powell; but as he was not here to defend the title, the contest for the championship was between Schwengers and Captain Wright.

On appearing on the courts both players looked very anxious, and appeared as if their strength had already been overtaxed. Before the game began it was whispered around that Schwengers had been ordered not to play by the doctor, and many were surprised to see him appear.

The first game of the set went to Wright; then Schwengers took the next four, but could not stand the pace.

The second set also went to Captain Wright; in the third Schwengers made a desperate effort, and won, but lost the fourth and the match.

The form displayed by the two players was not to be compared, Wright playing by far the better game; but on the form displayed throughout the tournament, Schwengers' work was ahead of any on the courts.

Mrs. Cole was then called on the defend her title as champion of British Columbia against Miss M. Pitts, and succeeded in retaining the coveted honor by the score of 6-3, 6-1.

The men's doubles went to Rithet and Pooley, after defeating Macrae and Schwengers by the score of 6-4, 4-6, 7-5.

Immediately after the men's doubles the mixed doubles took place, and resulted in Miss Bell and Captain Wright defeating R. H. Pooley and Miss V. Pooley in two sets of 6-4, 6-2. In this event the ladies played by far the better game. This be be accounted for by the fact that both of the gentlemen had but recently finished hard games.

After the games had been concluded, Mr. Musgrave made a few remarks, and then called on Mrs. Pooley to present the prizes which were won in the present tournament, and also in the handicap events of a few weeks ago. All of the winners were heartily applauded when they came forward to secure the prizes, which spoke volumes for the opinion of those who had witnessed the struggles.

In connection with the closing of the tournament, the committee take this opportunity of thanking the ladies who so very kindly assisted in making the affair a success by providing refreshments for the spectators, and to all those who have worked so hard for the club. The list of those who received prizes were:

Ladies' singles handicap—Miss M. Pitts.

Gentlemen's singles handicap—S. G. Wilson.

Mixed doubles handicap—Miss Wason and J. A. Rithet.

Open Events

Ladies singles—Winner of tournament, Miss M. Pitts.

Lady championship of British Columbia—Mrs. Cole.

Ladies' doubles—1st, Mrs. Cole and Mrs. Langley; 2nd, Miss Pitts and Miss M. Pitts.

Mixed doubles—1st, Capt. Wright and Miss A. Bell; 2nd, R. H. Pooley and Miss V. Pooley.

Gentlemen's doubles—1st, R. H. Pooley and J. A. Rithet; 2nd, B. P. Schwengers and F. A. Macrae.

Men's singles—Winner of tournament and championship of British Columbia: Capt. Wright; 2nd, B. P. Schwengers.

The result of yesterday's games are:

Ladies singles—Miss M. Pitts defeated Miss Bell, 6-3, 6-3; Mrs. Cole defeated Miss Pitts, 6-3, 6-1.

Ladies' doubles—Mrs. Cole and Mrs. Langley defeated Misses Pitts, 6-3, 8-6.

Mixed doubles—Miss A. Bell and Capt. Wright defeated Miss V. Pooley and R. H. Pooley, 6-4, 6-2.

Gentlemen's singles—Capt. Wright defeated Schwengers, 6-4, 64. 2-6, 6-2.

Gentlemen's doubles—Schwengers and Macrae defeated Capts. Wright and Williams, 6-2, 6-3; Rithet and Pooley defeated A. T. Goward and Lieut. Foll, 6-3, 3-6, 6-0; Rithet and Pooley defeated Schwengers and Macrae, 6-4, 4-6, 7-5.

Regarding the injury received by Schwengers, Dr. Davie was communicated with last evening, and said: "When I examined Schwengers I found he had been injured internally, and ordered him not to play yesterday afternoon. I understand that he neglected my orders, which I consider a very foolish action on his part." Thus it will be seen that it was no bluff on Schwengers' part.

THE OAR.

To Row for Flumerfelt Cup

At a meeting of the rowing committee of the J. B. A. A. the following crews were selected to compete for the Flummerfelt cup at the annual regatta next Saturday at Esquimalt. The time when the crews may obtain the boats for practice was also decided, and the crews are requested to be on hand in time so that the others may not be kept waiting:

5:30—G. T. Simpson, J. C. Bridgman, R. Machin, R. Jesse.

5:30—R. Nixon, C. Jenkinson, E. Robinson, G. T. Simpson.

6—V. Grey, H. Lang, F. C. Clarke, E. A. Hiscocks.

7—W. T. Andrews, R. W. Powers, F. Baylis, V. A. Wolfenden.

SALMON FISHING.

Salmon Fishing

Reports from the vicinity of Shoal Bay and Trial Island say that the cohoe salmon are taking the spoon in good style. Yesterday several catches were made, the fish going between six and eight pounds. Among those who made the catches were Miss Sehl, 4; A. Shotbolt, 4; H. G. Dalby, 11.

CRICKET.

R. G. A. Win

For the third time this season the Fifth-eighth Company Cricket Club demonstrated its superiority over the "A" eleven of the Victoria club by a margin of 51 runs. The score stood 206-155. Menzies won the toss and decided to bat, and sent in McLean and Martin. Nothing much was done till Luxton and Trimen got together, when a good stand was made, Luxton putting on 20 runs with faultless cricket. Coles followed and made a fine 54, Trimen with 22 also playing good cricket. For the Barracks Robertson made 35 before he was bowled by McLean and Bidds 41. Besides these Scudd made 28, Mathews 17 and Fraser and Fitzsimmons 15 each, the inning closing for 206. The following is the score:

CRICKET.

England Wins from America

New York, Aug. 5.—By a score of 241 to 191 for two innings the visiting cricketers from the Marylebone club of England defeated the picked eleven from the clubs comprising the Metropolitan district league of Glenn, N. Y., at Livingston, Staten Island, today. The match, which began yesterday, was even on the first innings, with the local men just one run in the lead, but today the visitors out-batted and out-fielded the home players. The contest was witnessed by 5,000 spectators. With one wicket down for seven runs when play was stopped last evening, the Englishmen resumed their second innings and they were not disposed of until officially they put up a game of 146 runs. Of these Wyld made 39, the highest individual score; Henley, 24; Mann, 22; and Stow, 21. When the local men began their second innings they were 145 runs behind their opponents and needed 146 to win. This they were unable to do. Porier played carefully for 23. Hurdlich and Cobb were the only other New York representatives to have double figures.

V. C. C. "A" Eleven.

McLean, b Byrne	0
Martin, b Burgess	7
Kitson, b Byrne	2
Jaegers b Burgess	10
Luxton, b Biddell	20
Trimen, stumped, b Richardson	22
Coles, not out	54
Menzies, l. b. w., b Biddell	3
Ashby, b Biddell	1
Richardson, b Biddell	0
Conyers, c Ford, b Byrne	15
Extras	21
Total	155

Garrison

Robertson, b McLean	35
Byrne, b Trimen	6
Fitzsimmons, b Trimen	15
Mathews, b Menzies	17
Scudds, b Trimen	28
Ford, b Trimen	8
Burgess, b McLean	1
Fraser, b Trimen	15
McCully, c Richardson, b Ashby	15
Biddell, c Coles, b Martin	41
Greenwood, not out	0
Extras	25
Total	206

THE GRAND.

From the advance notices of the bill to be presented at the Grand theatre this week it will no doubt be equal to the performances which are being put on at that house this season, and, in fact, that they are good shows may be judged by the crowds which nightly fill the house, even at this time of the year, with the fine nights and outdoor attractions. The week just ended was a particularly busy one for Manager Jamieson.

The bill this week will be headed by the Buckeye Trio, comedy acrobats, in an amusing act of wit and motion, with the aid of a trick house.

Cliff, Dean & Co. appear in a comedy relating to the troubles of a newly married pair, which is stated to be full of bright satire and witticisms, the cast being as follows:

Mr. Jack Hardy .... Cliff Dean
Mrs. Jack Hardy .... Miss Marie Yulli
Policeman .... Himself

Next come Francis Abbott and Miss Blanche Bryant, in a pretty Japanese operetta, and Frank Clayton, monologuist. Miss Edna Foley will sing the illustrated song, "The Little Rustic Cottage by the Sea," and, of course, there will be the usual new line of bioscope pictures. Last week's bill at the Grand proved very popular, and doubtless this week will be no exception.

To Clear.—Boys' Bathing Drawers, 5c per pair. B. Williams & Company.

Along the Waterfront

Queen City Returns From West Coast—Venture Back From the North.

Princess Beatrice Sails for Lynn Canal—Beachcombers Looting Tricolor.

There were few arrivals on the waterfront yesterday other than the regular ferry liners. Steamer Queen City, Capt. Townsend, returned from Ahousaht and way ports on the west coast of Vancouver Island, bringing a small freight, included in which was a carload of salmon from the cannery of Mr. Brewster and associates at Clayoquot, for shipment east. A sample shipment of ore was made from the Gladys mine, which Messrs. Clarke & Lea are developing on Alberni canal. The passengers included Mr. N. S. Clarke, from the Gladys mine, and Mr. Baird, from Port Renfrew. He reports that 32 students from Minneapolis and Eastern points are busy at the botanical station at Port Renfrew, studying the coast flora.

The steamer Venture, Capt. Warren, arrived from Naas and way ports with a fair complement of passengers, bringing news that the canneries on Rivers Inlet have nearly all completed their packs, and on the Skeena all were busy. At Alert Bay a big pack was being taken, but the Naas and other points reported only a fair run. The Venture will sail north again tomorrow night.

The steamer Princess Beatrice, Captain Hughes, sailed last night for Skagway and Northern British Columbia ports.

Steamer Tartar, of the C. P. R. line, will sail for the Orient with a good cargo of general merchandise and many passengers tomorrow night.

When the steamer Yangtzse, now discharging at Vancouver, sails again for Liverpool, via the Orient, she will carry 34 prize stallions, valued at $110,000, being shipped to Japan for breeding purposes.

MARINE NOTES.

Steamer Ramona has been chartered by Cook & Co., who formerly operated the now sunken steamer Mainlander on the Seattle-Vancouver route. The Ramona is owned by the Pacific Coast Steamship Co., and was on the Seattle-Vancouver run until some weeks ago, when she was tied up because of a difference between the owning company and the marine engineers.

N.P.A.A.O. REGATTA FOR NEXT WEEK

Grand Acquatic Event Is to Be Held on Esquimalt Harbor.

By this time next week the N. P. A. A. O. regatta—the focal point of the year to all rowing men on the North Pacific—will be a thing of the past. The members of the various crews will have broken training and learned their fates. The successful ones will be able to appreciate to the utmost the joys of an unrestricted diet as a delicious contrast to their recent hard discipline.

The full entry lists from all the various clubs are not available, as they have been delayed, and are expected by every mail. J. A. Lawson received a wire last night that Portland is sending one four-oar crew and both single and double scullers. Vancouver is known to be well represented and Nelson has four-oar crew that they think will surprise some people. Victoria is entered for every event without exception, and some enthusiasts would bet their money even that Victoria wins at least 50 per cent. of the championship events.

Most of the championship trophies are exhibited in the windows of M. W. Waitt & Co., and are much admired, more especially the Buchanan cup. This trophy is valued at about $800 and was presented by Messrs. J. Buchanan & Co., as a perpetual challenge cup in the senior four-oar event. The other prizes will be exhibited during the coming week.

The Tourist Association is making known this regatta as an especial attraction to tourists, and it will doubtless bring a big crowd. It is understood that the C. P. R. is arranging to run excursion steamers to Esquimalt, on which passengers may remain on board, following and viewing the races from start to finish.

The committees in charge of affairs are working hard for the success of the regatta, and the entertainment of their visitors in a way that will be a credit to Victoria.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

[The Editor does not hold himself responsible for views expressed by correspondents.]

THE WATER SYSTEM.

Sir—On this most important subject much has been said and written, on which I do not pretend to offer any new opinion, but rather make use of that of experts who are supposed to know the value of their recommendations.

We must give the Mayor and aldermen credit for being fully alive to the best interests and pressing needs of the city, and their setting entirely to one side all outside considerations of other interests. Other persons and companies should be left to find water and "paddle their own canoes"—the first care of the city being not to go beyond its depth in this water question.

We would like to be supplied from a thousand hills with this requisite, could we afford it, but in this, as in many other matters, we must "cut our coat according to our cloth."

Looking to Goldstream at present will be considered by the majority of our ratepayers as beyond our means. If this be the case, let us therefore fall back on that within our means. The suggestion of Expert Adams for the improving and perfecting of the supply from Elk lake, at a cost stated in the Adams' report at $330,000 could be undertaken without adding very materially to our taxation.

The interest on this sum of $330,000 would no doubt be much lessened year by year by the increased rates from the extra water consumed.

I hear that Mr. Lubbe has a very advantageous scheme to propose for an increased supply of water at a comparatively small cost to the city, with the details of which I am not conversant, but think before any further steps are taken, Mr. Lubbe should be invited to submit a proposal. This would place the Mayor and aldermen in an advantageous position to arrive at a businesslike conclusion.

W. J. MACDONALD.

Dr. Beadon, a former rector in Eltham, Kent, one Sunday preached from the text; "Who art Thou?" After reading it he made a pause for the congregation to reflect upon the words, when a man in a military dress, who at the instant was marching very sedately up the middle aisle of the church, supposing it a question addressed to him, replied: "I am, sir, an officer of the Sixteenth Regiment of Foot, on a recruiting party here, and having brought my wife and family with me, I am come to church because I wished to be acquainted with the neighboring clergy and gentry." This so deranged the divine and astonished the congregation that the sermon was concluded with considerable difficulty.—T. P.'s Weekly.

Local News.

Travel Heavy.—Travel continues remarkably heavy from the Sound cities. On her arrival from Seattle yesterday afternoon the steamer Whatcom had no less than 258 passengers, included being 178 who took advantage of the cheap rates prevailing on Saturday and Sunday to pay a visit to the British Columbia capital. A similar big volume of business characterized traffic on the popular steamer Princess Victoria.

The Band Concert.—The B. C. Electric Railway Co. has made elaborate preparations for the expeditious handling of the immense crowd of people who, it is expected, will proceed to the Gorge this afternoon on the occasion of the band concert by the Fifth Regiment musical organization. A more than usually meritorious programme has been arranged by Professor Pferdner. The launch Shamrock, leaving every half-hour after 1:30 p. m. from the causeway, is also prepared to handle large crowds.

Mr. Ames' Scheme.—A special despatch from St. John, N. B., is to the following effect: Mr. H. B. Ames, M. P., of Montreal, is here on a tour, concluding the study of transportation problems. He says he would like many western representatives to visit the east. But he has bigger hopes than than. "What I am working to bring about is this," he said. "As soon as the British elections are held and the new House fixed for another four or five years, I think the Dominion government should extend to the British parliament an invitation to come out and make some kind of a complete tour through Canada. Ottawa people are favorable to the scheme, and when on a recent trip across I was assured by many members of the British House that if such an official invitation were to be extended it would be gladly accepted."

Sons of St. George.—Tomorrow evening the Sons of St. George are to be honored with a visit from the grand president of the Pacific coast jurisdiction, William Meek, whose home is in Los Angeles. He presided at the annual convention recently held in Oakland, Cal., delegates being present from British Columbia, Honolulu, Oregon, Washington and California. At the conclusion of the convention Grand President Meek commenced a visitation of the northern lodges of this jurisdiction, Vancouver and Nanaimo being in the circuit. Last evening at Nanaimo Brother Meek delivered an inspiring address to the members there. He spoke of the work done by the order, of its increase in membership, and its wonderful success in bringing about a better understanding between the United States and Great Britain. He sympathized with brothers in Nanaimo and trusted that the outcome of the present labor difficulty would be a lasting settlement that would be satisfactory to the parties interested. After the usual exercises the grand president was tendered a banquet, both ladies and male members of the order being present. The members of the local lodges are requested to be in attendance early tomorrow evening.

PERSONAL

Mrs. I. Woxstock of the Elite millinery store, Fort street, left by last night's Sound steamer for Seattle for the purpose of meeting the millinery travelers from San Francisco with a view to fall purchases in her line of business.

Mrs. Julius White, of Calumet, Mich., is the guest of her brother, Mr. Wm. Souden, of No. 3 Amelia street.

Light and Comfortable.—Balbriggan Underwear, 75c per suit. B. Williams & Company.

VICTORIA TIDE TABLE.

(Issued by the Tidal Survey Branch of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.)

Victoria, B. C., August, 1905.

Date.	Time h. m.	Ht ft.	Time h. m.	Ht ft.	Time h. m.	Ht ft.	Time h. m.	Ht ft.
1	1:07	8.7	9:16	0.7	16:55	7.2	20:52	6.5
2	1:57	8.5	9:56	0.8	17:18	7.3	21:51	6.2
3	2:53	8.2	10:30	1.2	17:47	7.5	22:56	5.8
4	3:55	7.7	11:24	1.8	18:19	7.6	......	
5	0:05	5.3	5:07	7.0	12:10	2.6	18:54	7.8
6	1:16	4.7	6:36	6.4	12:57	3.6	19:30	7.9
7	2:25	3.9	8:21	5.9	13:42	4.5	20:06	8.1
8	3:32	3.2	10:29	5.8	14:25	5.4	20:42	8.9
9	4:35	2.5	13:40	6.2	15:13	6.1	21:19	8.3
10	5:34	1.9	15:00	6.8	16:20	6.7	21:59	8.3
11	6:28	1.5	15:50	7.2	17:42	7.0	22:44	3.2
12	7:16	1.2	16:18	7.3	18:50	7.0	23:35	8.2
13	7:59	1.2	16:40	7.3	19:46	6.8	......	
14	0:29	8.0	8:38	1.3	16:56	7.2	20:38	6.5
15	1:25	7.8	9:14	1.6	17:04	7.1	21:26	6.1
16	2:17	7.6	9:49	2.0	17:04	7.1	22:13	5.7
17	3:04	7.2	10:23	2.5	17:14	7.2	23:00	5.4
18	3:54	6.8	10:58	3.1	17:35	7.2	23:52	5.1
19	4:53	6.5	11:36	3.7	18:06	7.3	......	
20	0:49	4.7	6:08	5.9	12:16	4.4	18:39	7.3
21	1:50	4.4	7:39	5.6	12:48	5.0	19:15	7.3
22	2:49	4.0	......		......		19:51	7.4
23	3:45	3.6	......		......		20:22	7.4
24	4:35	3.2	......		......		20:49	7.5
25	5:22	2.7	......		......		21:22	7.6
26	6:06	2.3	......		......		22:15	7.8
27	6:49	1.9	16:15	6.8	18:12	6.7	23:20	8.0
28	7:31	1.6	15:24	6.8	19:08	6.3	......	
29	0:24	8.1	8:12	1.5	15:20	7.0	19:58	5.9
30	1:23	8.1	8:51	1.5	15:40	7.2	20:46	5.3
31	2:22	8.1	9:30	1.8	16:07	7.4	21:36	4.7

The time used is Pacific standard for the 120th meridian west. It is counted from 0 to 24 hours, from midnight to midnight. The height is in feet and tenths of a foot.

Esquimalt (at Dry Dock)—From observations during six months, May to October, compared with simultaneous observations continued at Victoria by Mr. F. N. Denison.

For time of high water add 15 minutes to high water at Victoria.

A Spartan Exposed.

It was in the commercial room, and the conversation had turned on the topic of the powers of endurance shown by men of the past and present. During a lull in the conversation a young commercial traveler said:

"Any man, if he has the will-power, can endure pain or fatigue; I know I can."

Silence for a moment, and an "old man of the road" replied:

"I'll bet you a dinner that you can't hold your foot—boots on—in a bucket of hot water as long as I can."

The bet was taken, and two buckets of hot water were brought in, and a kettle of boiling water to raise the temperature to the point of endurance. In went a foot of each bettor. The young man's face began to pale, but the other called for more boiling water.

"What the deuce is your leg made of, sir?" yelled the former, suddenly taking his foot from the bucket.

"Cork, sir—cork!" was the answer.—London Express.

A few years ago orders in council were passed providing for admission on payment of duty on the cost of refining only, of pig lead refined outside of Canada from lead bullion produced from Canadian lead ores smelted in this country, and also provided for admission, upon payment of duty on cost of corroding, of orange mineral, dried white lead and dried red lead, corroding outside the Dominion from pig lead produced from silver lead ores, mined and smelted in Canada. These orders are now repealed for the reason that pig lead is now being produced in Canada from lead bullion obtained from silver lead ores smelted in Canada, and corroding works are now in operation in Montreal.—Nelson News.

A new incandescent lamp with a zirconium filament is announced in Germany. Professor Weddin, a physicist, recently presented a lamp of this kind to the Electro Technical society of Cologne.

London Mail.

An animal deprived of sleep dies more quickly than from hunger. One of the cruelest of Chinese punishments is to kill a man by preventing sleep, he dying insane about the fourteenth day. All animals sleep for some period of the twenty-four hours; how and when they do so depends upon their natural habits. But they all have this in common, that after any unusual exertion they sleep longer.

A Letter Every Woman Should Read

Dear Sirs,

In the *Vancouver World*, the daily paper we take, I noticed an advertisement under your name, stating that Toilet Soap would be given your patrons in return for the coupons of the Sunlight. In my opinion the Sunlight Soap needs nothing to recommend it but its own use. I had used so many other kinds, also every kind of composition stuff that agents sell, that I at last gave up in despair and gave my washing out. My grocer advised me to try Sunlight. I did so, with very best results. Now I do all my own washing, find it a pleasure in place of toil, can wash the most delicate fabrics, silks and cashmeres, colored or not, that I would not have dared to do with other soap. My hands are never sore, no matter how much I use it. In fact I use it for toilet soap and in the children's bath. I am not anxious about the coupons, except that they might help as an inducement for other delicate women who like myself wish to do their own washing, but can't lift boilers or scrub all day. Success to the makers of Sunlight Soap.

Mrs. D. D. Ferguson,
273 14th Ave. East,
June 5th, 1905. Vancouver, B.C.

If our printed reasons have not induced you to try Sunlight Soap, surely this letter from one of your neighbors will.

Sunlight Soap is a perfect combination of the purest oils, fats and alkali, so proportioned that, though a wonderful cleanser, it will not injure the daintiest fabric or hurt the hands. 1145

Lever Brothers Limited
Toronto, Canada

SPORTSMEN! ATTENTION!

In about three weeks the open season for Grouse, Deer and Ducks will begin.

Do Not Delay until the last moment to look over your Firearms.

If you have any repairs to be made, send them along to us at once.

We have special tools for reboring shotgun barrels, and executing any kind of repair work. Satisfaction guaranteed.

REPAIRING FIREARMS OUR SPECIALTY.

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TELEPHONE 928A. 45 JOHNSON STREET.

Dominion Exhibition

September 27 to October 7, 1905

Under the auspices of the Royal Agricultural and Industrial Society

New Westminster, B. C.

Stupendous and comprehensive array of Exhibits representing the resources of all Canada.

$100,000 In Prizes and Attractions $100,000

Enlarged grounds, new, handsome and spacious buildings.

WORLD'S CHAMPIONSHIP EVENTS in Rowing and Lacrosse, Horse Racing, Broncho "Busting," Military Parades and Exercises.

ROYAL IRISH GUARDS and other famous bands.

GRAND WATER CARNIVAL—Parade of Fraser River fishing fleet, patrol boats, H. M. Warships, Indian war canoes, etc.

INDIAN SPORTS.

For all information write W. H. KEARY, Secretary and Manager, New Westminster, B. C.

SAVOY THEATRE

R. J. McDONELL, Manager.

Week of August 7.

TUXEDO TRIO

The highest salaried artists that ever appeared in Victoria.

STANLEY & CARLISLE
Sketch Artists.

BAZAN BROS.
Shadowgraphists.

LARRY SUTTON
Musical Artist.

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Sketch Artists.

Admission..................15c. and 25c.

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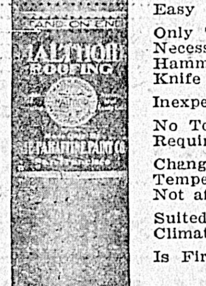

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R. ANGUS, Agt.
51 Wharf Street

DAILY 2.30 to 4.30 — GRAND — DAILY 7.30 to 10.30

Gen. Admission, 10c Res. Seats, 20c

Matinee 10 cents all over.

ROBT. JAMIESON .... Manager

Week of August 7.

CLIFF, DEAN & CO.
THE BUCKEYE TRIO.
ABBOTT & BRYANT
FRANK CLAYTON
LITTLE EDNA FOLEY
NEW MOVING PICTURES

50 JOHNSON STREET.
Go where the crowds go.

Japanese Fancy Goods

Large new stock just arrived in Porcelain, Cloisonne, Ivory Work, and Satsuma Ware.

Silks in all colors and shades. Embroidered Table Covers, Shawls and Handkerchiefs.

A splendid lot of Japanese Matting and other wares in all the new designs and varieties.

J. M. NAGANO & CO

61 DOUGLAS ST.,
BALMORAL BLOCK

SALMON'S

Grand English St. Leger Sweep

Drawn at Victoria

Tuesday, Sept. 12

In the presence of the public and under the Supervision of the Press.

Race run at Doncaster, September 13.

161 Prizes

Money to be divided as follows:

First Horse ....40 per cent.
Second Horse ....20 per cent.
Third Horse ....10 per cent.
Starters divide ....10 per cent.
Non-Starters ....20 per cent.

Tickets $1 Each

Hang Wo Lung Kee

Importers and Dealers in

Chinese and Japanese Fancy Goods

In Many New Ideas.
31 CORMORANT STREET.

TENDERS

For Electric Machinery

Tenders will be received up to 4 p. m. on Monday, the 28th instant, for

One new Dynamo of 230 lights capacity;
One Exciter;
One Switch Board;
Three Transformers of 50 lights capacity each;
One hundred and fifty Long Burning Arc Lamps;
Two thousand pounds No. 6 B. & S. Copper Wire.

Specifications for the above can be seen at the office of the undersigned, to whom all tenders must be addressed, properly signed, sealed, and endorsed as above.

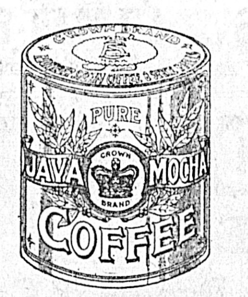
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Purchasing Agent for the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

City Hall, Victoria, B. C., August 3, 1905. au3

ALWAYS FRESH

CROWN



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VICTORIA, B. C.

B.C STEAM DYE WORKS

141 Yates St. Tel. 200

Now is the time to have Ladies' Summer Dresses and Blouses and Gents' Summer Suits cleaned equal to new, at the only reliable Dyeing and Cleaning Establishment in the province.

HEARNS & RENFREW

PROPRIETORS.

We call for and deliver.

TAKE NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that we have bought out the business of Yick Yuen & Co., at 180 Government street, and will not be responsible for any debts contracted by Yick Yuen & Co.

July 25, 1905.

au5 MAN CHONG & CO.

Developing and Printing

Blue Printing and Enlargements.

Photo supplies.

FLEMING BROS. 50½ Govt. St.

Build Before Winter

Estimates cheerfully furnished. We can refer you to a large number of well satisfied customers.

We have a large staff of skilled employees and a plant that enables us to do work very reasonably.

Job work carefully attended to.

Agents for the MOORE & WHITTINGTON Lumber Co.

Rough and Dressed Lumber, Shingles, etc., for Sale. Moore & Whittington, Contractors and Builders. Phone A750.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned Company have registered the following as their trade mark, and warn the public against using the same under penalty of the law, viz., Oval Belt, with the words "Victoria Fruit-growers A. & E., Ltd., Victoria, B. C., (Trade Mark Registered)" printed thereon.

New Baltimore
Cove Oysters
Full weight, extra quality.
Half Price Saturday
10c and 20c
MOWAT'S GROCERY, 77 Yates Street

Society

A very enjoyable dance was given on Friday, 28th ult., at "Highlands," the home of Mr. and Mrs. Little, in honor of three charming young ladies, Miss Snow, Miss Payne and Miss Tisdale, of San Francisco.

The driveway leading from Rockland avenue to the house was strung with Chinese lanterns, which gave a fairy-like effect to the beautiful grounds. The supper-room where refreshments were served about midnight, was prettily decorated with pink and white sweet peas, while the other apartments were beautifully done in yellow. Marguerites predominating. Three of these apartments were thrown together by means of folding doors and arches, making a delightful space for dancing, which was heartily participated in. The many cosey corners and nooks made fine sitting out places. Appended is a partial list of invited guests:

Mrs. Gibb, Mrs. Genge, Miss Violet Pooley, Miss A. Pooley, Mrs. Ling, Miss Erskine, Mrs. Bland, Mrs. Watts, Miss E. Loewen, Miss A. Bell, Miss Todd, Miss Wasson, Mrs. Wright, Mrs. Hulton-Harrup, Judge and Mrs. Lampman, Mr. and Mrs. Luxton, Mrs. DuMoulin, Mr. Jack Heyland and Miss Heyland, Miss Hanington, Miss Bullen, Mrs. H. Robertson, Miss Evelyn Tilton, Miss E. Tilton, Miss Phylis Eberts, Miss Violet Powell, Mrs. Langworthy, Mrs. Fordham (Vancouver), Mrs. Rhodes, Mrs. H. Smith, Miss Foster, Miss McDonald, Captain and Mrs. Bunbury, Miss Dorothy Beanlands, Miss Katie Gaudin, Miss Nelly Mara, Mrs. Williams, the Misses Butchart, Mrs. Butchart, Miss Patty Drake, Mrs. F. Barnard, Miss Daisy Langley, the Misses Monteith, Miss Snow, Miss Tisdale, Miss Holmes, Mr. and Mrs. Cobbett, Mr. Hills, Mr. Lane, Mr. Boscowitz, Mr. T. Cornwall, Mr. Genge, Mr. Rithet, Mr. H. Pooley, Mrs. Pooley, Mr. Campbell Brady, Mr. Foote, Mr. Innes, Captain Watts, Miss Keefer, Mr. Percy and Mr. Cuthbert Keefer, Mr. and Mrs. Taylor, Dr. Robertson, Mr. H. Robertson, Captain Popham, Mr. Geary, Mr. H. Harrup, Mr. Yates, Mr. Thompson, Mr. W. Langley, Mr. Gillespie, Mr. Bell, Mr. Langworthy, Mr. B. Prior, Mr. Jack Musgrave, Mr. Twigg, Mr. O'Reilley, Captain Wright, Mr. A. Gore, Mr. McHenry, Mr. Bruce Irving, Mr. Willie Irving, Mr. Hornbury, Mr. Bullen, Mr. Babcock, Mr. D. Rogers, Mr. Hanington, Mr. Jack Cambie, Mr. Schofield, Mr. Morris, Mr. Whiting, Mr. Fall, Mr. Douglas Hunter, Captain Williams, Mr. Kingswell, Mr. Lawson, Mr. Muskett, the Misses Muskett, Mr. Monteith, Mr. Pitts, Mr. Garnet, Mr. G. Hunter, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Troup, Mr. Cobbett and others.

* * *

The wedding of Mr. George Lloyd and Miss Kate Furness, second daughter of Mrs. G. Furness, a well-known resident of Salt Spring Island, which was solemnized at the St. Francis hotel on Wednesday, was a very pretty one. The hotel parlor, which was kindly placed at their disposal, was beautifully decorated with flowers and palms. The bride's dress was a pretty cream voile over white trimmed with applique and all over lace. Her hat was of white chiffon with ostrich plumes. Her sister, the bridesmaid, wore lavender silk with black picture hat. The bride's mother was dressed in black silk. Rev. G. K. B. Adams officiated, while Mr. G. Rivers played Mendelssohn's Wedding March. The groom's present to the bride and bridesmaid was a diamond initial brooch. Numerous other presents are forthcoming from different parts. Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd leave Victoria on Monday for a tour of the Coast cities, after which they will make their home in Kamloops, where Mr. Lloyd is train inspector for the C.P.R.

* * *

"Mount Joy," the residence of Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Pemberton, was the the scene of an informal dance on Thursday night at which about thirty couples participated. It was given in honor of Mrs. Pemberton's guest, Mrs. Roper of Kamloops. The beautiful grounds with their profusion of flowers representing almost every climate, was lighted with myriads of Chinese lanterns, making a striking effect. Indoors the dancing and reception rooms were decorated with banks of magnificent dahlias and other choice flowers, while the supper-room was a dream of loveliness, the large round table then being so artistically done in pink sweet peas, gypsophila and silver. Light refreshments were served here about midnight. Sitting-out places were found in comfortable lawn chairs outside. The dresses of the ladies were particularly handsome, especially those worn by Mrs. Robin Dunsmuir and Mrs. Bromley.

* * *

The event of the week in society was the lawn tennis tournament which has been fairly well attended throughout, principally by the elite of Victoria and its visitors. The marquee at the farther end of the grounds where refreshing tea was served each day was well patronized both by players and visitors. The following ladies kindly acted as hostesses each day:

Monday—Mrs. F. Barnard; Tuesday, Mrs. Prior and Mrs. Lampman; Wednesday, Mrs. Pooley; Thursday, Mrs. Rithet and Mrs. Genge; Friday, Mrs. Jas. Dunsmuir; Saturday, Mrs. Langworthy, Mrs. Bell, Miss Pemberton, Mrs. Rhodes, Mrs. H. Barnard and Mrs. W. H. Beaven.

* * *

Cordova Bay has a smaller population under canvas this year than for the past few seasons, owing no doubt, to the distance being so great from town and the lack of conveyance. Amongst the summer residents is Mr. Chris Spencer and family, who is now occupying a commodious new cottage built under the shade of some fine trees, with a wide verandah jutting out almost over the beach. Mr. Norris is also in a cosy cottage near by, while Rev. Mr. and Mrs. McCoy and family, Mrs. Carthew and family, Mrs. Kent and family, Mrs. Peters and family, and several others have their tents pitched under a delightful shade at the water's edge.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Senator Avery, of Troy, Missouri, with their son and daughter, who have been the guests here of Mrs. Avery's sister and her husband, Mr. and Mrs. Ellis of Menzies street, left on Monday for California via Portland, to visit the fair. They intend journeying as far as the Yosemite Valley, taking in all places of interest en route, after which they will make a tour through Colorado. Miss Avery, who on her return will attend the State University at Colombo, is a gold medallist of Buchanan College, Troy, and an accomplished elocutionist. They were all highly delighted with Victoria and say that they will surely return.

Mrs. Berkeley, who is camping at a beautiful spot on Kanaka Point, gave a delightful reception to a large number of her city friends at her camp on Tuesday afternoon. Amongst the invited guests were the following: Mrs. W. S. Gore, Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Gore, Mrs. Sydney Gibbs, Mrs. Gordon Gibbs, Mrs. Griffiths, Mrs. James Raymur, Mrs. Whitehead, Mrs. Campbell, Mrs. Carmichael, Miss Elinor Hanington, Mr. Darrel Hanington and many others.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. McPhillips gave a small but very enjoyable dinner party at "Clonmore," their beautiful residence, Rockland avenue, on Monday evening. The different rooms were artistically decorated with choice flowers. Amongst the invited guests were Judge and Mrs. Irving, Mr. and Mrs. Eberts, and Judge and Mrs. Perdue of Winnipeg.

* * *

Miss Reekie, who has been spending Several weeks here with her sister, Mrs. Muirhead of Michigan street, left last week for a trip to Alaska. Miss Reekie will return for a short stay in Victoria before leaving for her home in Detroit, Michigan.

* * *

Miss Wald, who has been visiting at Captain Newby's, Rithet street for several weeks, returned to her home in Seattle on Tuesday. Miss Millie Newby accompanied her and will make a short visit with Miss Wald as well as other friends in Seattle.

* * *

Mrs. Watts left on Saturday for Vancouver, where she will be joined later by Captain Watts. After a short stay there they proceed to Halifax, their new place of residence. Their many friends will very much regret their departure, as both were very popular.

* * *

Mrs. J. E. MacRae, of Vancouver, is at present the guest of Mrs. David Miller, Victoria Crescent. Mrs. MacRae spent several weeks with her husband at Sooke, where as manager of the Malcolm Cannery Co., he is looking after their interests.

* * *

Mrs. Morrow of New Westminster, who with her family, has spent a month here visiting her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gill, of Catherine street, leaves early next week for her home.

* * *

Mrs. (Dr.) Campbell and family returned from the East last week. Mrs. Campbell has been making an extended visit with her mother, Mrs. Forin of Belleville, Ontario.

* * *

Amongs others under canvas at this beautiful resort which is almost under the shadow of Mount Tzouhelam, are Mrs. Ashdown Green, with her two sons and tutor, Mr. and Mrs. Bagett and family, Mr. and Mrs. Parry and others.

* * *

Miss Lena Chambers, who has been spending her holidays at Alert Bay, with her parents, returned to Victoria on Thursday. Miss Gertie Chambers accompanied her sister and will attend school here.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John Grant of St. Charles street, accompanied by their daughter, Miss Lillie Grant, left on Friday for a week at Portland.

* * *

The many friends of Dr. C. M. and Mrs. Jones will be pleased to know that they are now journeying homewards and will reach Victoria about the middle of the month.

* * *

Miss Tilton, of Victoria, is the guest of Mr. J. Maitland Dougall and family at Cowichan Bay, where they are spending their holidays in a pretty rustic cottage newly erected by them there.

* * *

Mrs. Peake of Battery street, with her child, is visiting friends in Vancouver. She is the guest of Mr. and Miss Robinson, Thurlow street.

* * *

Rev. W. L. and Mrs. Clay, with their family, left on Tuesday for a two weeks' holiday at Shawnigan Lake They are guests at the Koenig hotel.

* * *

Miss Potts of the High School teaching staff, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Robertson of Quamichan Lake, has returned home.

* * *

Mrs. Reynolds of Victoria, is spending the summer at Duncans. She is occupying Mr. Ashdown Green's house there.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Campbell are amongst the Victorians now in Portland visiting the fair.

* * *

Mrs. MacGowan of Seattle, is here visiting her sister, Mrs. A. Cameron of Esquimalt.

* * *

Mrs. McLean of Vancouver, is visiting Mrs. McKilligan, Rockland avenue. avenue.

* * *

Mrs. (Dr.) Lewis Hall spent a few days rusticating at Duncans last week.

ENTIRELY DIFFERENT.

Coughs, hoarseness and all irritations or weaknesses of the throat and lungs are quickly relieved and cured by Angier's Emulsion. It benefits the stomach, regulates the bowels and strengthens the entire system. A fifty-cent bottle will demonstrate its good effect. It is acceptable to the most delicate palate or stomach.

Practically Given Away—Twenty dozen Boys' Caps, golf and sailor shapes, 15c each, regular prices 25c and 50c. B. Williams & Company. *

NO. 39 HERE.

Former Torpedo Boat, Now Steamer Royal City, Visited Victoria.

The steamer Royal City, a long, low, rakish craft with two smokestacks, was in port yesterday. The Royal City, now owned by W. J. Fader of New Westminster, was formerly torpedo boat 39 of the Esquimalt station, and was sold under the hammer, together with her sister vessel, No. 40, when the station was abandoned. No. 40 is now known as the steamer Albatross of Nanaimo. The Royal City was en route from San Juan to New Westminster.

SUREST CURE FOR COLDS.

"It is with pleasure that I certify to the wonderful success of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine as a cure for colds. It is the best and surest treatment for coughs and colds that we have ever been able to find."—Mrs. Geo. Good, Tichberne, Addington Co., Ont.

The Stage

Having settled the plans for the coming season for some twenty odd stars, both American and English; arranged for the immediate future of his five London theatres and those in New York, scoured the foreign play market, and with trunks full of manuscript, Mr. Charles Frohman returned to New York Wednesday night on the Kronprinz Wilhelm.

"In London, beginning in the autumn, I will have practical control of five leading theatres, nine English stars, tours through England of more than twenty companies and the appearance there at the beginning of the season of three American stars, and interchanging between both countries. I am arranging to send several of my stars and companies from this country for a brief stay in London, and the same with some of my London companies to New York, making what I hope will prove a most interesting theatrical season.

"The Empire Theatre here will begin its season with Mr. John Drew, whom I shall present in a new play by Mr. Augustus Thomas. Miss Margaret Dale will continue as his leading woman. Following Mr. Drew will come Miss Maude Adams' season in the Barrie play, 'Peter Pan.' During rehearsals Mr. Barrie proposes to come to New York. The piece is in nine scenes and will require a company of seventy.

"Mr. N. C. Godwin's appearance in 'Beauty and the Barge" will afford his audiences an opportunity of again seeing him in what is called a low comedy character, brimming over with fun.

"Miss Ethel Barrymore will also appear this season in a Barrie play. After her California tour she will appear at the Hudson in 'Alice-Sit-by-the Fire.' I shall produce on the same evening Mr. Barrie's one act play, 'Pantaloon,' in which Mr. Lionel Barrymore will be starred.

"Mr. Sothern and Miss Marlowe return in four weeks for rehearsals of 'The Taming of the Shrew,' 'Twelfth Night' and 'The Merchant of Venice,' in which I will present them at the Knickerbocker in November. At the end of the season here they will appear in London.

"For Miss Virginia Harned I have a new and original play by Mr. Henry Arthur Jones, which will be produced at the Hudson Theatre. This production will follow 'Man and Superman' at that theatre, in which Mr. Robert Lorraine is to star and in whose tour I am interested.

"The reappearance of Miss Edna May at Daly's Theatre on September 4, supported by an English company, will be in 'The Catch of the Season.' A novelty with this company will be a dozen Parisian dancing and singing girls. Mr. William Crane, in the new American play by Messrs. Broadhurst and Danzey, 'An American Lord,' will be seen in New York in January.

"A new comeday for Mr. Francis Wilson will be produced in New York during the winter. An American one act play called 'The Little Father of the Wilderness' I am producing in London in September.

"I shall produce at the Criterion Theatre in January the dramatic play which was successful in Paris, called 'La Belle Marseillaise,' and shall follow it with a Comedie Francaise sensation, 'The Duel.'

"Mr. George Ade is to deliver to me his new play, 'The 'Varsity Man,' on August 1, in which Mr. Joseph Wheelock, Jr., is to star. I have also for production here a new poetical play called 'Mizpah,' by Ella Wheeler Wilcox and Luscombe Searle, and a new comedy by Mr. H. V. Esmond, Mr. William Gillette's new play, Clarice,' I will first produce in England, opening at the Shakespeare Theatre, Liverpool, September 4, for one week, and then go to London. Miss Marie Doro will play the title role.

"Mr. Willitm Collier, who has had great success in London, will remain there. I have arranged to make all the productions at the Comedy Theatre, London, for the next three years, and after 'The Dictator,' Mr. Collier will play 'On the Quiet,' to be followed by Mr. Richard Harding Davis' play, 'The War Correspondent.'

"Messrs. Clyde Fitch and Willis Steele have delivered to me their dramatization of 'Wolfville.' I have another play, the combined work of Messrs. Julian Lemaitre and Jerome K. Jerome, produced in French at the Renaissance Theatre, Paris. I have arranged with Mr. Robert Marshall for the American rights of all his plays for the next three years. I have a new play by Mr. Alfred Sutro, author of 'The Walls of Jericho,' which is to be produced at the Imperial Theatre, London, in October, called 'The Way of a Fool,' and also Mr. Sutro's play 'Mollentrave on Women.'

"Messrs. Paul Potter and George Horace Lorrimer are dramatizing the latter's book, 'The Letters of a Self-Made Merchant to His Son,' and I have a new play by the author of 'The Marriage of Kitty,' called 'Paris and New York;' also a play by A. E. W. Mason, called 'Marjory Strode,' which I shall produce in America and England; also a comedy which is to be produced in September in London, called 'Doctor Wake's Patient,' and a new comedy called 'All of a Sudden Peggy,' by Ernest Denny. In the latter piece Miss Fay Davis will star.

"The night before sailing I arranged with Mr. Georges Feydeau, author of 'The Gay Parisians,' fr his farcial play, 'The Duchess of Folies Bergere,' which is to be arranged for the English and American stage by Mr. Paul M. Potter, who returned here with me. This play with music is for Miss Hattie Williams' starring tour in December.

"Of Mr. C. M. S. McLellan's new comedy, 'On the Love Path,' I have the American rights. I have also a comedy success of the Athenee Theatre, Paris, 'The Heart of a Sparrow,' and it is being adapted by Mr. Cosmo Gordon Lennox. A company of actors numbering sixteen and headed by Mr. William Reeves, in 'The Humming Birds,' will appear in connection with one of my musical plays.

"Other musical plays I have obtained are 'La Petite Boheme,' a new musical piece being written by Pixley & Luders, and another called 'The Beauty of Bath,' in which Miss Ellaline Terriss and Mr. Seymour Hicks will come to New York next year. While they are here Sam Bernard and 'The Rollicking Girl' will replace them in London. A musical play called 'Our Girl' I produce at the Herald Square Theatre this season, and I have a new musical piece by Mr. Owen Hall. Mr Maurice Ordonneau is writing the book of a new musical play for Miss Edna May.

"Sir Charles Wyndham and Miss Mary Moore to return to America after the New Year for a fifteen weeks' tour. Sir Henry Irving comes a year from next October for his farewell tour, under my direction, and Mr. John Hare will also be seen here that season.

* * *

Rostand announces for the winter a four-act play, "Chanteclere," in which all the characters are either birds or animals. Coquelin will play a great dog. He got the idea not from Aristophanes' "Birds," but from a novel which Goethe wrote on the basis of the old French "Tale of the Fox." The dramatist is busy in Paris buying old books, literally by the yard, "like a nouveau riche," he says, "for there is no choicer decoration for walls or corners than the dignified dinginess of weather-beaten tomes."

* * *

When Mme. Ella Russell, the English prima donna, was recently in Madrid, she received every day at her hotel a neat little parcel of cakes. They were good cakes, but not out of the ordinary, and never once was there a line or word about the packages to give a clew as to the sender. This continued up to the last night she was to sing, and then came the denouement.

As she left the concert hall she was accosted by a small but haughty man, who swung off his great soft hat with a flourish worthy of an ancient Castilian hidalgo.

"Think not, gracious lady," he announced, while Mme. Russell stood silent in very surprise, "that I have failed to see and honor your notice of unworthy me. For twenty nights your voice has charmed me. For twenty nights you have not failed to seek me with those wondrous eyes, in the topmost gallery. For twenty nights I have not slept for the thought of thee. My mother has a bakery here in Madrid. I am mother's only son. And"—here he knelt in the street, his hand upon his heart—"my life and fortune are at your feet."

"Yet I went home," said the songstress.

* * *

"One Day More" is the title of a painful but veracious one-act piece by Joseph Conrad, which was tried in London recently. It seems to be a grim sample of the actualities of life. Old Captain Hagberd, half-crazed by the running away of his son to sea, has been preparing for the return of the prodigal for years, starving himself to ensure a happy home for the wanderer. No one believes that the boy will ever come back except the old man and Bessie Carrill—the patient drudge of a brutal old blind father, who cherishes a dim hope that some day she will be free and the happy bride of Harry Hagbred. The truant does return, but not at all after the way of theatrical convention. Stranded, with a companion, he seeks his home in the hope of extorting money. His father, contrary to all stage precedent, does not recognize him in the least, but takes him for a village mocker, and drives him from the door. Bessie finds out who he is, and shyly tells him the plans that have been made for him on his return. But the lad, a born rover, turns with disgust from the thought of house and wife. Not for him the landsman's "rabbit-hutch! Not for him the marriage tie, when all the girls in all the ports will give him their kisses and then let him go free! Poor Bessie tries her little artless wiles on him, but he is heartless. He half coaxes, half bullies her into giving him money to take back to his mate, rudely kisses her, and makes off, singing a sailor's chanty. And so old Hagberd never knows that his son came back, and Bessie returns to her servitude, with no more pleasant dreams to solace her. It is a bitter little story, but the originality and truth of it mark it as something quite different from the ordinary sentimental unrealities of the stage.

* * *

Another stock company is to be established in New York next season. The quality of it is an unknown quantity as yet, but the Shuberts, who are the managers, promise that it shall be good. This is agreeable news, as far as it goes, although the term "stock company" does not signify now all that it meant thirty or forty years ago. The new organization is to have its home at the Princess Theatre, and is to be headed by Miss Margaret Anglin, a Canadian actress of uncommon ability, and Mr. Henry Miller, an experienced performer, also a Canadian. "Zira," a play already presented by Miss Anglin on the Pacific Coast, will be the first production, and will be followed by various new American plays. Mr. Miller, in addition to appearing in such parts as may suit him, will be permanent stage director.

NERVOUS, SICK HEADACHE

Mr. O. Barber, Simcoe, Ont., writes: "I was troubled for a long time with headaches, which would come on about once a week with such violence that I could not eat or do my work. I tried headache powders and quick cures, which did no good. About eight months ago I took six bottles of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and I have not been troubled with headache since."

Style and Fit—All newest shapes in Linen Collars, two for 25c. B. Williams & Company. *

THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office,
Victoria, August 5—8 p. m.

SYNOPSIS.

As the barometer has risen considerably over the North Pacific slope, the present fine weather is likely to continue for several days. The temperature has risen again between the ranges and southward to California. Fine warm weather continues in the Territories and Manitoba.

TEMPERATURE.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	55	70
Vancouver	59	78
New Westminster	58	78
Kamloops	66	90
Barkerville	42	70
Dawson, Y. T.	44	74
Calgary, Alta.	44	..
Winnipeg, Man.	58	76
Portland, Ore.	56	86
San Francisco, Cal.	54	70

FORECASTS

For 24 hours from 5 a. m. (Pacific time) Sunday:

Victoria and vicinity: Winds mostly light in force; fine today and Monday; stationary or higher temperature.

Lower Mainland: Continued fine today and Monday; stationary or higher temperature.

VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.

Report for 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Observations taken daily at 5 a. m., noon and 5 p. m.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 5.

	Deg.		Deg.
5 a.m.	56	Mean	62
Noon	68	Highest	70
5 p.m.	70	Lowest	55

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:

5 a.m. .... Calm.
Noon .... 6 miles southeast.
5 p.m. .... 4 miles southwest.

Average state of weather—Fine.
Rain—Trace.
Sunshine—11 hours 30 minutes.
Barometer at noon—Observed.......30.096
Corrected.......30.105

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Barometer at 5 p.m.—Corrected......30.04

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, Better Than Three Doctors.

"Three years ago we had three doctors with our little boy and everything that they could do seemed in vain. At last when all hope seemed to be gone we began using Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and in a few hours he began to improve. Today he is as healthy a child as parents could wish for. We feel that we can not afford to be without this medicine in our home."—Mrs. B. J. Johnston, Linton, Miss. This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

Seen the letters in the papers? Bathing Suits, 50c, 75c $1, at B. Williams & Company. *

GILLETT'S
HIGH GRADE
CREAM TARTAR
ABSOLUTELY PURE.
SOLD IN PACKAGES AND CANS.
Same Price as the cheap adulterated kinds.
E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

Those who have never seen the coffee roasting process in all its phases may now have an opportunity of doing so at Messrs. Hallam & Wyndam, 83 Douglas street, have installed in their window a miniature roasting machine, which they propose setting in operation every Saturday evening, in actual roasting for the benefit of the public. Last evening their store front was crowded with people anxious to see the process of coffee roasting in operation.

Family scales that weigh up to 10 lbs. with no loose weights. Price $4. Scales to weigh up to four pounds in ¼ ounces. Price $4, at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas st. *

Seasonable and Safe—Natural Wool Underwear, only $1.50, at B. Williams & Company. *

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, Aug. 5.—Prices lost ground in the early trading today, and did not entirely recover in the stiffening which followed the bank statement. The early selling was precautionary on account of intimations that the banking operations of the week had become complicated as to leave the effect on the daily average unusually obscure for estimating. The bank statement showed all of the expected decrease in cash, but the moderate loan expansion of $1,316,300 proved much less formidable than had been anticipated. It was sufficient, however, to cross by a margin of a couple of hundred thousand dollars the largest previous record touched by the New York clearing house bank loans in October of last year. The surplus reserve item at the same time is reduced to $12,163,525, compared with $50,308,850 at this time last year, and $21,287,075 two years ago. This showing explains the undercurrent of anxiety regarding the money outlook at the period of the interior demand for currency approaching. The movements of the day were trivial throughout. U. S. Steel pfd. was notably firm and touched 105, thus extending by ¼ the margin of its record price. The fact that the quarterly dividend is to come off the price of the stock on Monday was offered to explain its firmness. Prices generally closed at insignificant fractional declines.

Total sales of bonds, par value, $1,928,000.

We must make room, therefore $10 Flannel Suits now $5. B. Williams & Company. *

Whilst They Last—100 Men's Odd Suits, now half price, at B. Williams & Company. *

Fifty Youths' Suits, sizes 33 to 35, one-fifth off for cash at B. Williams & Company. *

P. R. Brown Co., Ltd
30 BROAD STREET.

FOR SALE—Esquimalt road, 5 roomed cottage; new, fine garden. $1,300. (570).

FOR SALE—5 roomed modern cottage; two lots; 50 fruit trees in bearing; two minutes' walk from tram line. $2,100. Terms.

FOR SALE—Fruit orchard, 12 acres, 5 acres under fruit; good dwelling; excellent situation. (3090).

FOR SALE—12 acres partly improved, near the famous Palmer orchard. Cheap. (3070).

FOR SALE—Gordon Head, 18 acres, dwelling, barn, etc.; would make fine fruit farm. (3090).

FOR SALE—Near centre of city, 7 roomed dwelling; modern; easy terms; interest at 4 per cent. (490)

FOR SALE—Oscar street, full lot and four roomed cottage. $800. (490)

FOR SALE—6 miles from city, 17½ acres, 6 of which are cultivated, balance slashed; no rock; all fenced; excellent fruit soil. Price $3,000.

FOR SALE—Menzies street, James Bay, 2 storey 8 roomed dwelling; all modern conveniences. (490)

FOR SALE—Parry street, James Bay, 6 roomed cottage; all modern conveniences. Only $1,900. (490)

FOR SALE—Princes street, James Bay, new bungalow, five rooms, bath and pantry; all modern conveniences. $2,100. Terms to suit.

FOR SALE—Oak Bay avenue, near Rockland avenue, 2 choice lots. $750. (2.50)

FOR SALE—Toronto street, cottage of five rooms, $1275. (530)

FOR SALE—Oak Bay avenue, 3 lots and large bungalow. (530)

FOR SALE—Douglas Gardens; the only choice lots on the market. Price and terms on application.

FOR SALE—Burns avenue, corner, 7-roomed dwelling, with cellar and attic, nice garden with 6 fruit trees in bearing; open to offer.

FOR SALE—Four miles from town, 20 acres, of which 12 acres are cultivated, balance light timber, principally oak; orchard of 140 fruit trees in bearing; 5-roomed cottage, brick dairy, large barn, three wells of excellent water; good roads. Price and terms on application.

FOR SALE—20 acres, all under cultivation; 3 roomed house, also barn, stable and chicken house. Price $2,700. Terms.

FOR SALE—Pandora street, 10-roomed dwellings, all modern conveniences; $2,500.

FOR SALE—4 1-4 acres under grass; last year's crop of hay sold for $105; taxes $6 per year; a good investment at $1,050.

FOR SALE—Water lot and dwelling, near the new C. P. R. wharf, James Bay; price and terms on application.

FOR SALE—Fort street, near Linden avenue, 10-roomed dwelling, double front lot; well situated for private boarding house.

FOR SALE—Esquimalt road, with frontage on beach, ½ acre and 8-roomed house, $2,500; terms.

FOR SALE—240 acres, Lake District, excellent fruit soil, plenty of water; only $3,600.

FOR SALE—Yates street, between Vancouver and Cook streets, 4-roomed cottage, and stable. $1,500.

FOR SALE—Saanich District, 20 acres, all under cultivation, small dwelling, barn, stable, etc. $2,700. Terms.

JUST ISSUED—Revised list of farms for sale in all parts of the province; call or write for one.

MONEY TO LOAN. FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS
TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

Rochussen & Colls, 7 Yates St., Tel 374. Mining and Saw Mill Machinery and Supplies; Steam Shovels, Pumps, Oil and Gasoline Engines, Marine and Stationary.

FOR SALE—Two good family cows, gentle, grey Jerseys, one hornless. P. O. Box 112. au6

WANTED—Girl to help in house; small family. Inquire at No. 287 Yates street, any forenoon.

FOR SALE—Good work horse. Apply to S. Walker, Gordon Head. au6

FOR SALE—Ten tons of good oat hay. H. O. Case, Strawberry Vale. au6

TO LET—Unfurnished cottage, $7 per month. A. Williams, 104 Yates. au6

TO RENT—80 acre farm, with 20 acres cleared land, all fenced; splendid spring of water; good 4 roomed cottage; chicken house, etc.; 15 acres of good crop. $10 a month; immediate possession. Owner going away. A tremendous bargain. Apply Browne & Kennedy, office, 8 Store street. au6

WANTED—Man and wife want positions as gardener or groom; wife as indoor servant. Box 118 this office. au6

FOR SALE—Good gentle family horse. Box 117 Colonist. au6

FOR SALE—Near Victoria West post office, two lots, each 70x150 feet; cleared, fenced; fruit trees; water laid on. $600 cash for the two. Address Box 116 Colonist office. au6

LOST—On Saturday, August 5, about 1 o'clock, several $5 notes, supposed to have been dropped on Government street. Mrs. Parry, Glendaig, Esquimalt road. au6

WANTED—Strong girl to do plain cooking and care for aged lady, day time. Apply 26 Fourth street. au6

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred Irish setter pups, 6 months old. S. Creech, 187 Upper Pandora. au6

PT. TOWNSEND HOTEL AUCTION—Will sell on premises, 3 p. m. Saturday, August 12, at public auction, to the highest bidder, positively without reserve and regardless of cost, a fine large hotel of nearly 200 rooms at Port Townsend, Washington, new and never been opened as yet; 22 acres of land with large frontage on bay. Hotel commands the grandest mountain and marine views in this country; cost over $100,000 to build. Send for circular to J. S. Rogers, Port Townsend, Washington, the Real Estate Auctioneers, Haynes-Cowen Company, Seattle, Washington. au6

FOUND—A lady's light jacket, in the Sandringham tea rooms, View street. Owner may have same by paying for this advertisement at the Colonist office. au6

A. HARRIS—Yacht, Launch, Boat Builder; Boats to Hire. 55 Work St., Rock Bay, Victoria, B. C. au6

TO LET—Large front room, neatly furnished. 170 Johnson street. Phone B906. au6

FOR SALE—Young cow, just calved. For terms, etc., apply to Mrs. Jacques, Canteen road, Esquimalt. au6

FOR SALE—Cheap, horse and harness; also road cart. Apply Box 119 Colonist. au6

LOST—A small black purse, with chain attached, aboard SS. City of Nanaimo, Saturday, August 5. Finder kindly leave same at Colonist office. au6

DIAMONDS

BEFORE PURCHASING try my prices. Great bargains in unredeemed pledges. A. A. Aaronson, Pawnbroker.

HAMMERLESS, 10 bore, Parker; cost $60; sell for $20. A. A. Aaronson, the Pawnbroker.

A FAIR DOUBLE BARREL HAMMERless shot gun, 12 bore, Damascus steel barrels, Greener make. Only $50. A. A. Aaronson, the Pawnbroker.

TRANSIT, Gurley, $100, also fine sight compass, $35. A. A. Aaronson, the Pawnbroker.

SET ELECTRICAL BOOKS, cost $15, sell for $20. (Thompson). A. A. Aaronson, the Pawnbroker.

VIOLINS—Some fine old ones from $10 to $50. A. A. Aaronson, the Pawnbroker.

GOLD WATCHES, very cheap; also silver. A. A. Aaronson, the Pawnbroker.

30x30 RIFLE, $10; 44 rifle, with 3.50, sight $8.50. A. A. Aaronson, the Pawnbroker.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Board for a transfer of my liquor license for the sale of wines and liquors by retail on the premises known as the Strand Hotel, Victoria, to Charles Hy. Wright and John Randberg.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1905.
jy21 W. H. SHEWEN.

NOTICE is hereby given that we intend to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Board for a transfer of our liquor license for the sale of wines and liquors by retail on the premises known as the Rock Bay Hotel, corner Bridge and Work streets, Victoria city, to Neils Hansen.

Victoria, B. C., July 26, 1905. au2
D. ARNASON.
au3 A. J. ARNASON.

IN THE MATTER of the Estate of James Allan Grahame, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the "Trustees and Executors Act" that all creditors of the Estate of the said deceased are required on or before the 9th August, 1905, to send particulars of their claims, duly verified, to the undersigned, solicitors for Mary Grahame, who has been appointed executrix of the said estate, and all persons indebted to the said estate are required to pay such indebtedness to the undersigned forthwith.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 8th day of July, A. D. 1905.

DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN,
20 Bastion Street, Victoria, B. C., Solicitors for the Executrix. jy9

NICOLA AND PRINCETON

Royal Mail, Express and Stage Lines.

Leave SPENCES BRIDGE—Every Thursday for Nicola Lake, Kamloops, Princeton and way points at 6 a. m.

Leave KAMLOOPS—Every Monday for Nicola and Spences Bridge at 6 a. m.

Leave PRINCETON—Every Sunday at 6 a. m., arriving Spences Bridge on Tuesday at 6 p. m.

Leave NICOLA—Every Tuesday and Friday for Spences Bridge at 6 a. m.; every Friday for Princeton at 6 a.m.

Special trips made by appointment. Telephone connection with Kamloops.

M. P. STEWART, Proprietor,
Nicola Lake, B. C.

NOTICE.

Pursuant to the "Trustees and Executors Act."

ESTATE OF FRANCIS CREMER.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all creditors and other persons having claims against the estate of the late Francis Cremer of Ross Bay, Victoria, B. C., who died at Victoria aforesaid on the twentieth day of June, 1905, Probate of whose Will was granted to Doctor Roderick L. Fraser and Sidney Shore, both of Victoria aforesaid, the Executors therein named, on the third day of July, 1905, are HEREBY required to send particulars in writing of their claims (verified by a Statutory Declaration) to the undersigned on or before the tenth day of August, 1905, after which date the Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which the said Executors have then had notice, and they will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed, to any person of whose claim the said Executors have not had notice at the time of distribution.

The persons indebted to the said estate are required to pay their accounts to the undersigned at once.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 5th day of July, 1905.

FELL & GREGORY,
Chancery Chambers,
Victoria, B. C.,
jy6 Solicitors for the Executors.

HOTEL DIRECTORY

VICTORIA

COMMERCIAL HOTEL—118 Douglas St. Rooms to let for housekeeping from $1 up.

THE DOMINION—Victoria, B. C. Only modern first-class hotel in the city. Rates $1.50 per day and upwards. S. Jones, proprietor.

THE GORDON—Yates Street. First class in every respect. Fifty spacious, home like rooms. Terms very moderate. Mrs. J. Aberdeen Gordon, proprietress. Tel. 1018. P. O. Box 49.

VERNON HOTEL—Victoria's leading commercial and tourist hotel. First class in every respect. Rates $2 up.

HOTEL SIDNEY — Only seventeen miles from Victoria. One of the most attractive resorts on Vancouver Island; good roads, fine boating, two-mile beach, view unsurpassed. Hotel rates, $1.50 per day. William Jensen, proprietor.

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL—Corner Johnson and Store streets. Bar supplied with best brands of wines, liquors and cigars. Good rooms in connection Open day and night. Lorenzo Reda, proprietor.

REVERE HOUSE—First class furnished rooms and table board that can be recommended. Telephone connection. No. 105 Pandora avenue. my3

VANCOUVER

THE COMMERCIAL—Turkish baths; best $2 a day house in the city. Prescott & Heywood, proprietors. je23

HOTEL DOMINION—Abbott Street, Vancouver, B. C. Convenient to railway and wharves. Rates, $1.25, $1.50. Free 'bus to and from all trains and boats. F. Baynes, proprietor.

HOTEL LELAND — Corner Granville and Hastings streets; one block from depot and steamship wharves; $2 a day.

STRAND HOTEL—European and American plans. Rates moderate. First-class rooms and cafe in connection. One block from depot and steamboat wharves.

HOTEL NORTH VANCOUVER—New and up-to-date; rates $2.00 per day. Special rates for families and regular boarders. Finest summer resort on the Coast. Ferry service every hour to and from this hotel, foot of Carrall street. P. Larson, Proprietor. my12

AGASSIZ

HOTEL BELLA VISTA—Tourists' and sportsmen's headquarters. Five miles from Harrison Hot Springs. Rates $1.50 to $2.00 per day, or $8.00 per week. Mrs. Probert, proprietress. C. Inkman, manager. jy9

ASHCROFT

ASHCROFT — The Grand Central; most convenient hotel in Ashcroft; sample rooms for commercial men; hot and cold baths. Representative meets trains and stages. George Ward, proprietor.

TROUT LAKE

COMMERCIAL HOTEL—Best commercial house in town; good sample rooms.

REVELSTOKE

UNION HOTEL — First class $2 per day house. Choice brands liquors and cigars. J. Haughton, proprietor.

GRAND FORKS

YALE HOTEL—The leading hotel of the Boundary country; everything first-class. A. Traunweiser, proprietor.

LARDO

COMMERCIAL HOTEL — Home for all people traveling to and from Poplar. McLachlan Bros., proprietors.

SCAMOUS

C. P. R. HOTEL—Popular resort for tourists. Good boating and fishing. F. W. Padmore, proprietor.

VERNON

COLDSTREAM HOTEL—Opposite station. Special inducements to commercial travelers.

NELSON

HUME HOTEL—The leading commercial house of the Kootenays. F. Hume, proprietor.

STRATHCONA HOTEL — Strictly first-class; headquarters for tourists doing British Columbia. B. Tompkins, manager.

ROSSLAND

HOTEL ALLEN—Stop at the Hotel Allen, the leading house of Rossland.

NEW WESTMINSTER

HOTEL COLONIAL — Opposite Court House. Best hotel in town. Rates from $1.50 up. John M. Insley, proprietor.

HEDLEY.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL—Headquarters for the prospectors and miners of the Similkameen. Rates $8 per week; board and room, $1.50 per day. H. W. Yates, proprietor. jy30

HOTEL SIMILKAMEEN—The largest and most modern hotel in the Similkameen; all conveniences, electric light, telephone, baths, etc; sample rooms. Rates $2.50 per day. A. McDermott, proprietor. jy30

PENTICTON.

THE B. C. HOTEL—Homeseekers will find best accommodation here. New hotel. Rates from $1.00 to $1.50 per day. Percy Marks, proprietor. au1

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at the city of Victoria at their next sitting as a Licensing Court, for a transfer of the license now held by me for the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors, by retail, upon the premises situated on the northeast corner of Douglas and Cormorant streets, and known as the "Commercial Hotel," to Arthur Grice, of the city of Victoria.

Dated this 2nd day of August, 1905.
au3 (Signed) JAS. STUCKEY.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

TENDERS FOR DEBENTURES.

TENDERS, sealed and endorsed "Tenders for Debentures," will be received at the office of the undersigned, until Monday, the 18th day of September next, at 4 p. m., for the purchase, in whole or in part, of Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows:

1. Debentures amounting to $100,000.00, issued under authority of the "Sewers Loan Guarantee By-law, 1905," numbered 456, dated the 1st August, 1905, and maturing 1st August, 1955.

2. Debentures amounting to $11,000.00, issued under authority of the "Electric Lighting Loan By-law, 1905," No. 457, dated the 1st August, 1905, and maturing the 1st August, 1915.

Both sets of Debentures are secured upon the credit of the Municipality as a whole: their denominations are No. 1, $1,000.00 each; No. 2, $500.00 each, and they bear interest at 4 per cent. per annum, payable half yearly, the principal and interest being payable at the office of the Bank of British North America, either in Victoria, B. C., Montreal, London, England, or New York, U. S. A.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay. In addition to the net price, the purchaser will have to pay to the Corporation the interest on the said Debentures for the period between the 1st August, 1905, and the date of the receipt of the purchase money by the City Treasurer.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

W. J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.
City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., August 4, 1905. au5

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 6, 1905.

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability.
27 Broad Street Victoria, B.C.
A. G. SARGISON, Managing Director.

COLONIST AGENCIES.

VANCOUVER.....
...W. R. Creech 612 Hastings St.
NEW WESTMINSTER.....
H. Morey & Co., J. J. McKay & Co.
REVELSTOKE.....
Canada Drug & Book Co., J.A.Buckham
KAMLOOPS ..... Smith Bros.
NELSON ..... G. R. Stanley
NANAIMO ..... W. R. Murdock
LADYSMITH ..... J. A. Knight
CHEMAINUS ..... H. Harnell
DUNCANS ..... R. Ventress

VICTORIANS AT THE PORTLAND FAIR.

The Daily Colonist is on sale at Rich's News Stands in all Exhibit Buildings, and on the grounds; also at the "American Inn" News Stand.

THE PROTECTION OF FISH AND GAME ON THE ISLAND.

Referring to the article published in the Times on Friday last with reference to the protection of fish and game on the E. & N. land grant, Mr. J. S. Dennis, assistant to the second vice-president, stated to a Colonist representative that while the facts with reference to the importance of properly protecting the fish and game, as outlined in the article referred to, were in the main correct, an entirely wrong impression was created with reference to the interview had with Premier McBride relative to this matter. At that interview Mr. Dennis pointed out that complaint had been made by the Fish and Game Club and others interested in the matter, that fish and game were being illegally killed, and asked that everything possible be done to stop this illegal killing of game. The Premier stated that all the government agents and constables had strict instructions to rigidly enforce the law, and promised to augment the instructions which they already had with further and definite orders that the illegal killing of fish and game was to be stopped as far as possible; he also promised to clothe any special representatives that the Canadian Pacific Railway Company might find it necessary to appoint with proper authority as provincial constables or game guardians to assist in protecting the fish and game, and the result of the interview was a clear indication that as far as the government are concerned they were doing and were prepared to do everything possible to stop illegal killing of fish and game on the Island.

Everybody must recognize that the sport on Vancouver Island, which has given it a world-wide reputation, will soon be a thing of the past unless the fish and game are properly protected, and considering the interest which the Canadian Pacific Railway Company have in the matter from a tourists' standpoint, it should be readily understood why they are anxious to cooperate with the government and have all possible steps taken to stop any further illegal killing of fish or game.

It is possible, too, that the company may at a later date consider not only the conservation of game in the way indicated, but view with favor the establishing of a game preserve. No indication of their policy in this respect has been made, but in view of their active interest in the general question, it is possible that something in that direction may be done.

THE NELSON CENTENARY.

Elaborate preparations are being made for the celebration of the centenary of Nelson's death, on the 21st of October of this year, and the suggestion has been made that this important anniversary should not be overlooked in Victoria of all places. What particular form a local celebration, if any, will take is not known yet, but we presume the Navy League will have a programme of some kind to propose. One feature of the proposed function is the massing of the school children at some convenient point, and the singing of patriotic and national choruses, etc. Strong objections have been taken to the identification of the children with the glorification of a naval hero, for reasons which have been set forth by representatives of a peace policy. Perhaps not much weight will be given to the objections that have been raised from that point of view; but there are other objections to the proposed plan. There should be an element of voluntariness about whatever is done. Many parents have conscientious scruples about such matters, and their scruples should be respected. Then the anniversary falls upon Saturday, which is a holiday ,and the trouble of getting the children together at the various schools and marching to some central place of meeting is very great, and to little children very trying. That depends for success upon the co-operation of parents and children and teachers. It seems to us that the better way would be to have the celebration, so far as the children are concerned, take the form of an afternoon's entertainment in each of the ward schools, to which parents and friends could be invited, and the participation of children made absolutely a voluntary matter. For this purpose a conference of teachers would be desirable at an early date. The details, if the suggestion were approved, could be worked out among themselves. A few short addresses on the life and exploits of Nelson, recitations and choruses would constitute an enjoyable programme without the worry of making a special day of it. The object of interesting children in the events to be celebrated would be accomplished, and the results would probably be more beneficial, even from the standpoint of those who are most enthusiastic over it. That some effort should be made to emphasize the occasion will be generally conceded.

"Duty" was the watchword of Nelson, and its importance in the carrying out of national as well as individual affairs should be strongly impressed upon the mind of the rising generation. "Thank God," said Nelson as he was dying, "I have done my duty," and we all remember the famous signal, immortalized in song and the pages of history, "England expects that every man will do his duty." On the other hand, while the defenders of the Empire owe a duty to the nation, the nation owes a duty to its great defenders, who gave their lives in our defence, and that is, not to forget their great sacrifice and their great deeds. Nelson stands preeminently out as the representative of our long line of naval hopes, and in honoring him we are honoring the whole line of first defence.

Earl Spencer, speaking upon the subject at the annual general meeting of the Navy Records Society at the Royal United Service Institution, Whitehall, London, said he thought it was right in that centenary year of Trafalgar that they should take notice of that memorable occasion. It struck him as a remarkable thing that it was only after 100 years had passed that any naval battle had occurred in any way comparable with that great fight in which Nelson lost his life. Until the battle in the Sea of Japan, in which the Japanese, under Admiral Togo, met the Russians. There was some resemblance between the two battles, but a great difference. Prior to both, great naval tactical manoeuvres were carried out. Nelson sailed sailed to the West Indies before Trafalgar, and in the same way great preliminary manoeuvres were carried out by Admiral Togo with consummate skill. Both battles were decided by heavy gun-fire. When we consider how their guns were worked and what they did, we find at once one of the greatest differences in naval warfare. Of course, there was a great change in the substitution of steam for sails, but whereas the gunfire which was the chief means of destroying the opposing forces at Trafalgar was delivered at a very short distance, the gunfire which destroyed the Russians was from the tremendous distance of six miles. Great bravery and determination was shown in both battles. The knowledge which the Japanese had gained in regard to manoeuvring their ships, in regard to tactics and to gunfire. was obtained from our navy, to which we are so devoted and of which we may indeed be proud. When we think of that, and when we remember what our fleets are, we may still believe that the excellence of our seamen and the admirable bravery exhibited at Trafalgar still remain in our navy of today. From what we had learned, he was proud to think that still our navy was pre-eminent, not only in the excellence of the officers, but also in the bravery, discipline and good conduct of our crews, and that if ever we had great battles to fight in the future we should find in our sailors the same great qualities which won us the battle of Trafalgar. He trusted that another hundred years, or even more, would elapse before we had to test all that, but he felt confident that we Englishmen might rely on our navy, as we always had relied on it, as the force which would defend this country and our honor, in whatever part of the world we might have to meet the foe.

A "WHITE MAN'S COUNTRY."

A little time ago The Outlook, of London, Eng., commented upon the position taken by the Colonist on the question of the anti-Mongolian legislation passed by the British Columbia Legislature. Further reference was made to the matter by this paper, and in the way of reply we have the following from The Outlook in its issue of July 23rd ult.:

"That British Columbia, which lies entirely within the temperate zone, ought to be a "white" country will not be denied by any reasonable person. The policy of a "White Australia" is not so easily defensible, since a considerable portion of the island-continent has a tropical climate and can never be developed by white labor, but no such considerations prevent us from accepting the political theory of a "white" British Columbia. Nevertheless we still think that the provincial government has chosen an impracticable method of giving effect to the wishes of the whole community. The acts of the local Legislature, which have been disallowed by the Dominion government, place Japanese and Chinamen on the same footing, and, for that reason, and for no other, are regarded as a grave breach of international good manners by the great power to which the hegemony of the east has fallen. The disappearance of the Japanese emigrant from the Pacific slope—not only in British Columbia but also in the Pacific States his presence is undesired and undesirable—can only be safely brought about by friendly negotiations between Canada (through her "best friend," Great Britain) and the United States on the one hand, and the Japanese government on the other. Japan is anxious that every man of her surplus population should help to strengthen her position in Korea, Sakhalien and Formosa, or in her Manchurian sphere of commercial influence. She is unwilling to squander her reserves of man-power in building up America beyond the Rockies. The time will come when a modus vivendi can be amicably arranged, and British Columbia must await the psychological moment with the patience which is so great a part of statesmanship."

One cannot, of course, anticipate what this modus vivendi will be, and we have to assume that the editor of The Outlook is taking on the role of the prophet. We believe, however, that the time will come very soon when an amicable arrangement will be entered into between Great Britain and Japan, as well as China, for the mutual regulation of immigration that will be satisfactory to both, and the wonder is that the Dominion and Imperial governments have not taken the preliminary steps long ago.

We tried to point out on a previous occasion that the solution of the question did not depend upon the quality of races or nations, but upon a physical fact that different races of people do not assimilate to advantage with each other. The resultant stock is inferior to either branches of the original stock, and in time there is a complete reversion of the original types. We need not dwell upon what is well-known. The members of the human race, while they may possess the same kind of soul for aught anybody knows, are essentially different in their physical characteristics. In other words, the teachings of nature are that races of men should occupy different spheres of influence. It may be, and probably is, true that climate and physiographical conditions have marked out the limits of their possessions and habitation, and that on account of these, through long ages of adaptation, races have come to be distinguished as they are. In other words, through the continued operation of environment upon men within a prescribed habitat there have been pronounced permanent race differences which cannot be obliterated without reversing the process throughout a period so long as that which was necessary to create existing types. If the world continues for thousands of years longer without change in its present conditions it may be demonstrated that races given best survive in the physical zones that produced them, and that despite the colonizing efforts of great powers, and the influence of human cults upon peoples, Nature will readjust the distribution of races upon its own original lines—that man in the end will be bound to respect the degrees of Nature in this respect, and that the black man and the yellow man and the white man and the brown man will in the long run dominate the lands in which history found them.

This is a theory, of course, with which practical diplomacy will not trouble itself, but at all events it suggests the solution of a very knotty problem. At the time the commission with respect to Oriental immigration sat in Victoria a suggestion was made, we think, by Mr. W. H. Ellis, who was acting for the provincial government in carrying out the Provincial Immigration Act, that treaty arrangements should be made between the governments of Great Britain and Japan, and also between Great Britain and China, for reciprocity in emigration. That is to say, the same condition and destrictions should exist in China and Japan as here, or throughout the Empire. Such an arrangement places each country upon an equality, and involves no loss of dignity on the part of either party to the treaty. Morover, it recognizes what all nations concerned must realize, that the races do not mix well, and that for the benefit of each they are better kept apart in so far as competition in the fields of labor is concerned. Such a treaty arrangement would make ample provision for the free entry of travelers, visitors, literary men, merchants and so forth on both sides. In respect to laborers, however, the restriction could be made mutual. In other words, such a treaty would provide for a similar number of Chinese being admitted in Canada to that of Canadians admitted in China and no more. The arrangement would, therefore, be automatic in its operations. As soon as Canada, on one side, or Japan or China on the other, decided to totally restrict immigration, a similar regulation would go immediately into force on the part of the other nation.

That is, in fact, as we understand it, the nature of the treaty proposed to be entered into between the United States and China, now under consideration. Why a similar treaty should not be effected with Japan it is difficult to understand. The government of that country must realize that through the radical economical differences which exist as between the brown workingman and the white workingman the two are not on a competitive basis, and that industrial and economic conditions in Canada and throughout the Empire would be seriously disturbed by a large influx of Japanese. With a policy of free trade in labor in force between America and Asia, our whole system would have to be readjusted, with dire results to a large majority of the population in American communities. It would be a policy with the advantage all on one side, because, while the Asiatic would become, from his own standard of living, comparatively rich in a new country like this, the white man would find no place whatsoever in Asia.

There are two sides to every question, however, and Mongolian immigration is not an unmixed evil in this community, a fact that is being realized now that the new law is in force raising the capitation tax to $500 on Chinamen. The Coolie class of the Chinese is essentially a menial, and as domestic servants and for farm help are decidedly useful and profitable. White girls as domestic servants are practically unavailable, and, as a matter of fact, under our present system of education and civilization it is not to be wondered at. The life is not such as can attract girls. This in the opinion of many may be deplored, but is a fact and will remain a fact. Take, also, in the matter of farm labor. White men at wages which can be made remunerative to the employer cannot be obtained, and with fruit growing developing to the extent to which it is at the present, and to which it promises in the future, the question of labor is a serious one. Until the population of this country has increased so that there is a native supply on hand, Chinese must remain a positive benefit to the agriculturist in assisting in clearing, cultivating and harvesting. It has been suggested that with restrictions upon the coolie class of labor so that the skilled laborer in all lines would be protected against competition, regulations might be properly made to allow Chinese to enter the country at a lower rate that at present in order to engage in certain specified occupations and no others. Such a proposal would at first probably be met with a storm of opposition, but in the opinion of many is well worthy of consideration.

CANADIAN MANUFACTURERS IN ENGLAND.

Speaking of the visit of the Canadian manufacturers to Great Britain, which has now come to an end, the Outlook says their visit will have done immense services in the cause of empire if it has succeeded in persuading our guests that the Mother Country is far from being the spent force which some Americans have been incessantly and insidiously persuading them to believe it is. A member of the delegation, in an article which appears in the Canadian Gazette this week, says: "We have been preached at since we were little on the subject of the marvelous pluck and enterprise of the American manufacturer, and how he was downing the effete Britisher every time. I can tell you that, after going through some of the leading mills and factories in the Midlands and Yorkshire, we are quite prepared to put a heavy discount on this Yankee tall talk. I never saw such well-equipped mills as most of those we went through, and I know that other members * * * were simply astounded at the refinement of manufacture to which many of the English industries have now been carried. * * * Old England has a tremendous career in front of her as a manufacturing country. We hope it may be a future in which we Canadians may bear an ever-increasing and mutually advantageous share." If this be typical of the impression which has been forced on the minds of the visitors, adds the Outlook, we may hope to hear no more in the future of Canadian apathy regarding the Chamberlain policy.

The news of the removal of Mr. W. T. Oliver, manager of the Victoria branch of the Bank of British North America, to a more important position in New York, will be regretted from the standpoint of the loss of a valued and respected citizen, but will be welcomed as a deserved recognition of banking ability on his part. Mr. Oliver, in addition to his banking relations with the community, has taken an active interest in all important movements for the betterment of the city and the province while here, and his services in this regard were recently recognized when he was elected unanimously as president of the Board of Trade, of which he had been vice-president for a term. His many friends, while regretting the circumstances which render his leaving necessary, are pleased to know of his promotion, and wish him every success in his new and wider sphere.

"Prices Cut Right in Half."—$6 Flannel Suits now $3 at B. Williams & Company. *

LOOK AT THE HAIR BRUSHES this week in Shotbolt's show window. Every brush a bargain—Hair, Tooth, Clothes and Shaving Brushes, of English and French makes. . . . .
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A FULL LINE OF
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The only accurate and reliable map of the new townsite at
THE TERMINUS OF THE GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC RAILWAY ON KAI-EN ISLAND.
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This Map has been compiled from actual surveys on the ground, and is the only reliable map of the water-ways about Kai-En Island that can be procured. ORDERS RECEIVED AT
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WILL SAIL FOR
B. C. NORTHERN PORTS
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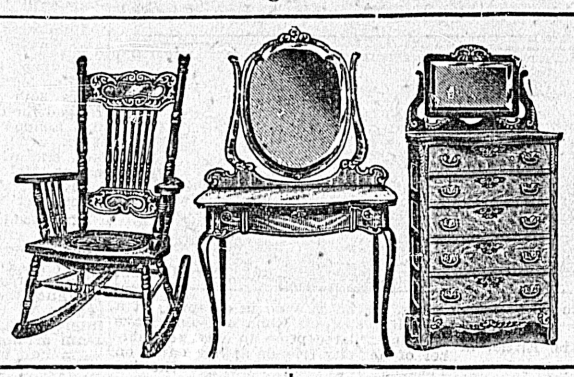
PRICE INDUCEMENTS TO PURCHASE NOW

With our vast turnover, odd pieces of furniture accumulate quickly—to keep our stocks clean and up-to-date, these must be sold—hence their removal to the ranks of the Red Tags—but they don't stay long.

If a Piece of furniture does not sell as quickly as we wish—it is made a price that ensures a quick change—"Your opportunity."



Remember that if you secure one or more of these bargains every piece carries with it our guarantee of its reliability. "Your security."

Dressing Tables
Birch dressers, mahogany finish, beautifully polished, of low construction, with three drawers, extra long British bevel mirror of artistic design.. ..... $19.00 ea.
Mahogany dressers, shield-shaped, British bevel plate mirror, swell front, Louis legs. Price..$20.00 ea.

Bedroom Suites
Elm bedroom suites, 8 pieces, bedstead, dresser and washstand, bevel plate mirror .....$20.00 set
Keppel oak suites, 3 pieces, very handsome.$26.00 set
Solid golden oak sets, 2 pieces, dresser and washstand, fine finish, bevel mirror $23.50

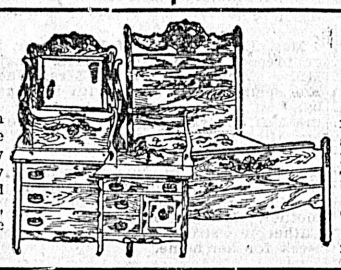
Chairs
Hardwood rockers, perforated seats..... ..... $1.00 each
Cane seated hardwood rockers..... ..... $1.25, $2.00 each
Golden oak cane seat dining chairs..... ..... $1.75, $2.00 each
Arm chairs, golden oak, cane seat..... .....$3.00, $4.00 each
Hardwood dining chairs, patent seats .... $1.50, $1.75 each
Arm chairs in cane and patent wood seats ..... $2.25 each
Oak dining chairs with leather seats, from ..... $4.50 each

Tables
Dining tables in fir, top extending to 6 feet ..... $6.00 each
Elm dining tables, golden finish ,8 feet.. ..... $9.00 each
There are some choice bargains in the higher priced tables.
Reed occasional tables, quartered oak top ..... $4.00 each
Tea tables, golden oak, artistically shaped top, light centre, dark edge, brass stud trimming ..... $8.00 each
Quarter cut oak parlor tables, Louis legs. Price ..... $9.00 each

Sideboards
Elm sideboards, golden finish, 2 small drawers, one large linen drawer, cabinet with carved relief panel double doors, carved brackets, etc..... ..... $16.00 each
Golden oak sideboards, handsomely carved reliefs, bevel plate mirror, 2plate drawers, cabinet and large linen drawer at bottom $25.00

Chiffonieres
Mahogany finish chiffonieres with four drawers and hat cupboards, well designed $17.00
Chiffonieres in mahogany finish width 31 inches, with 6 drawers and 16x16 bevel plate mirror ..$22.50
We have an excellent choice in handsome oak and mahogany chiffonieres at bargain prices.

Bedsteads
Odd lines in Wood Bedsteads in elm, oak, birch, golden oak, maple and mahogany finish birch, at very low prices to clear. We can show you some real snaps in enamelled iron and iron and brass bedsteads, full or three-quarter sizes in choice patterns.



Somnoes
These very useful pieces of furniture take the place of the ordinary washstand, and are exceedingly popular. We have some fine mahogany finished birch somnoes with one drawer and cabinet, at $7.20 each.
Quarter cut oak somnoes, very finely polished, at $8.00 each.

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Private Day School for girls of all ages. Finely furnished school room and large recreation grounds.
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The Christmas Term will commence on Monday, September 11, at 2:30 p.m. Two acres of ground have been added to the property for boys' games. Moderate terms for boarders and day scholars.
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Brunot Hall
A Protestant Boarding and Day
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Certificate admits to Smith, Wellesley, and other Colleges. Unusual advantages in Music. Piano, Violin and Vocal. Fine Art Studio.
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A Boarding and Day School for Girls.
Highly qualified staff. Large and comfortable building. Playground and Tennis Court.
Next term will begin on Wednesday, September 7. For all particulars apply to the Principal,
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A GIRL'S SCHOOL OF THE HIGHEST CLASS Corps of teachers, location, building equipment—the best. Send for catalogue.
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Three & Four Year Courses in Mining, Chemical, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Mineralogy and Geology, Biology and Public Health.
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And all other work as reasonable as perfect care, best material, and finest workmanship can make them.
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JUST COMPLETED,
On Car Line
And containing fine reception hall, parlor, dining room, kitchen and pantry, bath, three bedrooms, and clothes closet, sewer, electric light, etc.
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Lines, Rods, Reels and Spoon Baits
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All goods carefully packed and delivered to transportation Companies in Seattle free of charge.
Send for our Wholesale Price List.
A FEW SPECIAL PRICES:

2-lb. Cans Sugar Corn, per dozen, full standard, latest pack, retails from 10 to 12 cents per can, the wholesale price per doz. cans	$ .85
2½-lb. Cans Tomatoes, ordinary grade per doz.	.80
2½-lb. Cans Tomatoes, fine goods, per doz.	.85
2½-lb. Cans Tomatoes, solid goods	1.00
Fancy Head Rice per lb.	.06
Good Japan Rice, per lb.	04½
Santa Claus Soap, 100 bars in box	2.75
Yerka's Extra Soap, 100 bars in box	2.75
Yerka's Extra Soap, 50 bars in box	1.40
Yerka's Extra Soap, 20 bars in box	.60
50-lb. Bags fine Salt, each	.40
Yeast Foam or Magic Yeast, per doz.	.40
Best Granulated Sugar, 100-lb. bags	5.35
Good English Breakfast Tea, per lb.	.20
Extra English Breakfast Tea, per lb.	.40
Fancy Japan Tea (retails 60c. per lb.)	.39
Extra Oolong Tea (retails 75c. per lb)	.41
Sun Cured Japan Tea (retails 50c. per lb.)	.32
Good Blend Coffee, per lb.	.18
Fine Blend Coffee, per lb.	.24
Hoffman House Coffee (40c. coffee)	.29
Bakers' Chocolate, per lb.	.29
5-lb. Cans (warranted pure and to suit) Baking Powder	.65
New Evaporated Apricots, per lb.	.10
Rolled Oats, fresh, 90-lb. bags	2.75
5 gallon Kegs Malt Vinegar	.87
5 gallon Kegs Cider Vinegar	1.38
½ pint Bottles Triple Extract Vanilla or Lemon, per bottle	.38
½ pint Bottle Good Extra Vanilla or Lemon, per bottle	.27

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Wholesale Grocers, Main & Occidental Sts., SEATTLE.
We can save money on your buying. We do expert buying of any line of goods for 2 per cent.

TAKE NOTICE
That we have as from the first day of July instant, entered into co-partnership Nurserymen and to continue the business of Andrew Ohlson under the name, style and firm of "The Oaklands Nursery Company."
A. OHLSON,
W. B. GAGE.
Witness: H. Dallas Helmcken.
Dated July 19, 1905. jy20

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In City of Vancouver.

Lot on Hastings St., West	$5,000
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Lots near Greer's Beach at	$200 to $1,500

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Now is the time to insure your property against loss by fire.
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With Oxygen to cure all cases of chronic bronchitis, consumption in earliest stages, debility, abscesses (unless spread through system), and nervous disorders.
It is to your advantage to consult us.
Apply 219 Yates. Phone 349B.
Office hours: 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.

LECTURE
Will be given by
Mme. Stevenson, New Thought Missionary
Of Stockholm, Sweden, at
Knights of Pythias Hall,
Corner of Pandora and Douglas Streets, on
SUNDAY, AUGUST 6, 8 P. M.
Subject: "Man as Thinker and What His Thoughts Create."

Building Lots FOR SALE
HOUSES BUILT ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN.
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DRIFTED SNOW FLOUR	$1.35
WHOLE WHEAT FLOUR	$1.40

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LOCAL NEWS.

Exhibit of Grain.—John A. Fraser, manager of the Reed estate, Quesnel, called on Mayor Keary of New Westminster and stated that a large exhibit of grain, seeds and fruit is coming to the Dominion fair from the Reed ranch. Mr. Fraser promises something in these divisions which will make the growers of the coast sit up and take considerable notice.

"Britain on Pacific."—An article by Vincent Harper and Miss Agnes Deans Cameron of this city appears in the Lewis and Clark centennial number of the World's Work. The article is headed "Greater Britain on the Pacific," and deals with life in British Columbia. It is profusely illustrated, showing a round-up of cattle at Kamloops, a fishing scene at the mouth of the Fraser, a train snowbound in the Canadian Northwest, the hotel at Banff, a western town and Mount Sir Donald.

Rich Mineral Strike—Reports which have just come from the North confirm the story of a rich mineral strike on Iron creek, in the Yukon. The first crowd which went into the district have brought back such glowing accounts of the prospects that there is now a small stampede on from Atlin to the point. Iron creek is a small creek which empties into the Nisuitlin, and thence flows into Teslin lake. The last news confirms the previous reports that a bona fide strike had been made in the district.

Oyster Expert.—E. Kemp, the oyster expert, will leave for Barkley Sound, West Coast, on the Queen City next week. After inspecting the beds in which oysters and lobsters were planted in the vicinity of Nanaimo, he was very much surprised at the wonderful growth they had made so far, and also discovered in some of them spawn which must have formed since the oysters were laid down. This Mr. Kemp considers a most promising sign, and although this spawn may not come to anything this season, he says this gives indication that next year the oysters will propagate, and that the situations where they have been placed are suitable.

Irish Guards Bands.—The Royal Irish Guards band has been secured for the Dominion fair at New Westminster, which will be in progress from September 26 to October 7. The organization is considered one of the very best bands in the British army by the highest musical authorities in Great Britain, and is a favorite household band of the King, who, whenever possible, selects it to play at the royal levees, drawing rooms and dinners—in fact, on all state occasions. It was with much difficulty, and only as a special favor to Canada, that His Majesty would consent to the band leaving British shores, permission to extend the visit to the United States being positively refused.

Island Fruit Crops.—Reports from the lower Island farming districts regarding the season's fruit crop are, with one or two exceptions, most satisfactory. In the Ladysmith district there are many large orchards, consisting chiefly of apple and plum trees, and in nearly all cases this year ranchers are expressing delight with the excellent condition of the trees and the enormous quantities of fruit they are bearing. For apples especially this season has been a good one, and providing the trees keep clear of all pests the fall will see the market well stocked with this fruit. On a number of farms the plum crop is good, and a considerable quantity have already been gathered.

Yukon Forest Fires.—Word from the North is to the effect that again a warm wave has swept over Southeastern Alaska and the Canadian Yukon, and again bush fires are raging in many places, licking up valuable timber. Men were put to work near Skagway by the registrar of the United States land office stationed at Juneau, who was notified by wire of the damage being done. The men employed, if unable to put out the flames, will use all their efforts to keep them from spreading any further. Reports from Atlin, Dawson and other Canadian Yukon points are to the effect that the fiery fiend is also getting in its deadly work and destroying valuable timber there.

Grand Chancellor's Trip.—Geo. Johnson, grand chancellor of the grand domain of British Columbia, Knights of Pythias, has returned from his official visit to the various lodges of the order, which are located in almost every settled corner of the province. Mr. Johnson is much pleased with the reception tendered him throughout his trip, and speaks hopefully of the outlook for the order in the Kootenay and Boundary country, where, in spite of the depression prevalent throughout that district, the lodges in that part are enjoying a steady increase in membership and are in a flourishing condition. Before making his official visit to the British Columbia lodges Mr. Johnson paid a visit to the grand lodge of the Northwest, which was in session in Calgary.

Fruit Pests.—After a visit through the Nanaimo district with Rev. G. W. Taylor and Mr. A. C. Wilson, Mr. J. R. Anderson, deputy minister of agriculture, was unable to find any trace of San Jose scale, and the rumor that got abroad to that effect a short time ago may therefore be considered a mistake. There is an instance of European fruit scale with which the other seems to have been confounded, but that is not of the same dangerous nature as the San Jose. On the whole Mr. Anderson does not think that the district is in very bad condition as regards fruit pests, in comparison with other parts of the province, although there are a number of old trees that should be cut down, as they are too diseased to try to save.

Medicos in Convention.—The thirty-eighth annual meeting of the Canadian Medical Association will be held at Halifax, N. S., the 22nd to the 25th instant. A large attendance is expected, as the railway companies are offering single first-class tickets for the round trip. The rate from Victoria and Vancouver to Halifax by this arrangement will only amount to $92. The social side of the convention will be very attractive. Tuesday, the 22nd August, the formal opening of the meeting will take place, when addresses will be delivered by His Honor Lieutenant-Governor Jones, His Worship the Mayor of Halifax, and others. In the evening there will be a conversazione in the legislative council chamber. On the afternoon of Wednesday, the 23rd, there will be a garden party and harbor excursion; in the evening a band concert in the public gardens for the members and their guests.

Deeds, Not Words—$8 Flannel Suits now $4 at B. Williams & Company. *

CHEAP RATES.

The Northern Pacific Railway Co. will sell round-trip tickets to Chicago, St. Louis, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and other Eastern points at one first-class one-way rate plus $10. Dates of sale, August 14-15, September 16-17. Limit, ninety days. C. E. Lang, General Agent, corner Yates and Government streets.

Fruit Jars and Rubber Rings at Cheapside. *

A Grand Chance.—100 Boys' Sailor Suits, long and short trousers, $1 per suit to clear. B. Williams & Company.

J. A. SAYWARD
ROCK BAY, VICTORIA, B.C.
Sashes, Doors and Wood Work
OF ALL KINDS
Rough and Dressed Lumber, Shingles, Laths, Etc

CAPITAL PLANING & SAW MILLS CO
ORCHARD AND GOVERNMENT STREETS, VICTORIA, B. C.
Doors, Sashes and Woodwork of all kinds. Rough and Dressed Lumber, Fir, Cedar and Spruce Laths. Shingles, Mouldings, etc.
Lemon, Gonnason & Co.,
P. O. Box 863. Telephone 77.

JAS. LEIGH & SONS
Rough and Dressed Lumber
Sash Doors, Mouldings, Lath Shingles, Turning and Band Sawing.
Mantels, Grates and Tiles at Moderate Prices
Telephone 397

FOR LUMBER, SASH DOORS
and all kinds of Building Material, go to
THE TAYLOR MILL CO., LTD. LTY.
MILL, OFFICE AND YARDS NORTH GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C. P. O. BOX 628.

WILLIAMS & MELLIS
Telephone 758. Contractors and Builders 28 Broad Street.
We have just completed satisfactory arrangements for a further range of **Builders' Supplies** due to arrive at once

We Have Only a Few FLANNEL SUITINGS Left
And they are being sold at **COST PRICE** to clear them out; also a number of Flannel Trousers at big reductions. See our windows
36 Fort Street **PEDEN'S** Merchant Tailor

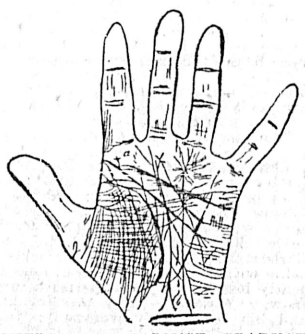
I. O. G. T. Meeting.—The installation of Triumph lodge, No. 16, I. O. G. T., takes place on Monday evening and the retiring officers entertain. Members of other Good Templar lodges are cordially invited. This lodge meets regularly at the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home, Esquimalt, on Monday evenings at 8 p. m., Juvenile Temple at 7 p. m. All those interested in temperance work are invited to communicate with the secretary, Arthur F. Wilkinson, at Soldiers' and Sailors' Home, Esquimalt.

The School Exhibit.—School Superintendents Eaton of Victoria and Wilson of Kootenay were in the city yesterday and called on Manager W. H. Keary of the Dominion exhibition to talk over the subject of school exhibits at the coming big fair, says the New Westminster Columbian. Mr. Keary took the two superintendents to Queen's park, and they chose a space 80 by 100 feet in the industrial building for an extensive school exhibit. Both gentlemen expressed themselves as perfectly assured of the success of this attraction, and something really interesting and instructive may be looked for along this line.

Interesting Debate.—Expositions on the questions of single tax and socialism were presented at the A. O. U. W. hall Friday evening by John Z. White, of Chicago, and Editor Kingsley of the Western Clarion, Vancouver. The addresses were given in the form of a debate. The hall was well filled, there being in attendance strong sympathizers of both theories. Dr. Ernest Hall presided, and in a few opening remarks limited the speakers to twenty minutes each for the first round, giving then Mr. Kingsley thirty minutes and Mr. White fifty-five minutes. The Socialist advocate was afterwards allowed twenty-five minutes with which to close. A show of hands was taken at the conclusion, when it appeared the supporters of either speaker were about evenly divided.

During the month of August only, watches cleaned 75c, mainsprings 75c. W. B. Shakespeare, 31 Government St.

LANGFORD LAKE
37 ACRES
Facing and Bordering Lake; good road to Property—
$500
E. A. Harris & Co.
35 Fort Street.



SHERRY THE PALMIST, GRADUATE of the California School of Scientific Palmistry, pupil of "Naranga," the famous Hindoo adept; 22 years' practical experience. Has read the hands of most of the famous men and women of Europe, England and America, and enjoys the distinction of being the only professional palmist practicing in Canada, and having practiced almost permanently in Vancouver, B. C., for the past two years, where she has become very popular, and won a well merited name for herself in her profession. Unerringly she lays bare the important incidents of your past career, and points out to you the lines which indicate coming events. Room 11 Vernon Hotel, Victoria.

Mrs. Campbell
Chiropodist
161 Fort St. Tel. 1112
Latest Antiseptic Methods

BICYCLE SALE
We have a large number of second-hand bicycles taken as part payment on our expensive English wheels; some of them are almost as good as new, while others are more worn. We are fitting them up and putting them in first class order, all ready to ride and give good service. Not one will be turned out until we are satisfied that it is in perfect condition. They will be ready for sale by Wednesday, July 26, when some great bargains will be offered in adults' and children's sizes.
THOS. PLIMLEY.
Central Cycle Depot, Opp. Post Office.

Victoria, B. C., August 1, 1905.
Messrs The Canadian Casualty & Boiler Insurance Co., Victoria, B. C.:
Dear Sirs—I beg to acknowledge receipt of your check for $30.00, being payment in full of claim made by me on account of accident which I met with.
It is extremely gratifying to me to be identified with a Company who treat their clients with such uniform courtesy and pay their claims so very promptly. I know of no claim having been paid in this city as promptly as mine has been paid.
It affords me very great pleasure to very strongly recommend your Company to all gentlemen interested in Accident Insurance, on account of the very courteous manner in which I have been treated and the very prompt way in which my claim was settled.
With kind regards and best wishes for every success,
I remain,
Yours very sincerely,
HERMAN ROSKAMP.

Do You Know What Is Making Victoria Famous?
Why, the Chocolates Manufactured by
POPHAM BROS.
Langley Street, Victoria, B. C.
Ask your Grocer or Confectioner for Them.

Campbell's

MISSES' BLOUSES
MISSES' BLOUSES

Special for Monday

A line of Misses' Blouses in white lawn sizes 28 and 30 inch while they last..... **25C**

A WARNING
To Dealers in Cheap, Inferior Pianos. . . . .
Don't let your customer wander—accidentally or otherwise—into the neighborhood of a
Gerhard Heintzman Piano
Before you have closed your deal, because if you do, you will lose the sale.
It happens almost every day. Once a prospective buyer has seen the beautiful new style Louis XV. Gerhard Heintzman, and heard its rich, sympathetic tone, it is quite impossible to persuade him (or her) into buying any other make.
Buyers who have not been aware of this fact should pay a visit to our warerooms and see for themselves.
FLETCHER BROS.,
93 Gov. St., Victoria, B.C.

Jewellery Repairing
We make a specialty of repairing and making old jewellery up into something new and serviceable.
If you have any that needs attention, let us see it and give you an estimate for repairing, or altering it. You will find our work to be of the highest order, our charges moderate, and we guarantee to give you satisfaction.
C. E. Redfern
43 GOVERNMENT ST.
Telephone 118.

THE ELITE MILLINERY
.... HAT SALE ....
We are selling off all our Ready-to-Wear and Made-to-Order Hats, including Untrimmed Shapes,
At One-Half Regular Prices
To make room for large consignment of New Fall Goods now under way.
The Elite Millinery Store 43 Fort St

THE NEW FOOD
(Nameless at resent)
IS
SO EASY OF DIGESTION
THAT
YOU HAVE TIME TO THINK
INVENT A NAME TO WIN
FIRST PRIZE $25, SECOND PRIZE $15, THIRD PRIZE $10
SEND IT IN TO
THE BRACKMAN-KER MILLING CO., LTD.
COMPETITION CLOSES AUGUST 15th
A. D. 110.

ATTRACTIONS AT THE GORGE THIS WEEK

NIGHT .....ORCHESTRAL CONCERT
SATURDAY, AUGUST 5.....ORCHESTRAL CONCERT
SUNDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 6.....FIFTH REGIMENT BAND
Launches for Hire, Bathing, Refreshment Pavilion. Illuminations Every Night.

OBSERVATION CAR

Leaves Yates St. Daily at 2:40 p.m.

B. C. ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO., Ltd., 35 Yates St

We Will Show You How to Overcome The House Painting Difficulty, By Our Payment By Installments. Call and Talk it Over

Melrose Co. Ld.

40 and 78 Fort Street

A. D. 109

ARCHBISHOP ILL OF YELLOW FEVER

Mgr. Chapelle Stricken With the Plague—Increase Yesterday.

New Orleans, Aug. 5.—The yellow fever report to 6 p. m. today was: New cases, 30; total to date, 505; deaths today, 8; total deaths, 97; new sub-foci, 15; total sub-foci, 91.

There was an increase today over yesterday in the amount of fatalities, but the fact that the yellow fever situation is to pass immediately to the control of the federal government has had such an encouraging effect locally that it is felt that there is a distinct improvement in recent conditions.

It was announced by the city board of health today that among the new cases of fever today is Archbishop Chapelle, who returned several days ago from the country. The archbishop was reported to be doing well today.

The announcement that President Roosevelt had acted on the request of Governor Blanchard to have the marine hospital service take charge of the yellow fever situation has created general satisfaction. It is the general opinion that outside of Louisiana confidence in the local health authorities was so completely lacking that unless the interposition of the government was asked there could be on expectation of a relaxation of severe quarantine until the coming of frost. Moreover, it is believed that the power, discipline, efficiency and resources of the government are necessary to handle the fever itself, which is still strongly entrenched in the down-town section of the city.

Memphis, Tenn., Aug. 5.—Memphis has ordered its doors closed to the outside world beginning Monday by guards who will surround the city and no person can thereafter enter Memphis unless holding a permit signed by Dr. Jones, president of the board of health, or by Secretary Marcus Haase. The permits, it is announced, will be given only in special cases and only when it has been shown that an applicant has not been in a fever infected district recently.

FLOATING POOLROOM GONE.

Chicago Police Get Rid of Troublesome Feature.

Chicago, Aug. 5.—The steamer City of Traverse, the floating poolroom, whose passengers on Thursday and yesterday bothered the police, cleared for Kenosha last night. It is the generally accepted opinion of the police that no further effort will be made to use Chicago as a base for the operations of the boat and that she will hereafter leave the Wisconsin port to receive wireless messages on racing results.

TROUBLES IN WARSAW.

Detectives Make Extensive Capture of Socialist Organizers.

Warsaw, Russian Poland, Aug. 5.—Detectives made a successful raid on a coffee house in Crochmalna street, in the Jewish quarter, and captured 70 men and boys of the Social Democratic party, 30 of whom are organizers. Strikes are incessantly occurring in the various trades. A battalion of infantry has been posted at the Lilpopprau iron works, which the strikers threaten to destroy. The manager of the city flour mills in the Slodowico district has been drowned in a sewer by strikers. The men bound the manager with ropes, put him in a wheelbarrow, trundled him away and pitched him into the sewer.

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY PROJECT

Russian Ministers Still Sedulously Discussing Proposed Reform.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 5.—Discussion of the national assembly project was resumed at Peterhof this afternoon. The members of the committee, before leaving St. Petersburg, had little expectation that they would be able to finish their deliberations today, as the problems of the nature of the suffrage and the method of elections were yet undecided, the session throughout being largely devoted to the question of the supervision of the assembly over the budget. Every effort is being made, however, to finish the discussion at the earliest possible date, and this is shown by the practical abandonment of departmental business by the ministers, who have been at their desks only two working days this week.

Peace Envoys Clasp Hands

(Continued from Page One.)

He took cordial leave of the envoys and their suites, shook hands with his personal friends on board, and to the music of the band and the roar of the Mayflower's guns went over the side and entered his launch. His flag was hauled down, and a few minutes later at 2:55 he was landed at the J West Roosevelt pier. Then he entered his carriage and was driven to his home.

The Japanese envoys and their suites were next to leave. They shook hands with the Russian plenipotentiaries, expressing to them their eprsonal gratification at the pleasant meeting they had had. As they went over the side the Mayflower saluted them with 19 guns. As they went aboard the Dolphin the red sun flag of Japan was broken out at the peak of the vessel and at the same moment the Russian flag was raised over the Mayflower. Shortly after 3 o'clock Assistant Secretary Peirce took his departure from the Mayflower, going aboard the Galveston, which is the convoy of the Mayflower.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 5.—The tone of the press today is more hopeful of peace than it was yesterday, M. Witte's welcome, coupled with other reports from the United States, tending to partially remove some of the Russian ill-feelings arising from the belief prevailing here that American sympathies are with Japan. There is noticeable more or less talk of a possible Russ-Japanese alliance as the outcome of peace negotiations. The question of indemnity and of the control of the island of Sakhalien are still considered to be stumbling blocks in the way of understanding, though the argument is hopefully reiterated in certain peace quarters that President Roosevelt would not have risked his prestige by a second tender of good offices without having learned the minimum Japanese demands and the maximum Russian concessions and without pretty clearly seeing his way, by his personal influence, of putting aside whatever differences.

"BRITISH DAY" CELEBRATED.

Past and Present Subjects of Great Britain Hold Reunion.

Providence, R. I., Aug. 5.—Past and present subjects of Great Britain, both from the Dominion of Canada and the Mother Country, who live in this vicinity joined in the celebration of the British Day at Crescent Park. The feature of the day was the presence of the Duke of Cornwall's Own 43rd Canadian Regiment which came here from Ottawa, Ont., to attend the celebration. The festivities opened with a parade through the streets of the city. The procession was reviewed by Governor Utter and Acting Mayor Reynolds of this city. The visiting regiment received an ovation along the line of march. At the park the merrymakers engaged in a genuine Maypole dance and a parade, after which the visiting regiment reviewed the local societies, gave a short dinner, which was followed by a programme of sports.

LECTURED ON THOS. CARLYLE

Jabez White of Chicago Delivers Address at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms.

At the Y. M. C. A. rooms last night John Z. White, of Chicago, spoke on Thomas Carlyle. Questions by the audience followed the lecture, and the meeting continued until nearly 11 o'clock.

Mr. White declared that in his opinion Carlyle was the greatest Tory the modern world has produced. Also that Henry George was the greatest of Democrats. In spite of the fact that these men held opposite views as to the proper method of administering social forces, they were agreed as to the nature of those forces. Carlyle declared with George, that the land belonged to those who work well on it; that a nation's life depends upon its land; that land with or without plowing is the gift of God.

Overproduction was subject to such ridicule as only Carlyle could express, and the governing class called sharply to account for permitting producers to go unfed.

Workers were contrasted with an unworking aristocracy in a manner calculated to increase the pride shown by, or the respect shown to, the latter.

The notion that the value of land is earned, or is anything other than the worth of privilege, was denounced as absurd and nonsensical fallacy. Possession of land was held by Carlyle as well as by George to carry with it the responsibility of providing for the government of the country. He contended that Carlyle cites fact after fact in support of his position, and each argument and assertion is paralleled by George.

"One of these schemes must be adopted," said Mr. White, "if anything analogous to freedom is to continue on earth. The alternative is the man on horseback.

"Either a ruling class, that possesses the land, or the revenue from land flowing in to the possession of the public through the abolition of all taxes save that on the value of land, was inevitable. Those who believe that people are incapable of self-government would choose the lordly rule advocated by Carlyle. Those who hold to a contrary faith would follow George."

Mr. White said that protection had no intellectual existence—that it is pure superstition.

Mr. White will deliver a lecture in A. O. U. W. hall this afternoon at 3 o'clock. The subject for his address will be, "Henry George and His Doctrines."

ANOTHER ATLANTIC CABLE.

Colonia Will Lay Line From Ireland to Canada and Newfoundland.

London, Aug. 5.—The cable ship Colonia sailed today with 2,400 miles of cable to lay the Commercial Cable Company's line from Waterford, Ireland, to Canso, N. S., and thence to Newfoundland.

GORDON'S LONDON DRY
GORDON'S OLD TOM
GORDON'S SLOE GIN

LAWS, YOUNG & CO., MONTREAL. Sole Agents for Canada.

Reactionaries Meet Rebuff

Attempt to Modify the Czar's Plans for Assembly Defeated.

Expectation That the Measure Will Be Drafted This Week.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 6 — After months of preparation and anxious waiting, the project for a new popular representative assembly is now undergoing final revision, and its completion and promulgation are thought to be a matter of days only. The Emperor hopes to signalize the first birthday of the infant heir-apparent by a manifesto summoning the representatives of the people, and during the long meeting of the commission at Peterhof last week he has driven the work of revision as fast as it was possible in order to have it finished before August 12.

The reactionaries at yesterday's session of the commission at Peterhof made strong efforts to secure the rejection or alteration of two important provisions of the project, but the sentiment of the commission and of the Emperor and grand dukes prevented any step backward. As at previous sessions, the Emperor's advisors continued to discuss the needs of the country with remarkable frankness. The article over which

The Main Conflict Arose

comprised paragraph 42 of the project, providing that the assembly's rejection of any preparation submitted to it by a two-thirds majority is absolutely final, with no recourse whatever. M. Stickinsky, a noted reactionist senator, assailed the paragraph and pointed out its wide limitations to the autocracy of the Emperor; and General Trepoff, assistant minister of the interior, declared that such limitations were imperatively needed by the country and the people. The paragraph was then passed unanimously.

Another debate arose over the provisions for the admission of representatives of the press at sessions of the assembly and the publication of proceedings, but this was also adopted after General Trepoff and Grand Duke Vladimir had spoken in favor of the fullest publicity.

BANK MANAGER PROMOTED.

W. T. Oliver of Bank of B. N. A. to Go to New York.

W. T. Oliver, manager of the local branch of the Bank of British North America, has been appointed to an important position in connection with the institution in New York, a vacancy having been created there owing to the retirement of the head of one of the two agencies maintained by the bank at that point. This fact has been known privately for some days, but no public announcement was previously made, as Mr. Oliver will not leave to assume his new position for a month or more.

Mr. Oliver, who was transferred from Rossland to Victoria about four years ago, has, since his residence here, actively identified himself with all that importantly concerned the commercial welfare of the city, and regret is general that circumstances have eventuated which call for his removal to another field; but with this, congratulations are being extended to him on this conspicuous evidence of appreciation of his highly-valued services as an official of the big financial institution with which he is connected.

Members of the board of trade particularly regret the announcement, as it implies his early retirement from the position of president of that body, he having been elected to serve in that capacity only a few weeks ago.

It is understood that he will be succeeded at the local branch of the bank by H. B. Mackenzie, at present inspector.

PERSONAL.

Thos. H. Leeming of Kamloops, who has been spending his holidays here with his wife and child, returned home by this morning's boat. While in the city Mr. Leeming was an active participant in the local tennis matches.

Mr. Hope Herd, of the Cowichan Leader, arrived yesterday from Duncans to spend a few days with his parents on Johnson street.

Miss Harriet E. Howe, of the State university, Urbana, Ill., who has been teaching in the summer school for librarians at the University of Washington, was last week the guest of her friend, Miss Maud Underhill. During her stay both young ladies were entertained by Mrs. Davies, of the Hotel Davies.

If Arthur A. Beere, late of Kelowna, B. C., would call at 215 Pandora street he would learn of something to interest him.

The many friends of Mrs. S. R. Newton will be pleased to learn that she has nearly recovered from her recent severe illness.

Miss Edith Tobin, of Ottawa, Ont., arrived Friday evening on a visit to Mrs. Rocke Robertson and Mrs. Hermann Robertson.

Mrs. Whitehead and family of Montreal are spending the summer with Mrs. G. A. Campbell of Pemberton road. They are now enjoying a few weeks' camping at Kanaka ranch, Esquimalt.

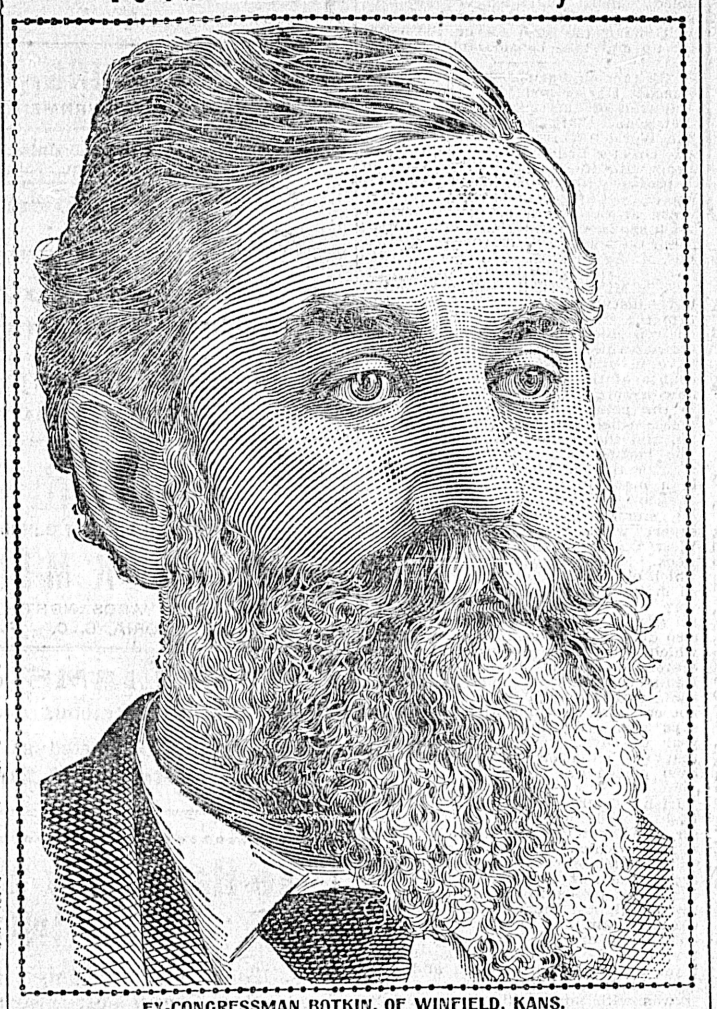
ALBERTA WHEAT FOR B. C. MILLS

Expected That a Considerable Quantity Will Be Shipped Westward.

Regarding a report circulated to the effect that a quantity of the winter wheat grown in southern Alberta, and in the Calgary district particularly, presumably about 1,000,000 bushels, was to be diverted westward via the Coast on its way to market in pursuance of the policy of the C. P. R. to make Vancouver a great milling centre, giving them freight westward for their lumber cars and at the same time relieve congestion on the Great Lakes route, Mr. F. W. Peters, assistant freight traffic manager, when interviewed by the Winnipeg Free Press, expressed himself as of the opinion that the wheat would find its own natural market. However, he added that the wheat in question was of a different quality from that grown in Manitoba and Assiniboia, and would find its sale in a different market. Considerable fall wheat had been grown in southern Alberta last season, and some of this had been ground in flour mills located at Enderby, B. C., and shipped mostly to the Orient. A much greater amount of this wheat would be harvested this year and signs pointed to the likelihood of a growing market for this product in the Far East, which would no doubt lead to the establishment of flour mills at other points in British Columbia. But wheat hitherto shipped east to European markets would not be carried westward in its course for the purpose of relieving congestion on the easterly route. Comparatively little, if any, of the wheat which had been grown in southern Alberta had been shipped to European markets. The C. P. R., said Mr. Peters, looked for and were expecting the growth of winter wheat to increase rapidly in extent in the next few years, but that wheat would have to depend upon the market from which the demand came as to its course of shipment.

CATARRH OF STOMACH 25 YEARS

Congressman Botkin Gives Praise to Pe-ru-na For His Recovery.



EX-CONGRESSMAN BOTKIN, OF WINFIELD, KANS.

Hon. J. D. Botkin, Ex-Congressman, Winfield, Kans., writes:

"It gives me pleasure to certify to the excellent curative qualities of your medicines, Peruna and Manalin.

"I have been afflicted more or less for a quarter of a century with catarrh of the stomach and constipation. A residence in Washington increased these troubles.

"A few bottles of your medicines have given me almost complete relief, and I am sure that a continuation of them will effect a permanent cure.

"Peruna is surely a wonderful remedy for catarrhal affections."

ANOTHER REMARKABLE CURE: Mr. F. R. Cox, Center Oak, Pa., writes: "I was taken with hemorrhages of the stomach and had from one to three a year. The doctors said my stomach could not be cured, and it was only a question of how soon one of these spells would kill me and I was given up several times.

"I finally wrote to you, and you said that if it was not a cancer or a tumor, Peruna would cure me. I commenced taking Peruna right away and have never had one of those spells since. I am an old soldier, one of Phil Sheridan's Rough Riders, and nearly played out now, but I have a pretty good stomach again."

FROM INTERIOR IN THE NORTH

Local Manager of Hudsons' Bay Company Completes a Long Trip.

James Thompson, manager of the Hudson's Bay Company, who has just returned from a business trip to the northern section of the province, reports the general conditions in Cassiar as developing slowly but surely.

"Mining, of course, is the chief industry of that region," said Mr. Thompson, "and each year shows some advance on the preceding one. Mining at present is solely of a placer and hydraulic nature, it not being feasible on account of cost to operate quartz claims. There is still a considerable quantity of placer gold coming from the old diggings on McDame creek which yielded so largely in the early seventies.

"The principal mining operations, however, are now being carried on by the Berry Creek Mining Company, whose leases are situated at the junction of Berry creek and Thibert creek. They have a force of fifty men employed at the present time and prospects are decidedly encouraging. Unfortunately the season has been extremly dry and on account of lack of water they have only been able to run the monitors half time. A ditch, however, is being constructed from a tributary of the Dease creek to Berry creek which, when completed, will give them an ample and unfailing supply of water at all times. They will have a clean-up at the end of the month.

"A hydraulic plant is also being installed on the claims of the Rosella Hydraulic Mining Company at Rosella creek, and as soon as operations permit of water being turned on good results are anticipated.

"A dredging plant has also been taken by the Seattle Mining & Prospecting Company, whose claims are situated on McDane's creek. Very rich ground is being worked in the Clearwater river, about twelve miles below Glenora, by a party of practical placer mining men. The gold cleaned up on this claim this season already is, in value, upwards of $5,000 and will probably yield as much more before the close of the season.

"The whole business of this section depends upon the development of the mining industry and the outlook generally is decidedly promising.

"An unfortunate drowning accident occurred in the Liard river in June last, a half-breed trader, John Morrow, together with his wife, having been capsized in their canoe whilst running the canyon above Fort Liard. A white miner wintering some twenty-four miles below Fort Liard started to spend Christmas at the fort. He reached a point within half a mile of it, but evidently lost his way and perished in the snow. A search party was organized and his body was eventually found within a mile and a half of the fort. It was a sad coincidence that the person who was mainly instrumental in tracing his tracks was the man Morrow above referred to, and who shortly afterwards likewise perished."

TAILORS' FURNITURE.

It seems almost absurd to talk of furniture as a necessity to the tailor's art, but it has been strongly in evidence during the last week at the B. Williams & Company's fine clothing store. A few months since they erected a long line of semi-ready wardrobes under the impression it would be sufficient for some time to come, but "nothing succeeds like success." The demand created by the semi-ready accuracy of fit, quality of material and perfect style has already reached the maximum capacity of the first line of wardrobes, so without a moment's hesitation Messrs. B. Williams & Company have erected another long line of these excellent mechanical aids to the tailor's art. This will enable them to keep abreast of the rising tide of business, and in addition give their customers increased selection of the semi-ready suites.

You will never know what real money saving principle means until you get our prices on Teas.

Schillings' Best Tea, per lb..... 60c.
Carne's Special 5 O'Clock Tea, per lb.. 50c.

SOLE AGENTS
CARNE'S CASH GROCERY,
Cor. Yates & Broad. 'Phone 586.

FEATURES OF THE V. V. & E. BILL

Duncan Ross Interviewed at Spokane on Way Home From Ottawa.

Duncan Ross, M. P., of Greenwood, B.C., is in the city en route home after spending some months at Ottawa, in attendance on parliament, says the Spokane Spokesman-Review of Friday last. Mr. Ross was especially vigorous in supporting the application of the Vancouver, Victoria & Eastern Railroad's application for charter rights, and was largely instrumental in the company's victory over the Canadian Pacific on the floor of the railway committee. Mr. Ross' constituents were behind him almost to a man, and it is understood that an elaborate banquet will be given at Greenwood upon his return in recognition of his services to the country in securing additional railway facilities, the lack of which has stifled its development for years.

"The principal features of the V. V. & E. bill as passed by the Canadian parliament," said Mr. Ross, in reply to a query, "are briefly as follows:

"First, the bill cures any defects in the original charter arising from conflict between legislation granted by the provincial legislature of British Columbia and that given by the federal parliament, the main defect relating to a clause in the provincial charter whereby non-compliance with its terms as to commencing and completing work wiped out the company's corporate existence.

"The second principal provision granted authority to merge the various Hill roads in British Columbia that will eventually form sections of the V. V. & E. These roads include the Victoria & Sidney line, having 20 miles of road, the Victoria Terminal & Ferry Company, operating a ferry from Sidney to Gulchon, near the mouth of the Fraser, thence by rail to New Westminster; the New Westminster & Southern, from Seattle to New Westminster, and the Victoria, New Westminster & Yukon, under which charter the company operates a line from New Westminster to Vancouver.

In order to avoid natural obstructions to construction, the company is granted authority under the approval of the government to cross the international boundary line between the Columbia and Similkameen rivers, or between Marcus, Wash., and Oroville, Wash.

Must Build to the Coast

A clause was inserted to the effect that work must be started at Cloverdale, which is the eastern terminal of the company's lines on the west coast of British Columbia, and is located on the New Westminster Southern, within, I think, two years and that operations must be continued steadily until connection is made with the road now under way from Midway and from Oroville, Wash.

"The V. V. & E. has filed plans at Ottawa showing the road crossing the international boundary line at Anarchist mountain, above Rock creek, and re-entering Canada at the junction of the boundary line and the Similkameen country.

Will Go to Princeton

"John W. Stewart has the contracts for the construction of the road on the Canadian side. The road will follow the valley of the Similkameen from the boundary line to Princeton, B. C., and the construction of this section is included in the contracts held by Mr. Stewart.

Canadian Pacific Enters Race

"The Canadian Pacific has a line under construction from Spences Bridge to Nicola Lake. The former point is on the main line, about 100 miles west from Kamloops, and the distance to Nicola Lake is 45 miles. The section is to be completed this fall, and the Canadian Pacific railway will presumably continue the road until it eventually connects with the line now terminating at Midway, B. C."

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS

BORN

HAMMOND—At West Saanich, on the 2nd instant, the wife of D. Hammond, of a son.

DIED

FIELD—At the family residence, 120 Blanchard avenue, August 4, William Field, a native of Plymouth, Eng.; aged 69.

The funeral will take place today (Sunday), at 2:30 p. m.

HARVEY—At Stonyhurst, Belcher street, on the 4th instant, Rout Harvey, native of Bury St. Edmunds, England; aged 78 years.

The funeral will take place on Monday, August 7, at 2:30 p. m., from the residence as above, and at 3 o'clock at Christ Church cathedral.

Friends will please accept this intimation.

Granite and Marble Works

Monuments, Tablets, Granite curbs, plugs, etc., at lowest prices consistent with first-class stock and workmanship.

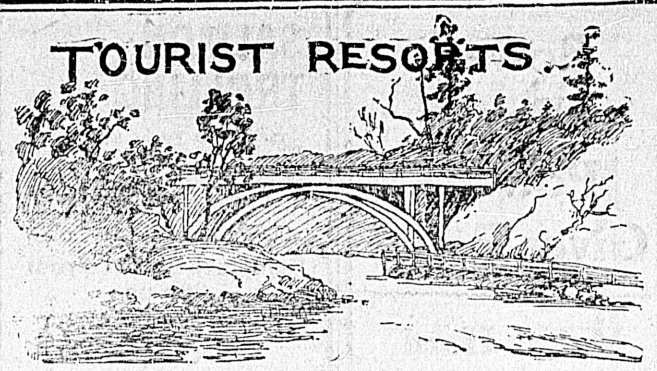
A. STEWART
Yates and Blanchard Sts

$50 REWARD

For information leading to the conviction of parties who by tresspassing through Layritz's Nurseries, from the head of Richardson street towards St. Charles street, maliciously broke down and destroyed a large number of young nursery trees.

LAYRITZ NURSERY.
Victoria, August 5, 1905. 3v6

TOURIST RESORTS



The Dallas ...Hotel

VICTORIA'S SEASIDE RESORT, commanding beautiful view of the Straits and Olympian Ranges. Strictly first class. Rates per day, week of month.

The Vernon ...Hotel

FIRST-CLASS COMMERCIAL HOTEL, and Central Location on corner of Douglas and View Streets. Rates $2.00 and $2.50. Fine Sample Rooms in Connection.

THE KING EDWARD

Newly finished and furnished throughout. The most elegantly appointed hotel in the city. Large and airy rooms, single and en suite. Baths connected with every suite. American and European plans.

Hotel St. Francis

Private Dinners And Theatre Suppers A Specialty.

European Chef. Excellent Service. Fine Wines.

Hotel Davies

Yates Street

CENTRE OF CITY
EUROPEAN PLAN
Elegantly Furnished Throughout.
THE NOW FAMOUS
Poodie Dog Restaurant
IN CONNECTION.

WHERE Are You Going to Spend Your Holiday? Why, North Saanich Hotel!

Sure! Good roads, good everything, and the best of attention. Boats, Swing, and Free Rig meets all trains.

GASOLINE KEPT IN STOCK FOR AUTOMOBILES, ETC.

C. O. BOWN, Manager.

LAKESIDE HOTEL

Cowichan Lake

PRICE BROS., Prop

The best trout fishing on Vancouver Island, excellent boating and picturesque scenery, tennis lawn. Stage leaves Tzouhalem Hotel, Duncans, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

GOLDSTREAM HOTEL

This unique Tourist Resort has recently changed hands, and is now open under new management. Ten miles from Victoria, on the line of the E. & N. Railway, and reached by one of the most delightful drives over first-class country roads.

J. R. DOWNES, Proprietor.

Late of the Cosmopolitan Hotel, Cranbrook.

Boats for hire on Somenos Lake. Excellent Fishing and Hunting

QUAMICHAN HOTEL DUNCANS STATION

FRANK CONRUYT, Proprietor.

Headquarters for Tourists and Commercial Men.

This hotel is strictly first-class, and has been fitted throughout with all modern conveniences. Fine large, airy rooms, single and en suite.

Willows, Campbell River, B.C.

for the best FISHING in the province, TROUT AND BIG SALMON. Guides and boats on hand; new hotel; excellent accommodation. For particulars write to THULIN BROS., Lund, B. C.

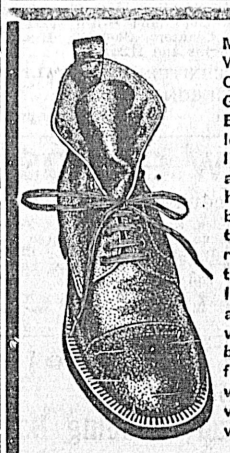
FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS

The Entire Stock in Trade of the

Albion Iron Works Co.

Will be sacrificed for spot cash in lots, Wholesale and Retail. Apply to

ANDREW GRAY,
PROPRIETOR.
MARINE IRON WORKS
PEMBROKE STREET, VICTORIA.
Works Tel. 681 and 31 Res. Tel. 100



Men's Waterproof Chrome, Grain Bal, leather lined, and has bellows tongue; round toe last; a world beater for wet weather wear.

Leckie Boots fill a long felt want, and that want is "Better Boots for the same money." The Logger, the Prospector, the Miner and the man who works out of doors, will find these ALL LEATHER Boots the best that money can buy.

Every pair have the Trade Mark stamped on the sole. All dealers.

WHOLESALE BY

J. Leckie Co., Ld.

VANCOUVER, B.C.

NO CREDIT

The Westside — Victoria's Popular Store

No Goods On Approval Or Exchanged

Winding-Up Business

Is it ever the wrong time to save money. If not, you had better take advantage of these specials.

FOR MONDAY

2 p.m.—Fur Sale

On Monday we sell off the balance of our Fur Stock at a mere fraction of their cost.

3 p.m.—Sale of Traveling Coats and Dusters

In this sale we include all our Long Beaver Cloth Traveling Coats, Silk and Alpaca Coats at less than half regular price.

10 a.m.—"Harris" Tweed Suitings

We have two Government street windows full of these handsome "Harris" Tweed Suitings that are especially adapted for early fall wear. Regular values $1.50 a yard.
MONDAY 95c

Equestriennes

Ladies' Fast Black All-Wool Equestriennes, perfect fitting, suitable for traveling. Regular values $1.10 a pair.
MONDAY 75c

10 a.m.—Pillow Cotton

Full Bleached Circular Pillow Cotton, 42, 44 and 45 inches wide. Regular values 25c. to 35c. a yard.
MONDAY 20c

NEW IDEA PAPER PATTERNS ..... 2 for 15c.

The Hutcheson Co., Ld. Aug 6 1905 Victoria, B. C.

B. C. Fruit Made a Hit

R. M. Palmer Pleased With Success at the Winnipeg Exposition.

Display Acknowledged to Be the Fair's Most Attractive Feature.

Hon. R. G. Tatlow is in receipt of the following letter from R. M. Palmer, in charge of the British Columbia fruit exhibit at the Northwest exhibitions:

Winnipeg, July 30, 1905.

The Hon. R. G. Tatlow, Minister of Finance and Agriculture, Victoria, B. C.

Dear Sir,—The Winnipeg Exhibition came to a close on the evening of the 28th instant. The weather was fine and warm and the attendance on the 26th and 27th instant was phenomenal, over sixty thousand people passed the gates on those days.

I think we have every reason to be satisfied with the results achieved in connection with the B. C. fruit exhibit, which was acknowledged to be the most attractive feature of the Exhibition. Our fresh fruits exhibit were well maintained and arrived for the most part in excellent condition, the only exceptions being a few crates of blackberries and loganberries, which did not receive sufficient care in handling while en route. In peaches, cherries and early apples, we had an excellent display, and it was a matter of general surprise to visitors that so varied a showing could be made so early in the season. Our peaches and cherries particularly were much finer and better in quality than similar fruits offered for sale on the city markets, so that as a practical demonstration of B. C. products, they commanded general attention from both wholesale and retail dealers in fruits.

To show the wide range of country from which the exhibits were drawn, I may mention we received exhibits of cherries, peaches, early apples and plums, from Kelowna, Summerland and Peachland—apples, pears and plums from Kamloops.

Peaches, apples, blackberries, loganberries and raspberries from Hammond, apples and plums from Chilliwack, cherries, blackberries, pears and apples from Mount Lehman, apples plums and cherries from New Westminster, cherries, red currants, black raspberries from Nelson, apples, cherries, peaches, plums, gooseberries and loganberries from Victoria; greenhouse tomatoes from Victoria and Vancouver.

The demand for information in regard to the province has been very great, particularly in regard to the principal fruit growing districts. I have forwarded under separate cover copies of the B. C. exhibit. These are by the Winnipeg Free Press photographer, and the illustration was reproduced in the exhibition issue of that paper, which has also been very generous in the matter of notices and complimentary references to the exhibit.

I have much pleasure in stating that the directors and officials of the Winnipeg Agricultural and Industrial Association have extended every courtesy and attention possible in connection with our exhibit. Many of them propose to visit British Columbia during the time of the forthcoming Dominion Exhibition at New Westminster, when I trust opportunity will offer to reciprocate the kindness received at their hands.

The preserved fruit exhibits have been repacked and forwarded to Brandon. I propose leaving for the same destination on the 31st inst., and hope to have our exhibits in place by the evening of the 1st proximo. Fresh supplies of fruit in season are due to arrive at Brandon on the same date.

With favorable weather there will undoubtedly be a very large attendance at the Brandon Fair, which is essentially a farmers' show. It runs from the 1st to the 4th prox.

(Sd.) R. M. PALMER,
Commissioner.

BRITISH COLUMBIA FRUIT EXHIBIT AT WINNIPEG EXPOSITION.

Our Store
At 35 Johnson Street
Is Closed

But we are to be found at the
SHOE EMPORIUM
Cor. Govt. and Johnson Sts.
Where we will be pleased to see our Customers. : :

The Paterson Shoe Co., Ltd.
N. B.—Our Sale Is Still On.

Annual Outing.—The annual outing of the Sons of England was held at the Gorge yesterday. A large number of members and friends of the lodge were present and spent a very enjoyable afternoon. A lengthy programme had been arranged and there were many competitors in every event. Although most of the events were for members of the lodge, there were several open, and these were more than filled. Besides those who took in the racing events a number took advantage of the dressing rooms to enjoy a swim. In the mile race for members of the society T. Croot was the winner, J. Painter second and Logan third. R. Murrant took first prize for throwing the hammer and is said to have made a new record. The judges for the afternoon's events were: R. Hall, M.P.P., A. Lee, G. Orton, J. L. Croot, J. W. Crocker and R. Murrant.

Petition For Tram Line Extension

Residents of North Douglas St. Ask for Street Car Facilities.

Arguments Advanced to Show Need for the Proposed Change.

This week a deputation of residents in the neighborhood of Douglas street, consisting of Alan Dumbleton, Rev. W. Baugh Allen, George Dunn, Peter Elliston, presented to the local manager of the B. C. Electric Railway a petition signed by 400 residents of the Saanich road district.

The petition requested the company to extend the tram line for one mile along the Saanich road from the present Douglas street terminus, and was as follows:

Victoria, B. C., June 1, 1905.

A. T. Goward, Esq., Local Manager B. C. Electric Railway Co., Victoria, B. C.:

Dear Sir,—We the undersigned residents of the city of Victoria and Victoria District in the immediate vicinity of Saanich road, wish to request your company to extend for about one mile the tram line along Saanich road. This extension would be of great convenience to the large number of residents in that vicinity, and we are sure you would find it well patronized.

Your petitioners wish to point out that the tram line at one time ran as far as Tolmie avenue, and a number of persons purchased property and built expecting that the line would still continue to run as far. The discontinuing to do so has worked a hardship in these cases.

The line in all possibility could be constructed at a much less cost than ordinarily, as the posts of the old line still remain.

Since discontinuing to run, the population in this vicinity has increased so much that we feel we are justified from a business point of view in asking you to extend the line. In event of your extending it we promise yo uour support.

Hoping you will give this your favorable consideration, we are

Yours respectfully.

Mr. Elliston Speaks

Mr. Elliston in supporting the petition for the extension of the tramway along the Saanich road, said: There are several additional considerations that I beg to bring before your notice.

During the last session of the provincial parliament a grant was allowed for the construction of a road from the late Hon. Theodore Davie's house straight up into Columbia avenue. This new road will bring you right into the midst of the fruit district. As you may perhaps be aware, during the past few years, there has sprung up on the north side of Victoria a very considerable fruit industry. Pioneers like Mr. Fred Saul and Mr. Palmer, have proved that fruit can be raised on this high ground with great success and profit. The consequence being that along Columbia avenue and the immediate vicinity the land owners have planted out a great number of trees. For about one and one-half miles along each side of the road are neatly cultivated orchards that in a year or so will be fine trees bearing great quantities of apples, pears, plums and cherries.

In addition to the above, from about the end of May till the end of August there is raised a succession of small fruits and vegetables. This year large quantities of rhubarb, strawberries, raspberries, blackberries and logan berries were sent to market. The strawberries alone, and this year a bad year, amounted to two thousand crates. This is only a drop compared to the volume that will be forthcoming in a year or two. As soon as the small fruit crop is over, the cherries and plums come on, these are followed by pears and apples and the harvest continues till Christmas.

At present there are something in the neighborhood of 8,000 trees planted and growing, many of them bearing. At a moderate estimate you get a box of fruit per tree, so that would give 8,000 boxes. I know for a fact that next spring another 30 acres are to be planted out in fruit trees.

Business Opportunities

All these goods have to be taken to Victoria for shipment to the Northwest and other markets, and the present method of carting with horse and wagon is slow, expensive and out of date. The best made wagon is bumpy and shakes up the fruit, with perishable goods this is a very important consideration, and on a well laid car-track it would reach Victoria in a very much better condition.

In the same way as there is a large quantity of freight going out, there is a certain quantity coming in. We want oats, foodstuffs, hay, empty boxes and all the stable manure we can get from the city. If you had a track out to the district you could do this cheaper for us than horse haulage and at a profit to yourselves. Fruits cannot be raised and picked without labor, in the strawberry season you require six or seven pickers to an acre. These pickers have to get from Victoria and return at night. Londowners would willingly pay the pickers' fare, because a man riding out on a car will be fresher and more ready for work than a man who has walked out two and one-half miles along a dusty road. I should say the number of pickers required next year will be near 100 men.

Now, in pointing out the possibilities of the fruit traffic I have not touched on other channels from which your company might draw a revenue. I allude to the tourist traffic.

The B. C. Electric Railway Company has just extended its lines to the Gorge. Now to get to the Gorge you have a ride through a not too beautiful part of Victoria. All you hope to make out of the Gorge line is out of pleasure traffic during the summer months. Now, if you are willing to extend your limits up to Columbia avenue via the new Cloverdale avenue as far say for the present as the pumping station, we offer you a double advantage.

Beauties of the District

Any strangers visiting Victoria who have visited this part of the country unanimously agreed that from no part of the peninsula do you get so fine a view. As you climb by easy grade from the Saanich road you get a magnificent view of the city, the Straits and the mountains beyond. Reaching Columbia avenue, if you care to get off the road on to the high hill at the side, you can see a stretch of scenery unrivalled in the world, Mount Baker, the Olympias, Cedar Hill, the Islands towards Vancouver, and Swan Lake, with the valley around, all lie, so to speak, at your feet. The ride in the cars to Portland Heights cannot compare in any way with this. Vancouver Island is to be the fruit garden of Canada; there you have orchards. In the spring you have the trees with their various blossoms to show the tourist. In the Annapolis Valley it is the custom for the railway companies to run excursions from Boston, Halifax and St. John's just to see the trees in bloom. Hundreds of people avail themselves of this opportunity. If you go to the orange district of California the first thing you want to see are the groves and the local tramways give you every facility to see them. It ought to be the same way in Victoria, and you could have no better district to show the tourist than Columbia avenue. Men have put considerable money and trouble into the fruit business and have made a success of it, and it is now the time to get hold of the people visiting and to take them up and show them what can be done, so that they may come, settle and do likewise for the benefit of themselves and Victoria.

Again, there is one more matter and that is that from here is but a step to Cordova Bay. Cordova Bay ought to be too well known to Victorians to speak of its merits. Every summer its beach is lined with summer camps. What a site for development, with its splendid bathing and boating facilities?

If the B. C. Electric Railway Company is not prepared to move in this matter, it is possible that the fruit-growers will furnish a motor to carry their freight to market. If this were done, when at some future date you do carry the tracks up this way, you will find that the freight business has slipped from your hands. The industry has been started and you ought to be in to share in the profits.

In conclusion, that once the car line reaches this part of Victoria, there are a great number of people who will take up land and settle.

AN OLD ARAB'S FALSE TEETH.

Sheikh Mahommed Ali Omar Or, head of the Geniiab Arabs, who has arrived at Khartoum, has been presented by the Sirdar with a complete set of false teeth. He is extremely proud of them and hopes to amaze the rest of his tribe when he arrives home. His only misgiving is the effect on his inside. He expressed his fears in this way:

"God gave me teeth and took them away when I grew old. He knows best. Now man has put new ones in. Can the doctor of the teeth tell me what is good for my inside"

This Season's Goods—One-fifth off on all Raincoats and Overcoats. B. Williams & Company. *

APPLYING THE "CENSURE."

While King Alfonso of Spain was visiting Paris, he asked M. Doumer, president of the chamber, if he had to be severe in the exercise of his authority. "Not exactly ferocious," said M. Doumer. "Since I have been president I have had to apply the censure only twice." "And for what reason?" asked the King. "Because the deputies concerned had spoken ill of the republic." "Oh," said Alfonso, with a smile, "if I applied the censure to all who speak ill of me, I should have nothing else to do." Upon this M. Loubet, lifting his hands to heaven, exclaimed: "And what about me?"

Our Loss Your Opportunity—All Flannel Suits half price to clear. B. Williams & Company. *

CITY CHURCHES

Christ Church Cathedral.

Services: Holy communion, 8 a. m.; morning service and holy communion, 11 a. m.; evening service, 7 p. m.

The music set for the day follows:

Morning.

Voluntary—Allegretto ..... J. T. Field
Venite ..... Dr. Alcock
Psalms for 6th Morning....Cath. Psalter
Te Deum ..... J. T. Field
Benedictus ..... Dr. Garrett
Kyrie ..... Godfrey
Gloria ..... Godfrey
Hymns 7, 170, 555
Voluntary—Elevation ..... Guilmant

Evening.

Voluntary—Adoration ..... Dr. Gaul
Procession Hymn 175
Psalms for 6th Evening.... Cath. Psalter
Magnificat ..... G. E. Williams
Nunc Dimittis ..... Turle from Spohr
Anthem—"Praise Yet the Father"..Gounod
Hymns 243, 28
Vesper Hymn ..... M. S.
Recessional 477
Voluntary—Marche Solemelle ....Gounod

St. James'.

Rector, Rev. J. H. S. Sweet. Matins and sermon at 11, holy communion at 12, children's service at 3, evensong and sermon at 7.

The music is as follows:

Morning.

Organ—Voluntary .....
Venite and Psalms..... Cathedral Psalter
Te Deum ..... Macpherson
Benedictus ..... Langdon
Hymns 4, 260
Communion Hymn 323
Organ—Voluntary .....

Evening.

Organ—Voluntary .....
Psalms ..... Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat ..... Barnby
Nunc Dimittis ..... S. John
Hymns 222, 217, 28
Vesper Hymn ..... M. S.
Organ—Voluntary .....

St. John's

Rev. Percival Jenns will preach in the morning and the Rev. A. J. Stanley Ard in the evening. Morning prayer and holy communion at 11 o'clock a. m.

The following is the music for the day:

Morning.

Organ—Andante ..... Basil Harwood
Venite ..... Alcock
Psalms for the 6th Day.... Cath. Psalter
Te Deum ..... Lawes
Jubilate ..... Ayrton
Hymn 259
Kyrie ..... Burnett
Gloria Tibi ..... Burnett
Hymn 321

Evening.

Organ—Berceuse ..... Delshaves
Psalms ..... Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat ..... Barnby
Nunc Dimittis ..... Felton
Hymns 289, 285, 274
Vesper ..... Burnett
Organ—Allegretto ..... Andre

Church of Our Lord.

At the above church services at 11 and 7, with sermons by Rev. C. E. Russell, rector of St. David's church, Ottawa.

The music follows:

Morning.

Organ—Melody in G ..... Jules Therese
Venite and Psalfs as Set.....
Te Deum—XI ..... Mercer
Jubilate—XIV ..... Mercer
Hymn 120
Kyrie ..... Gounod
Hymns ..... 163 A. and M., 215
Hymn 433

Evening.

Organ—Andante ..... Max Osler
Psalms as Set .....
Magnificat—IV ..... Mercer
Nunc Dimittis—I ..... Mercer
Hymns 25, 289, 280
Doxology ..... Sullivan
Organ—Grand March .... Julius Therese

St. Barnabas'.

There will be a celebration of the holy eucharist at 8 a. m.; matins at 10:30 a. m.; choral eucharist at 11 a. m. Preacher, the Rev. A. S. Madill, organizing secretary to the Church Bible and Prayer Book Society; children's service at 2:30; evensong at 7. Preacher, the rector; subject, "The Transfiguration."

The musical arrangements are:

Morning.

Organ—Devotion ..... Mendelssohn
Communion Service.... Smart in E Flat
Offertory Anthem ..... Barnby
Hymns 460, 322, 318, 149
Nunc Dimittis ..... St. John
Organ—Postlude in D ..... Rinck

Evening.

Organ—Pastorale in G .....Smart
Psalms ..... Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat ..... Barnby in E
Nunc Dimittis ..... Dr. Wesley
Hymns 179, 461, 460
Vesper ..... M. S.
Organ—"And He Shall Purify"....Handel

St. Mark's.

Morning prayer and holy communion at 11 a. m.; children's service at 3 p. m.; evening prayer at 7 p. m. Preacher at all three services, the rector, Rev. W. Baugh Allen.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian.

Pastor, Rev. W. Leslie Clay, B. A. Services will be held at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. The preacher for the day will be the Rev. Dr. Rankin, D. D., of Brigham, Utah. Sunday school at 2:30.

The musical arrangements are as follows:

Morning.

Voluntary—"Andante Religioso"... Bridge
Psalm 23
Anthem—"The King of Love"... Simper
Soprano Solo, Miss McCoy.
Hymns 22, 132
Solo—"Recessional" ..... DeKoven
Miss Queenie McCoy.
Voluntary—"Canto Drammatico"..Roeckel

Evening.

Voluntary—"A Sunset Melody"....Vincent
Psalm 26
Anthem—"Fear Not O Lord" .... Simper
Bass Solo,, Mr. D. B. Christopher.
Hymns 178, 376
Solo—"That Sweet Story of Old"....West
Mrs. Oglesbee.
Voluntary—"March Heroique".. Richmond

First Presbyterian.

Corner Blanchard and Pandora streets. Rev. Dr. Campbell, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 2:30. Strangers and visitors made welcome at all the services.

Metropolitan Methodist.

The pastor, Rev. G. K. B. Adams, will occupy the pulpit at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Splendid musical service under direction of Mr. Gideon Hicks. Classes 10 a. m., Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Spring Ridge S. S. at 2:45 p. m. Tourists and strangers most cordially welcome.

Centennial Methodist.

The services today will be conducted by the pastor, who will preach at 11 a. m. on "Three Great Parables." At 7 p. m., "The Value of a Man."

The music will be as follows:

Morning.

Te Deum ..... Jackson

Evening.

Anthem—"In Humble Faith".....Garrett
Duet—"Ever Near Us" .....Abt
By Mrs. McPherson of Vancouver, and W. Hicks.

A cordial invitation extended to strangers in the city to attend.

Victoria West Methodist.

The pastor, R. J. McIntyre, will preach at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Morning subject, "My Estimate of Christ." Evening, "Lessons From the Life of Joseph." Sunday school and Bible class in the afternoon at 2:30. The public is cordially invited to these services.

Calvary Baptist.

Rev. J. F. Vicherts M. A., pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. The pulpit will be occupied morning and evening by Rev. J. Banton, of Nanaimo. There will be special music at each service. Sunday school and Bible class at 2:30 p. m.

Burnside Baptist.

Divine service in the Mission, Tennyson road, this evening at 7 o'clock. Wm. Marchant will be the speaker. Sunday school and Bible class at 2:30 p. m.

First Congregational.

Public worship at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. The pastor, Rev. Hermon A. Carson, B. A., will conduct both services. Morning theme will be "The Gracious Invitation." Evening, "A Unity of One Dimension." At the conclusion of the morning service the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered. Sunday school at 2:30 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E. society meets at 8:15. All seats free; all cordially welcomed.

Lutheran Church.

Ordination services at the above church today at 11 o'clock. Rev. C. Proehl of Mendota, Ill., and Rev. Knappe of Seattle, will conduct the services. Rev. Proehl, who is the president of the committee on missions in this church, and a very popular and efficient pastor, will preach, and Rev. Knappe delivers the ordination address.

Craigflower Mission.

The usual fortnightly mission service, with an address, will be held in the Craigflower schoolhouse at 3 p. m. Missioner, J. S. Bailey.

Universal Brotherhood

Universal Brotherhood and Theosophical Society Centre No. 87, holds a public meeting at 28 Broad street every Sunday evening at 8 o'clock, when short addresses are given and questions answered. Subjects for today: "Man's Destiny," "Opportunity." Written questions are invited from the audience.

Christian Science Society.

Regular Sunday services are held at 87 Pandora street at 11 a. m. Subject today, "Soul."

Church of Christ

(Christians, disciples), meets in Fernwood Odd Fellows Hall, near corner of North Chatham street and Fernwood road. Services, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. All invited to come.

Free Lectures.

Mr. W. I. Warner, who is giving a course of free lectures in the A. O. U. W. Hall Sunday evenings, will take for his subject this evening Daniel's prophecy concerning the rise and fall of Babylon, Medo-Persia, Greece and Rome, illustrated by maps, diagrams, etc. Lecture commences at 8 o'clock. All are cordially invited.

A VICTORY.

(By Elizabeth M. Hopkins, nee Bessie Nuttall.)

A Soul stood trembling at the Border Gate
That leads beyond, where Good and Evil wait,
And he was troubled for his passing life,
Knew less of good, than bitterness and strife.
Then wearied, pained, the wandering spirit fell
Before the Gate, the way to Heaven or Hell;
When sudden on the dim and fading eyes
A darkness fell, he struggled to arise;
But gloomy wings beat on the fearful Soul
And looking up he saw the fierce eyes roll:
He felt the eager grasp, he heard the cruel voice say:
"Mine, mine, and only mine for ever and for aye."
The lips of the Pilgrim faltered, "Then tell me who art thou?"
"Full oft in yonder lifetime methought I saw thee bow
To the dusky Crown of Evil and kiss her lavish hand,
Perchance thou hast forgotten the heedless, merry band."
The Soul was silent; but in aching pain he thought
Of the resting place he longed for, the prize that he had sought;
And he prayed as he had never in the dead and by-gone days,
Till the voice of the Fiend grew fainter, and dimmer was his gaze.
And out of the gloom and darkness, a white robed figure grew,
Which shone with Heavenly radiance, and the spirit nearer drew;
As He stood in the golden glory, his black robes turned to white,
And a star fell on His forehead as He passed from dark to light.

LIFE IN CIRCULAR HOUSES.

Circulating Has the Effect of Unsettling the Brain After a Time.

Chicago Chronicle.

The Minot Ledge Light is famed for the number of men who have gone crazy in it, and for that reason it is an object of interest to students of mental disease. It is, as everybody knows, a piece of engineering of the highest order, being in that respect only second to the famous Eddystone light. More than a year was consumed in getting a foundation for it, and so high are the tides and so terrific the storms that the entrance to the light is more than forty feet above the water.

Then, one above the other, come the fire rooms occupied by the keepers and used for storage purposes, and then the watch room and finally the lantern. The tower being circular and space greatly in demand, naturally everything is made to conform, so that no room shall be lost. Even the beds on which the men sleep are curved, the tables against the walls are circular, and the benches are half-moon. Everything is round.

In this lighthouse there have been at least five well marked cases of insanity, and others in which madness has been inspected, and the men relieved from duty. Experts in mental diseases who have made a study of conditions at the Minot Ledge light attribute the unusual prevalence of insanity there to its peculiar form of structure. There is no point they say on which the eye may rest, so it travels round and round in a maddening whirl.

They therefore suggest that some means be devised for filling curves and producing corners and angles. In support of their theory they cite instances of men who have lost their mental balance during long confinement in circular prisons, but have quickly regained it on being transferred to an ordinary room of corners and angles.

Baron Trenck spent much of his time in prison making marks and corners to break the circularity of his surroundings and keep his reason from slipping away on the whirl and encircling walls. Casanova, an Italian engineer, who was imprisoned in a round tower, gives much the same testimony. He says he felt great mental relief on being moved to an ordinary square room.

As it is well nigh impossible to make much change in the form of the structure of the Minot Ledge Lighthouse, the number of men in charge of it has been increased to five, in order that they may have frequent leaves from duty and take turns in going ashore for a visit to family and friends. This system has resulted in a decrease in the number of cases of melancholia and more serious mental disorders.

In fact, but for the frequent changes made in the service by shifting men from one station to another, the number of cases of this sort everywhere would be much greater than it is. In some cases a man is kept in a place for only a few months, and then sent to some less isolated station for a while.

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Have You Seen the New
EARLY AUTUMN
OUTING HATS?
We Are Showing the First to Arrive in Town
THE ROOSEVELT
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THE ROADSTER

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Housekeepers' Bargains For Saturday

3-POUND PAIL LARD ..... 35c.
MANITOBA CREAMERY BUTTER, lb ..... 25c.
FRESH EASTERN EGGS, doz ..... 25c.
GREEN PEAS, can ..... 10c.
CHOICE CEYLON TEA, lb ..... 35c.

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Of Hats, Blouse Waists and Dress Muslins

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Builders and General Hardware, Lawn Mowers, Wire Netting, Garden Tools.
CALL AND GET PRICES

ELFORD ST.

Choice Building Lots

Several very choice lots on this road at very reasonable prices.

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For every purpose—Steam, Electric, Triplex Power, Multistage-Centrifugal, Brewers' Pumps, etc. We carry the largest stock in British Columbia, and can give immediate delivery on standard sizes.

AIR-COMPRESSORS for any dut y. Our Davenport type has special features which will interest you.

WATER-TUBE BOILERS—We m anufacture the best.

STRUCTURAL IRONWORK.

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NORTH SAANICH

FOR SALE—The well known farm of "Coorheen," at North Saanich, about 20 miles from Victoria, the property of Mrs. le Poer-Trench, consisting of 325 acres (more or less), of which about 100 are under cultivation. The location of this property is unique with its attractive grounds and charming natural surroundings, commanding as it does an exceptionally fine panoramic view, with the distant Cowichan hills in the background. It has a frontage of nearly a mile on the salt water; there is an excellent orchard, and the barns and outbuildings are in good order. For further particulars apply to

A. W. Jones, 28 Fort Street

Launch Supplies

Sparking Dynamos, Wet, Dry and Storage Batteries, Spark Coils, Spark Plugs, Battery Testers, etc. . . . . .

Prompt Shipments Our Specialty

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If not, protect yourself without delay by a policy in the LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, one of the oldest and best companies.

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TEMPLE BUILDING, FORT STREET, VICTORIA.

$1.25 Per Sack New Island Potatoes

100 Pounds

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ONE SMOKE of our NUGGET CIGAR

Manufactured from Best Quality "Ha vana" by the

Pacific Cigar Co., 105 Johnson St

Makes Troubles a Thing of the Past.

The Mystery Of Hill Island

Strange Disappearance of Walter Stanley Settler on West Coast Isle.

Provincial Police Officer Reports Regarding Investigation Made by Him.

Provincial Constable Cox and Indian Agent A. W. Neill of Alberni have reported to Supt. F. S. Hussey of the provincial police of the investigation made by them regarding the disappearance of Walter Stanley, the settler who recently disappeared from his ranch on Hill Island, in the vicinity of the cable station at Bamfield Creek. They were unable to throw any light upon the mystery. The settler had vanished, but there remained the clothes he had been wearing, his suspenders on the trousers and his socks tucked in his boots as though he had undressed a short time before he disappeared.

Stanley lived alone on the small isle in Barkley Sound. He was a quiet man, of an easy-going disposition, and preferred solitude. By many who had called at the island he was considered silly, half-witted, some said. But his character was rather that of a simple-minded man, and it was not thought that he would suicide. He was known to have earned $75, and had half, at least, of this money when he disappeared. The money was in a small canvas bag, which he kept suspended from his neck. This bag cannot be found. The only articles otherwise known to have been in his possession which are missing are his shotgun, an axe, a cap, and, perchance, an undershirt. Everything else remained in its usual place.

Two undershirts and a pair of trousers, evidently those he had been wearing shortly before—they had his suspenders attached to them—and a handkerchief, and 70 cents in small silver, were in the pockets. The

Boots Were Also in His Tent

with the socks pushed inside them. He was last reported to have been visited at his camp on July 3, and then had spoken to the visitor of doing some slashing. He seemed quite contented and in good spirits. It was on July 11 that he was positively missed. On the 8th an Indian was seen in the neighborhood, although no one saw the siwash upon the island. But the landing of Indians at the camp of the missing man was not unusual, as it lay on the route used by the Indians in going to and from the villages on Alberni canal and Barkley Sound. Two sealers visited the vicinity on July 8, remaining two days, when they sailed for Behring sea.

Various theories are assigned by the officers for the disappearance of the settler, but none seem to throw any light upon it. Both the boats belonging to the missing man, with their oars, were and still are, on the beach. It may have been that he left his tent, leaving his clothes there, to swim in the waters fronting his camp, where the beach is a long one, and the water is shallow for some distance, with

The Possibility of Being Drowned

and his shotgun and axe, the most valuable articles about the place, may have been stolen. Again, it is held he may have gone with the Indians who migrated to the Fraser about the time he disappeared; but it would be hard to account for his leaving his pants, his boots and socks behind in this case.

Another theory held was that he may have been seen on the beach with his bag of money and been murdered. There are no signs of a struggle about the tent, and if any signs had been left on the beach they would have been obliterated by the rising tide. It is thought by others that he may have gone somewhere on the island to look at a trap and accidentally shot himself. He often went about barcheaded, although he had never been seen to wander about without his clothes. A theory also held is that he may have gone on board one of the sealers and be in Behring sea. The officers recommended that a thorough search of the island be made.

PROMINENT PEOPLE

Testify to the Efficacy of the New Scientific Dandruff Treatment.

A. E. Lanier, Denver, says: "Herpicide has made my hair grow rapidly."

Mrs. A. Guerin, Great Falls, Mont., says: "I find Herpicide an excellent dandruff cure."

H. Greenland, Portland, Ore., says: "Newbro's Herpicide stopped my hair's falling out."

J. D. Israel, Norton, Wash., says: "Herpicide has completely cured my dandruff."

Charles Brown, President First National Bank, Vancouver, Wash., says: "Herpicide is noted for keeping the scalp clean."

Insist upon the genuine. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. C. H. Bowes & Co., 98 Government street, Special Agents.

Use telephone to Vancouver.

Local News.

Goes to Duncan's.—The Cowichan Leader announces that S. B. Netherby will be placed in charge of the Duncan school when the fall term opens.

Refuge Home.—The regular monthly and annual meeting of the Refuge Home committee will be held at the home on Tuesday next at 3 p. m.

Completing Hotel.—The new hotel at Cowichan bay is nearing completion and is a neat looking building. It commands a very nice view of the bay and mountains.

Rock Bay Bridge.—Word is being awaited by the council from Ottawa before permitting the work of constructing two sections of the Rock Bay bridge. The Dominion's sanction of the work must first be obtained before the contract is proceeded with, and it is this that is now causing delay.

New Directory.—Bert Hobbis, the Victoria agent, is now delivering Henderson's British Columbia Gazeteer. The new book shows a large increase throughout the province, a number of new firms and businesses started, besides numerous changes. The publishers issue all the directories in this province, Manitoba and the Northwest Territories.

Located in Africa.—Mrs. R. H. Whidden of Duncans received a letter last week from Mr. and Mrs. S. Davis. Mr. Davis is now in South Africa running a hoist at the Rand mines. They live at Bragham, Transvaal. Mr. Davis said they had snow in Natal June 1st this year. Mr. Davis was engineer for the Tyee mine for a long time.

Private Nursing Home.—A private nursing home for obstetrical work has been opened by Miss E. H. Jones, the well-known nurse, at 66 Rae street, just below Quadra. The building is large, well arranged, and is supplied with every facility for the treatment for which it is intended. Miss Jones, who is a graduate of St. Mary's hospital, Manchester, will be in charge.

Lay Corner Stone.—A very interesting ceremony is to take place in Duncans on or about the 26th of this month, when the grand master of the Masonic jurisdiction with his gdand lodge officers will lay the corner stone of the new church. The building will be dedicated to St. John the Baptist. This will be the first public Masonic function seen in Duncans and an interesting ceremony.

Purchased Boilers.—The Canada Foundry Company, Ltd., has recently closed a contract with the Western Fuel Company for two seventy-two-inch diameter by eighteen feet long a hundred-and-fifty-horsepower horizontal tubular boilers, working pressure a hundred and twenty-five pounds per square inch, complete with smokestacks fifty inches in diameter by ninety feet.

Revisited Province.—Sister Sarah, a member of the Anglican Sisterhood in charge of All Hallows school at Yale, left for England on Friday, after a short visit to British Columbia. Sister Sarah is the eldest daughter of the late Ven. Archdeacon Woods of New Westminster, and this was her first visit to the province since she left for England to join the order eighteen years ago.

The Waterworks.—Ald. Hanna will give the council until a week from Monday next to consider the various waterworks propositions, and if no action is taken by that time he will press for a vote to be taken on his motion calling for the cancellation of the contract which the city has with the Tramway Company. The council will have an interview shortly with T. Lubbe on the question of acquiring Goldstream interests.

Regiment at Fair.—Considerable interest has been created by the decision reached by members of the Fifth regiment to accept the invitation of the management of the Dominion exposition to attend the opening early next month, and it is likely the militia will be accompanied by many civilians. It is proposed to take part in the programme of the first two days, and, with this in view, a class of about 150 men has been formed to practice physical drill. Master Gunner Mulcahy is in charge and gives instructions on Wednesday evenings.

A Bisley Souvenir.—Captain Hart-McHarg, of the Sixth Regiment, has received an interesting Bisley souvenir in the shape of a picture postcard from Captain Forrest. It represents a group photograph of the Canadian team, Kolapore cup winners, with their scores on the blackboard behind them. Captain Forrest himself is easily distinguished, as also are Captain Duff-Stuart of Vancouver, Richardson of Victoria and others. Their respective scores are also easily deciphered, including the 103 of Elliott of Toronto, which practically decided the destination of the trophy.

Knights of Pythias.—The annual pic nic of Victoria lodge No. 17 and Far West Lodge No. 1, Knights of Pythias, will be held on Tuesday next at the Gorge at Mrs. Marshall's grounds, when all Knights, their wives and families are invited. Children's sports start at 3 p. m. (cash prizes) and there will be a dance at 8 p. m. at Mrs. Marshall's hall. Visiting brethren are invited. Ice cream and cake will be served. Mrs. Davis' orchestra will discourse music. Cars leave Government and Johnson streets at 2:30 p. m. and every few minutes thereafter for the picnic and at 7 p. m. for the dance.

In Good Condition.—Wm. Newman, the new roadmaster for the island division of the C. P. R., has been making a tour of inspection of the road bed and bridges and reports that so far as he had gone the road and bridges were in splendid condition. Mr. Newman has been with the company for over twenty years and is well qualified to speak so, says the Cowichan Leader. He is also well liked by his men, as shown when he left Revelstoke, for those employed in his department, together with the citizens, presented Mr. and Mrs. Newman with a fine silver tea set, a cut glass set and a beautifully embossed address.

Dominion Rifle Meet.—On Monday of next week four members of the Fifth regiment rifle team, Co. Sergt.-Major Caven, Sergt. Carr, Sergt. Butler and Gunner Walter Winsby, will leave for Ottawa to participate in the Dominion meet. They will join others of the British Columbia Ottawa team at Vancouver. On arriving at the capital the local marksmen will be met by Sergts. Richardson and Brayshaw, who are on their way from Bisley. They will make up the full Fifth regiment team, enabling the representatives of the local corps to take part in a number of team shoots for valuable trophies that would otherwise be beyond their reach.

Mr. Cassidy Adrift.—At 8 o'clock last night Mr. Robert Cassidy, of the legal firm of Martin Cassidy, Weart & McQuarrie, with his hand placed lovingly on the starting lever of the gasoline engine of his launch, was explaining to a number of friends how impossible it was for a gasoline engine to get out of order, when one understood how to manage it, says the Vancouver Province. This was out in the middle of English Bay. At 8:05 Mr. Cassidy's craft was a derelict. She lay wallowing in the little wavelets as darkness was dropping over the water. The craft possessed no anchor, no lights and no whistle. But Mr. Cassidy and his friends had good and powerful lungs and the noise they made resulted in their being picked up by the cannery tug Constance, on her way from the Great Northern cannery to the city. The disabled launch was towed home, much to the delight of the party, none of whom wished to put in the night drifting about the bay.

Each tiny grain of WINDSOR TABLE SALT is a perfect crystal—pure and dry. That is why it never cakes.

Use telephone to Nanaimo.

MARK TWAIN AS ART CRITIC.

New York World.

Mark Twain was visiting H. H. Rogers, who led the humorist into the library.

"There," he said, as he pointed to a bust of white marble, "what do you think of that?"

It was the bust of a young woman coiling her hair.

Mr. Clements looked at it for a moment, and then said:

"It isn't true to nature."

"Why not?" Mr. Rogers asked.

"She ought to have her month full of hairpins."

WHEN LONDON ENTERTAINED KING EDWARD

WHEN FRANCE BANQUETED ALFONSO

WHEN CHICAGO WELCOMED ROOSEVELT

WHEN ENGLAND BADE FAREWELL TO CHOATE

MUMM'S WAS THE ONLY **CHAMPAGNE** SERVED AT THE BANQUETS

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44 GOVERNMENT ST.

THE COLLINS CASE.

Lawyer Whose Extradition Is Asked For Continues Argument.

Yesterday morning George D. Collins, the San Francisco lawyer who is sought by the state of California for alleged perjury, continued his argument on the motion for dismissal before Judge Lampman. He argued several objections at length, holding the superior court at San Francisco had no jurisdiction to try the suit for maintenance brought against him by "the person styling herself Charlotta Collins," in which suit the affidavit alleged to be false, and upon which the perjury charge has been based, was made. The court having no jurisdiction, consequently the oath-taking in a cause would be a nullity. Collins also contended, and argued at length, that the oath in question was not properly administered. The evidence was, he said, that he had taken the affidavit, already signed, before Notary Public A. J. Henry, raised his right hand and said, "I swear this is true," whereupon the notary had signed it and affixed his seal. He held this was insufficient. The law was that the officer so accredited was to administer the oath. The mere fact that he had gone into the notary's office and held up his right hand did not constitute the swearing of an oath. The circumstances, as deposed, would not constitute a valid oath.

Mr. Higgins—"Would not that oath be binding upon you?"

Mr. Collins—"That oath wouldn't be binding upon anyone, much less upon me."

When the laughter subsided the accused continued his argument, going on to another point—that the delivery of the affidavit in question had not been proven. He will continue this argument on Monday morning at 10:30 o'clock.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy—The Best in Existence.

T. M. Wood, manager of the White County News, Beebe, Ark., is a representative Southern business man, who does not hesitate in expressing his good opinion of a well known remedy. He says: "It gives me pleasure to recommend Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea remedy, having used it myself and in my family with the best results. In fact I believe it to be the best remedy of the kind in existence. Sold by all druggists.

Twenty dozen Straw Hats at 10c each, worth $1.25. B. Williams & Company. *

Lifebuoy Soap—disinfectant—is strongly recommended by the medical profession as a safeguard against infectious diseases. 22

Smart Goods.—Boys' Suits, size 22 to 25, $1.50 per suit to clear; worth $3. B. Williams & Company. *

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Mr. T. P. O'Connor, we notice, has just been writing of the House of Commons as quite a place for "loafers." It is a perfect forcing-house for them. It would be startling if we could have some account of the many able men whose careers have been ruined by the House of Commons. The proceedings this week, last week, any week, have encouraged loafing, lobbying, drifting about aimlessly in those who attend regularly and yet are practically out of the debates. In fact, the more the private member of parliament does his duty the more likely is he to become a loafer.—Saturday Review.

The boot and shoe sale at the Paterson Shoe Company's store, corner Government and Johnson streets, continues to dispense footwear at sale prices. *

Right in Half—The prices, not the Suits. $6 Flannel Suits now $3 at B. Williams & Company. *

Use telephone to Duncans.

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

WESTERN CANADA'S BIG STORE

A SAMPLE COLLECTION OF

SILVERWARE

From John Spiers & Co., Birmingham, England.

ON MONDAY we will place on sale this well known maker's line of Silverware at about half the usual price. Orders were taken for next fall from this set of samples in every large city in Canada. Victoria being the last city in which the agents wished to show this silverware, they were very anxious to dispose of the entire collection. We purchased the lot, less the duty, freight and a good discount besides, enabling us to sell at half and them make a fair profit.

These Goods Will Be on Sale MONDAY in the Rotunda

CONSTABLE WAS A PEACEMAKER

He Drew up Articles Worthy of a Solomon in a Nearby Peace Conference.

Not many miles away lives a constable who is something of a Solomon. He had been called in by a wife whose husband struck her on the arm with a stick and shoved her to the floor. The constable came in and asked the husband about the matter. He admitted he "had been a little rough," but he thought they'd better get together and settle things. The constable saw that a settlement in this way would be the best for all concerned, and here is where he became a Solomon. He was even a President Roosevelt. He mediated, and with the husband and wife they sat as a peace conference, articles of agreement being drawn up and ratified by the principles, with the constable as a witness. And this is how the record reads, a different name being substituted for that in the agreement for obvious reasons:

"We, the undersigned, agree to the following, viz:

"1. That Mrs. Jones has the right to engage in any work she can get, the money she makes to be for her own benefit.

"2. Mr. Jones engages not to interfere in the house and be kind to Mrs. Jones.

"3. Mrs. Jones also agrees to be kind to Mr. Jones.

"4. Mr. Jones allows Mrs. Jones a quarter of an acre of land for her own use entirely.

"5. Mrs. Jones promises faithfully not to carry tales to the neighbors about their home life."

OBITUARY.

The remains of the late Mrs. Sidney Scott Virtue were laid to rest yesterday afternoon. The funeral took place from Hayward's undertaking parlors at 2:30, and at Christ church cathedral at 2:45 o'clock. Services were conducted by the Rev. Canon Beanlands, the surplice choir being in attendance. Appropriate hymns were sung—"Rock of Ages" and "Nearer, My God, to Thee." The very large attendance of friends and the many beautiful floral offerings testified to the esteem in which the deceased lady was held. The following acted as pallbearers: F. Burrell, H. R. Eila, Chas. Gardiner, J. Savannah, Wm. Fernie and Alex. Munro.

The funeral of the late Norman McLeod took place yesterday afternoon from Hayward's undertaking parlors at 3:15 o'clock, where services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Campbell, and also at the grave. The following acted as pallbearers: R. B. McMicking, Capt. Butler, Capt. Gosse, W. M. Tyson, M. McCahill and J. W. Bland.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Larson, of Esquimalt, mourn the loss by death yesterday of their daughter, Florence M., aged 15 years. She was a native of this city. Her remains will be removed to the parlors of W. J. Hanna, from which place the funeral will take place on Monday morning to the Roman Catholic church at 8 o'clock. Interment will take place at Metchosen at 11 o'clock, the Rev. Father Leterme officiating.

Near the village of Womenswould, a few miles from Dover, there exists one of the most primitive dwelling-places in the country. Here an old woman and her son have for some thirty years past resided at the bottom of a disused chalk pit, a thatched hurdle being their only shelter from the weather. The pair are known locally as "Molly" and "Tom." The old woman informed a Dover correspondent that their name is Smith, and that they have never lived in a house. The son—a middle-aged man—earns a living as a sweep.

IMPORTANT AUCTION

Without Reserve of

Jewelry, Diamonds Watches, Clocks, Platedware, Etc.,

I am instructed by MR. J. E. CHURCH, ASSIGNEE of estate of E. Andernach, Jeweler, to sell on the premises, 92 GOVERNMENT ST.,

Commencing

THURSDAY, AUG. 10

AT 2 AND 8 P. M.,

And will continue from day to day until the whole of the stock is sold.

HARDAKER AUCTIONEER

The Merits of the Mason & Risch Piano

Are admitted on every hand. The construction is quite different to other pianos, and the special features are covered by patents in all countries. It is the knowledge of these SPECIAL qualities that make us

POSITIVE

that we can give you better value for your money, and therefore better satisfaction, than any other house. The SPECIAL FEATURES are

1st—Duplex Iron plate
2nd—Sectional Composite Pin Block
3rd—Resonant Sustension Sounding Board
4th—Equl Tempered, Equl Sonant Scale

DO **NOT**

BUY A PIANO until you have taken time to call and examine these SPECIAL FEATURES. "Their merits are Positive, not

COMPARATIVE

Don't forget that we are offering very special inducements during this month. You can get the BEST PIANO and SAVE MONEY by coming to us.

Hicks & Lovick Piano Co., Ltd.

88 GOVERNMENT STREET

A Sheffield (England) firm has on view in its window a pocket knife possessing 75 blades. Each blade has a local scene engraved upon it. The firm offers $5,000 to any person who can shut all the blades without cutting his fingers.

Shampooing Facial Massage and Scalp Treatment

Mrs. Kosche's HAIR DRESSING PARLORS

55 Douglas St. Phone 1175.

AUCTION

I am favored with instructions from Capt. Watts, who is ordered to Halifax, to sell at his residence, Signal Hill,

TUESDAY, AUGUST 8 2 p.m

ELEGANT ENGLISH

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OF LITERARY INTEREST

In the July Critic (New York), Mr. George S. Viereck makes the startling suggestion that Oscar Wilde is living. His reasons occupy four columns.

There is to be a George Crabbe celebration at Aldeburgh in September. As the Globe observes, "every honor is now paid Crabbe except that of reading him."

Under the will of Sir John Willox, whose estate is valued at £165,025, upwards of £60,000 is left to charities, including £10,000 to the Newspaper Press Fund, and there are large bequests to members of the staff of the Liverpool Courier.

There are some amusing literary stories in the Hon. F. Leveson-Gower's much read and much enjoyed "Bygone Years." For example, Mrs. Grote was fond of giving chaff. One day Mr. Reeve remarked that the road leading up to her house at Sydenham was so steep his fly could hardly get up it. Upon which she suggested that he had probably with him the last number of the Edinburgh Review, of which he was editor.

A correspondent calls the attention of the Westminster Gazette to the fact that the quotation from Job. "I have escaped with the skin of my teeth," is frequently rendered "by the skin of my teeth," which has, of course, an entirely different meaning, and that in a recent issue our contemporary stated that "safe seats are just retained by the skin of the teeth." This, it is remarked, is neither Job nor is it sense. "We will do our best not to repeat the offence," is the Westminster's apology.

Mrs. Gertrude Atherton declares that she cannot write in New York; at all events, that she cannot do her best work. Other American authors make the same complaint, saying, in the words of one, that New York is a "great hollow, metallic roar." By contrast they speak of the quiet of London although some of our own writers fly to the country when they have a book to tackle. If a vote of literary workers were taken on the capital cities in which they find the kindliest atmosphere, no doubt, the Book Monthly asserts, it would be fairly divided between Paris and London.

In the course of the recent unsuccessful application for the exemption of the Shakespeare Museum at Stratford from rates, at the Warwick Quarter Sessions, Mr. Sidney Lee was asked: "Do you think that any appreciable proportion of these (30,000) visitors are stimulated to spend a shilling for a copy of Shakespeare's works, instead of spending it at the public house?" The opposing counsel said in his speech: "Ann Hathaway's Cottage was really an excellent national sideshow, but there was really nothing in it. Anne herself played but a secondary part in Shakespeare's life. She was only his wife, and would not write or assist him in his writings."

What is the explanation (asks a Morning Post correspondent) of the interminable neglect of Edwin Waugh, the Lancashire poet, by literary critics? Forty years have passed since "th" owd singin' brid" sang himself into the affections of Lancashire folk, and yet not one in ten of those who pretend to know the byways as well as the highways of English poetry could quote a single quatrain of his making. He has been called "the Lancashire Burns" (by a Lancashire critic?)' but that is to ask too great a meed of praise, since it is but seldom that the true lyric cry so often uttered by the Scottish poet strikes through his placid Doric mood. But Waugh's "Come Whoam to the Childer an' Me," and such artless home-spun balads as "Neotofe" (Nightfall) and "Th' Sweetheart Gate" (gate-road) are each worth a dainty booklet of filigree verse by almost any minor poet. Best of all, perhaps, is the touching song which tells of his yearning to revisit a certain little town in a rift of the Pennine moorlands:

"A country teawn where one can meet
Wi' friends an' neighbours known;
Where one can lounge I' the market place
An' see the meadows mown."

and expresses once for all the homesickness of the moorlander compelled to live in some great city of the plains. Then there are his prose tales of old-fashioned Lancashire life in which Lobden Moor is always a protagonist, just as Egdon Heath is in Hardy's masterpiece. If Edwin Waugh be smaller than Burns, yet it is high time that he was "discovered" by the critic of catholic tastes.

"It is difficult to imagine a greater tribute to genius than the purchase by the municipality of Verona of "the house of the Capulets, where Juliet lived,' in order to keep it open for the public. That the child of Shakespeare's exquisite fancy should be so real that not only to guides and so forth, but even to a grave city council, the house in which she is supposed to have lived is a palpable mass of stone to be bought with real money, is surely something of which even Shakespeare might be proud. We know nothing quite like it, unless it be unending efforts of the Cervantists to identify with a real village that 'island of Barataria' over which the immortal Sancho ruled."—London Globe.

Few book collectors and those interested in books realize how large a percentage of the most costly books in the world are owned by J. Pierpont Morgan. In a list recently printed of 100 books which have brought from $2,500 to $25,000 at auction since 1812 Mr. Morgan is credited with the ownership of sixteen, or one-sixth of the highest priced books of the last 100 years. These sixteen books brought by auction over $11,000, and what the millionaire paid for them can only be conjectured. The famous "Psalter," the costliest printed book ever sold, was purchased by Mr. Morgan from the son of Bernard Quartritch about four years ago at a price supposed to be $26,000. Mr. Morgan has two copies of the first Bible, which cost him a substantial sum.

Henry H. Rogers, vice-president and acting executive of the Standard Oil, has other interests besides making money for himself. A story printed in The World's Work tells of his friendship and service for Mark Twain, and reveals a phase of his character that is little known. The story is told as follows:

"Once, years ago, Mr. Rogers read 'Roughing It.' He liked it so much that he read it again. Then he read it to his wife and his children. He said, 'If I ever have the chance to help the man who wrote it, I will.' And the chance came.

"When Webster & Co., (of which Mark Twain was a member) failed, every asset of the famous humorist, including the copyrights of his books, went down in the wreck. It was what is called 'a bad failure.' Mr. Clemens surrendered everything. Not long afterward, he walked into the Murray Hill Hotel one night with Dr. Rice, a well-known New York specialist. A man with a white moustache was seated on a divan.

"'There's a man you ought to know,' said Dr. Rice, 'and he'd like to know you. That's Henry H. Rogers.'

"Dr. Rice presented Mr. Clemens. Mr. Rogers knew of the Webster failure He asked permission to be of service. In forty-eight hours he was managing the author's business affairs. He gave his time, worth thousands of dollars a day, to recoup the fortunes of a broken literary man. Into it he put all his business acumen and energy. He found that Webster & Co. owed Mrs. Clemens personally $65,000 cash lent from her own pocket, upon the firm's notes. He made her a preferred creditor, and to secure the claim gave her the copyrights of her husband's books. In this way the books were saved for Mr. Clemens. They have been his principal asset. They were worth more to him than the gift of half a million dollars in cash. Mr. Rogers saw Mr. Clemens safely through these trying business troubles. But he did not stop there. Ever since he has, with a few others, constituted himself a guardian of Mr. Clemens' business affairs. Last year he aided in consummating the deal for the publication of Mark Twain's complete works, which placed the author beyond financial care for the rest of his days. Our of that service has grown an affectionate friendship between the men, remarkable for its contrast — on the one hand the astute, vigilant man, with his finger always on the business pulse and on the other, the lovable, dreamy humorist. They meet often, play euchre, and go on yachting trips."

Messrs. Sotheby, Wilkinson and Hodge's sale on Wednesday included the copy of the excessively rare quarto edition of Shakespeare's "Tragedies of King Richard The Third,' '1605. This copy, which is by no means a fine one, possesses an interest apart from its rarity as a Shakespeare quarto, for in five places is found a contemporary autograph of "Wm. Penn," which is probably that of the celebrated Admiral Sir William Penn (1621-1670), the father of the Founder of Pennsylvania. Bidding was started at £625, and at £1,750 it fell to Mr. A. Jackson, with Messrs. Sothern as underbidders. It will probably form one of many rarities in one of the several Shakespeare libraries which are now in course of formation by American collectors. The late Mr. Quaritch offered in his catalogue of 1884 a series of 15 quarto editions of Shakespeare's plays dating from 1600 to 1637 for £525, any one of which would now realize that sum.—London Times.

The London Times says Messrs Sotheby, Wilkinson, and Hodge included in their sale last week a copy of the extremely rare quarto play "The True Chronicle History of King Leir and His Three Daughters, Gonerill, Ragan and Cordella, as it hath bene divers and sundry times lately acted," 1605, the oldest known edition of this interesting play, though it was acted at the Rose Theatre in 1593. It is the precurser of the Shakespeare tragedy on the same subject, and its literary value, therefore, is very great. Lowndes records only one copy, now in the British Museum, and it is much rarer than the Shakespeare quarto of 1608. It realized £480, and was purchased by Mr. A. Jackson.

Bliss Carman tells this story as a reminiscence of his experience as a Chicago editor some years ago. He had received and printed some verses from a certain poetess of passion, beginning thus:

The joy in me rises, rises
And will not be suppressed,
The joy in me rises, rises,
Into my throat and breast.

Relating the incident recently to some friends in his studio, the poet-editor delivered the following letter as being the sequel to the publication of the verses:

"Dear Sir,—I have just read the spring song which appears in your May number. I do not wish to be inquisitive, but being a young housekeeper and interested in baking powders, I would be pleased to know what brand the author uses, as it must possess remarkable rising qualities. An answer would much oblige a seeker after the best in all forms."—New York Times.

The love for backstairs' gossip about great men and noted, if not good, women, is indicated by the great popularity of the work entitled "The Creevey Papers," which was brought out in two volumes last year and which has already passed through seven or eight editions, and is now reprinted in a single compact volume of some seven hundred pages. Thomas Creevey, to whom were written, and who wrote, the letters here printed, and who is also the author of the fragmentary diary given, was a politician of some importance about the time of the Napoleonic wars. He was a droll, clever fellow; knew intimately Fox, Sheridan, Canning, Pitt, and was an intimate of the Prince of Wales, afterward George the Fourth. When he wrote he wrote vigorously; was a good hater; was ever curious about the lives and deeds of his party leaders or his opponents; and preserved all the letters he received and copies of those he wrote, one-fiftieth of which are now published.

Out of his wealth of experience and knowledge of early Ontario politics and the political history of Confederation days, Mr. Justice McMahon, of the Supreme Court, proposes to write a volume of memoirs which promises to be the most interesting contribution yet made to the scant literature of our province. There are many men living who remember those days and some who took an active part in the making of their history, but there are few who were so intimately connected with the stirring events as Mr. Justice McMahon, and none who has the same mass of material and notes and papers carefully collected, which place him in possession of all the important facts with absolute accuracy.

Judge McMahon was acquainted with most of the leading men in the political field of Confederation days, and was intimately connected with some of them, notably the late Thomas D'Arcy McGee, of whom he has the most pleasant recollection.

As the Judge took an active part in the political contests in most of the Western constituencies from 1867, when the "no party" cry triumphed at the polls, down to 1883, and as he during that time had come in contact with the leading politicians of the day, a narrative of what then took place will be not only entertaining but of value as political history.

In 1867 Judge McMahon supported Sandfield Macdonald, but in 1871 he opposed his government with such vigor that the Hon. David Mills stated, he considered that Sandfield's defeat was largely due to Judge McMahon's efforts.

In 1874 Judge McMahon was a candidate in London for the House of Commons, and in 1878 ran against the late Rufus Stephenson, M. P., in Kent. He remarked, however, that on principle he should have refused contesting Kent, and said that he would indicate in the reminiscences what the principle was he considered had been violated by his candidature.—Toronto News.

Great Authors Mistakes

Often Caught Tripping.

The good lady who, in a recently-published novel, has made her hero and heroine elope on a convenient locomotive a dozen years before there was a yard of railway in England, may plead that she has sinned in excellent company.

Shakespeare himself was sublime in his indifference to chronology, for did he not in "Julius Caesar" set a clock striking three in ancient Rome long centuries before the first stroke of an actual clock was ever heard; and did he not set the printing press to work generations before Gutenberg was even cradled? He introduces a billiard table into Cleopatra's summer palace, and pictures King John and his rebellious barons fighting with cannon more than a hundred years before the first of them began to boom in England.

Schiller, in his "Piccolomini," introduces lightning-conductors a good century and a half before the pioneer conductor was erected; Ariosto, in his "Orlando Furioso," makes Charlemagne, King Edward of England, and Henry Duke of Clarence contemporaries, in defiance of the accepted fact that they lived in very different epochs; and Chaucer actually makes Pandarus refer to Robin Hood.

Robinson Crusoe's Pockets.

Defoe made some amusing slips in his immortal "Robinson Crusoe." On one memorable occasion, it will be remembered, after making his hero strip in order to swim with greater comfort, he pictures him as providently filling his pockets with biscuits; and he represents the Spaniards giving a written agreement to Friday's father, sublimely regardless of the fact that both ink and paper were non-existent.

Trollope almost rivalled Defoe in picturing Andy Scot as coming "whistling up the street with a cigar in his mouth," a feat which the author himself, after many earnest attempts, had to give up in despair; and Ouida, in her noved "Signa," equipped a violin with keys. "It was quite useless," she wrote. "The wooden shell he could piece together well enough, but the keys were smashed beyond all hope of restoration, and for the broken silvery strings there was no hope." And M. Zola, careful writer as he was, declares in "Lourdes" that "it was the deaf and dumb who gained their hearing and sight."

Shakespeare's Blunders.

Shakespeare made some stupendous blunders apart from chronology. Thus in the fifth act of "Othello" he makes Desdemona speak three times after she has been effectually smothered and before her death, quite oblivious of the physiological fact that if the lady had recovered sufficiently to speak she would certainly not have died, and that the smothering process would have to be repeated to ensure her despatch. Again, in "The Tempest," Prospero embarks on a ship at the gates of Milan, in defiance of the geographical fact that the nearest salt water was something like seventy miles away as the crow flies; while in "The Two Gentlemen of Verona," Valentine proceeds by sea from Verona to Milan, a voyage which would find a parallel in a maritime excursion from London to Leicester.

Later Authors' Mistakes.

Thackeray, to come down to later days, made a slip which it is difficult to account for. In "The Newcomes" he kills Lady Glenlivat in one chapter, only to bring her to life again later. Similarly in another novel he not only despatches, but buries, Lady Kew as a preliminary to resurrecting her in order to take an active part in the story. He kills poor Mrs. Newcome by making her strike her head against the landing, and afterwards make her bedroom candle the instrument of her death; and he mixes up Philip Firman and Clive Newcome in the most confusing manner.

Dickens puts the new moon to the east in the evening; makes Tony Weller's second wife Sam's mother-in-law; speaks of St. Paul's First Epistle to the Ephesians; makes Mr. Squeers set his boys to hoe turnips in the middle of winter; and Tattycoram in "Little Dorrit" carry "an iron box two feet square under each arm. In his "History of Europe," Sir Archibald Alison gave Sir Peregrine Pickle as one of the pall-bearers of the Duke of Wellington—the actual bearer being Sir Peregrine Maitland.

VITALITY IN MILK.

The most important work of a public nature which, in my opinion, will operate to advance the interest of owners of Holstein cattle, is to promulgation of a better knowledge among consumers of milk, of the dietetic value of the grade of milk produced by our cows. It is a well-known fact that the offspring of those breeds of cattle whose milk is rich in butter-fat are reared with the greatest difficulty. young children, and is deleterious in vitality, and especially subject to stomach and bowel troubles, which are fatal in many cases; and it is now being more generally recognized by physicians and consumers that milk rich in butter-fat is an improper food for young children, and is deleterous in its effects, and produces generally the same effects in human beings as in animals.

These results are now said by scientists to be due to several causes, and primarily to the excess of fat in milk, and in the case of children, particularly are probably also due to the extraordinary character of the fat globules, which, in these small breeds of cattle are extraordinarily large and entirely unlike those in Holstein milk, which nearly correspond with human milk in its solid contents.

It is also becoming widely recognized that the mild from the large and vigorous races of cattle, especially Holsteins, possesses another quality, characterized by Professor Carlyle as vitality, and that this quality is communicated to the consumer whether man or beast. Thus we have large, strong, vigorous calves when reared on Holstein milk, and puny, weak ones from those reared on milk rich in butter fat; and human beings fed upon milk possessing the same characteristics of Holstein milk are likewise healthy, strong and vigorous.

Professor Carlyle was right in affirming that "there is such a thing as vitality in milk, and that it is of equal if not greater, importance than its chemical composition, especially for the milk supply of cities, and there can be no question but that the vitality of milk is closely associated with the vitality of the animal producing it."

A. A. CORTELYOU.

In the World of Labor

REMEMBER THIS HERO.

When we're speaking of heroes and trying to frame
A list to inscribe in the temple of fame,
Let's pause for a moment and join in a song
For the hero obscure who is lost in the throng.
Perhaps 'neath a bushel his lamp struggles dim;
Yet the world puts a lot of dependence on him
Who faces his duty, still scorning to shirk—
The man who says nothing, but just goes to work.

His courage is not of the sort that may win
Applause and reward in the battle's fierce din;
His hardship is one that full many would shun,
For it's farewell to friends, when there's work to be done.
It's farewell to sunshine and farewell to song,
The way of endeavor is lonely and long.
Men must honor, though fools may dismiss with a smirk,
The man who says nothing but just goes to work.

—Washington Star.

Canada has the largest pulp area in the world.

Victoria is half way between London and Hongkong.

There are 241 women paperhangers in the United States.

There are about 800 girl waistcoat makers in New York, whom 500 are in the union.

There is a mine workers union at Nome, Alaska, with a membership of over 1,600.

There are now only five states that have no law restricting the employment of children.

The Victorian (Australian) legislature has passed a bill granting the election franchise to women.

The western unions in the United States are denouncing the "open door" policy of Secretary of War Taft regarding Chinese immigration. They declare Taft is an enemy of American labor.

The Amalgamated Metal Workers' Union is the largest numerically on the European continent. It has a membership of 198,694, showing an increase of 38,929 members in 1904.

Farmers on the Delta are finding much difficulty in getting help for the gathering of the hay crop. They are meeting all the boats in an endeavor to get men but their offer of $2 a day is not sufficient inducement.

Sheet metal workers at Vancouver have received a wage schedule of $3.25 per day, with time and a half for overtime, and with double time on legal holidays and Sundays, and from 10 p. m. to 7 a. m.

Among unions of trades formed during the month of June in Canada were the following: Coopers, Hamilton, Ont.; Journeymen Tailors, and Carpenters and Joiners, Brandon, Man; Journeymen Tailors, Calgary, N. W. T.

Work is now underway on the V. V. & E. railway on the grade between Oroville, Wash, and the International Boundary line. About 800 men are now engaged on this section.

A new demand for the nickel production of Canada is likely to arise as the result of an act recently passed by the government of India authorizing the use of nickel coins.

Sweatshop tailors in New York want shorter hours, asserting that they make only $10 a week, and have to work ten hours a day, despite a promise last year of nine and one-half hours. A strike of 50,000 tailors is threatened.

Gangs of men are now at work grading the line of the Nicola, Kamloops & Similkameen Coal and Railway Company's line from Spence's Bridge to Nicola lake, and construction is being pushed forward rapidly. One hundred men were advertised for in this city at $2.25 a day, but only about forty were forthcoming.

Japan, that country of surprises and of seeming contradictions, is unionizing. Unions have been formed in almost every trade and craft and in practically every shop. But with the usual contrary view of the cunning Oriental, the unions are formed, not to fight for shorter hours and higher wages, not for "sympathy" or for "graft," but to strike for better machinery, better methods of training in work, and for better bosses.

Some time ago the American Federation of Labor chartered a boat and placed some of their best organizers in charge in order to get in touch with the fishermen of the Atlantic coast and form unions among them. A doubt existed in the minds of many as to the effort, but the returns have dispelled all doubt. The men are being organized at the rate of one union a day with no indications of a decrease. The work will continue until the entire field has been covered.

All of the telegraphers of the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific railway systems were ordered out last Tuesday by President Perham of the Order of Railway Telegraphers. According to officials of the telegraphers' union, between 1,900 and 2,000 men will be affected by the order, and 1,000 were out by Wednesday. President Perham declared that they would stay out until they received what the union decided was a square deal. The railway officials maintain that they will be able to fill the places of most of the men, and that they will suffer nothing more than a temporary inconvenience by the move.

Harry Wand, a delegate from the Vancouver Trades and Labor Council to Victoria re Labor Day, stated on his return to the Terminal City that his mission in seeking the co-operation of the labor men here had been successful. He met all the labor leaders in Victoria, from whom he received assurances that the Capital City would have 700 men in line in the monster trades demonstration parade in Vancouver. Mr. Wand Labor Day will make the contingent a says the other visitors from Victoria on thousand strong.

The delegates from the United Mine Workers Union at Nanaimo, stated in their address to the Trades and Labor Council asking for assistance, that the United Mine Workers of America, of which John Mitchell is president, would grant $5,000 a month until the strike was settled. In the meantime the Nanaimo Union of the United Mine Workers, realizing that they may have a long fight on their hands with the Western Fuel Company, are preparing for it. The money from the International will be equal to keeping their members and families from want, but there are many who, while dependent on the operation of the mines for a livelihood, and will soon be in need, are not now and obviously cannot become members of the union, and it is up to the union to see that these people do not suffer from the closing of the mines. This being the case the union is asking assistance to care for these men and their families. So far responses from the unions in the province have been generous and prompt, and the same may be said of other unions, the Trades and Labor Council of this city having subscribed $25.

After being on a strike for two weeks the Steam Engineers' union of Spokane has won a victory and the men are now back at their old places with all their demands granted.

The Painters and Decorators Union of Winnipeg has had a very successful season. The membership has continuously increased till the organization now ranks well among the big ones. At the present time there are no less than twenty-six applications pending. The painters make it a point to attach respect to the principal offices of the union, and give credit to those who fill them with ability. They have recently inaugurated the practice of presenting a suitable pin to the past presidents, the two gentlemen to be honored in this respect being Messrs. Thompson and Higman.

The British government has issued an array of statistics relating to labor conditions in that country during the past year. What are referred to as the "working classes" number, men and women together, over 7,000,000. Of these over 2,000,000 are employed in agriculture, and of the remainder 1,902,308 are members of the 1,166 trades unions. Employment so far as trades unions were concerned was not very good last year. Taking an average, 6 in every 100 were unemployed throughout the year against 5 in 1903 and in 1902 and 3 in 1901. Seventeen per cent. of the strikes ended in favor of the work people and 48 per cent. in favor of the employers. The remainder were compromised. Wages have tended downward. The fact that nearly 40 per cent. of the British workers are organized puts that country far ahead of America.

An eminent judge on the bench, in a justice court in St. Louis, has declared that the Sunday closing law as applied to barber shops is unconstitutional on the grounds that "Cleanliness is next to Godliness and anything interfering therewith is unconstitutional. If this worthy disciple of Blackstone, says Attorney W. P. Brown in the Bellingham Herald, is not aware of such things as police, health or public policy laws he should at least refrain from speaking about "Godliness" when he is rendering a decision which will permit of the desecration of the day set aside by the Creator for the purpose of securing some of that "Godliness' he speaks about. If he believes that men will come nearer to His ideal by forcing their brothers to labor fifteen hours a day for seven days in a week he certainly must have a peculiar vision. It will not be necessary to follow this decision only to the next court to see its reversal.

Two perspiring laborers were toiling at a corporation job under a broiling sun. As a comfortable looking ecclesiastical dignitary drove past in his carriage one said to the other, "Mike, av ye had yer choice av ways av makin' a livin' what wud yez be?" "Well, sor," said Pat, leaning upon his pick and wiping his brow with his sleeve, "well, sor, for a foine, clane, soft, alsy job ol thinks ol'd be a bishop." But, adds the Presbyterian, that was before the members of Parliament and the venerable gentlemen of the Senate got their "raise." He would likely choose another calling now.

The total output of the Baldwin Locomotive Works for 1904 was 1,453 locomotives, of which 1,352 were steam, 94 electric and 7 compressed air. This is nearly one-third less than the number built in 1903, which was 2,022. The falling off in business, which began in the autumn of 1903, affected the locomotive industry. The works were run at their full capacity until the spring, but from June until the latter part of October very few orders were received. During the year 286 locomotives were exported to the following countries: Argentina, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Guatemala, Hawaii, Japan, Korea, Mexico, New Zealand, Peru, Porto Rico and South Africa.—The Railroad Gazette.

Information is given in the current number of the Labor Gazette as to comparative rates among stonecutters and builders' laborers. It seems that in Victoria and Vancouver cities the latter are paid lower wages than in outlying localities of less population, the same tendency being noted among stonecutters. The number of localities in which the ten-hour day, the nine-hour day and the eight-hour day prevail are given in tabulated form, as well as the rates of wages from which it is seen that much shorter hours are enjoyed by stonecutters, 44 returns of a nine-hour day or shorter being received out of a total of 95, whereas only 40 similar returns were received in the case of builders' laborers out of a total of 125. Only five instances of an eight-hour day were reported among builders' laborers, those being confined to the provinces of Ontario and British Columbia. Among stonecutters, 18 localities reported an eight-hour day, nine being in Ontario, five in British Columbia, two in Quebec and one each in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories. It should be added that the localities reporting an eight-hour day among builders' laborers included Toronto and London, Ont., and Vancouver, B. C., and among stonecutters Montreal, Toronto, Hamilton, London, Niagara Falls, Windsor, Winnipeg, Calgary, Vancouver and Victoria.

Secretaries of unions will confer a favor upon the labor editor if they will forward any items of general interest occurring in their unions to The Colonist.

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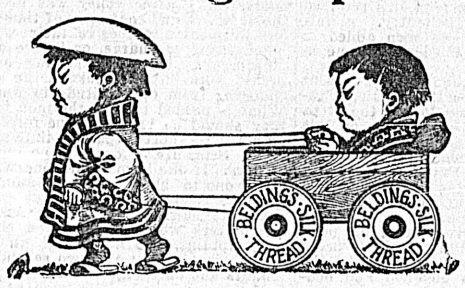

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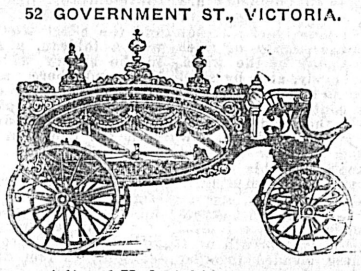

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WM. C. MORESBY, Secretary.

By Pastor Charles Wagner

Those Who Are Forgotten

PART I.

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"And we beseech thee, brethren, to know them which labor among you.

"In every thing give thanks; for this is the will of God in Christ Jesus concerning you."

I. Thessalonians, v. 12 and 18—Remember the gospel according to St. Matthew, xxv., 37-46.

My brethren, it is not my intention to quote this text from the standpoint of the spiritual work that is done by pastors or all those whose mission in life is to spread religious truths throughout the world. I wish to interpret these words in their broadest sense, going beyond the limits of a definite career or occupation, and applying them to the whole of the work that is done in our midst; that is to say, to the whole of the social help that is rendered us by our fellowmen. "We beseech thee, brethren, to know them which labor among you. * * * And to esteem them very highly in love for their work's sake." We will speak more specially of the most humble, the most ordinary offices, those upon which is most rarely bestowed what we call consideration.

There are, my brethren, two ways of being religious. One consists in having a separate category for religious things for the world of holy thoughts and feelings, and to possess, on the other hand, a province for the things of this world, commonplace tasks and everyday business.

With this method, a great and fervent piety can be developed in the moments that are more particularly devoted to religious duties. At those times we enter, as it were, a sanctuary, and in this sanctuary we find the ordinary surroundings of religious devotion; holy words are spoken, pictures attract the eye, well-known tunes fall upon our ears. We are enveloped in a sort of edifying atmosphere, conducive to comforting and elevated thoughts, and of which too much good cannot be said.

But afterwards, what happens? The sanctuary is left as it was entered; it is closed behind us, its pictures become shadowy, its voices die away, and slowly, along the well-trodden roads, we go forward into the everyday world, to the things of every day, to current events.

While in the sanctuary we have refreshed our hearts, we have raised our hands toward Heaven, in earnest and holy prayer. As soon as we get outside (remember that I am speaking of the method that classifies the religious world as a thing apart) we turn up our sleeves to begin the usual struggle with our fellowmen. It is no longer the time for sentiment; it is the time for self-interest, for calculation, for what we call the business of this world, to which we must bring the wisdom of this world. For each thing its own time; for each thing its own spirit. To transact everyday business we must have an everyday mind, somewhat an earthly one—to treat religious matters, we clothe ourselves in a religious livery. In tae sanctuary we are another creature; but this creature and his livery are now carefully put away.

That kind of religion is not that of Jesus. Whatever good points it may have, it is not the Master's religion. The Master has taught us another kind; not a religion that skillfully and ingeniously separates religious matters from temporal matters, but a religion that mingles the spiritual with the temporal, as the leaven is mixed with the dough.

I do not hestate to say that the other manner of understanding religion seems to me to be pure dilettantism. It is a luxury that is sometimes pleasant, very appealing to ascetic souls; but it is a deceiving luxury. In a word, its beauty is entirely superficial. It allows man to be at one and the same time imbued with the most sanctimonious feelings and the worst kind of selfishness; to arrange his affairs in such a way that his practical life is no more mixed up with his religious feelings than water mingles with oil. This manner of practicing religion constitutes, in the midst of existence, a scission between the real foundation of a man and what he proclaims as his faith, his belief; a scission between his life and his theories.

Religion is not a theory—religion is not a temporary retreat wherein we can pleasantly indulge in feelings that bring us a kind of gladness, a certain peculiar happiness; but which, nevertheless, remain entirely personal, exclusive, absolutely selfish, of a selfishness that is all the more refined because it is mistaken for human kindness.

Religion is a power that attacks the very life of a man, as a sculptor attacks a block of marble or granite to impress it with a soul. You remember that marvelous parabele in which Chrst endeavors to make the people understand true religion, when He said to thtem: I will tell you how it will be, I will declare unto you what will happen on that last day, on the day of the supreme and equitable judgment. On the last day you will all be there. To some of you the King will say, Come, and to the others He will say, Depart from Me. And they will all be astonished, one as much as the other." But one word of simple justice will explain it all: "Inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these, my brethren, ye have done it unto Me"—they will be told that God is not an individual who has His own private interests, to whom homage can be rendered, while separating man from Him and neglecting Him. They will be told that there is a solidarity that is proclaimed, asserted and inevitable between God and men.

According to the Master, true religion which alone counts and alone works, is therefore that which tends to find the Eternal in the ephemeral, God in mankind, the highest and most spiritual things in the ordinary current of life.

True religion and the religious spirit consists in transforming that which is merely ordinary and sometimes commonplace into something very high, spiritual and very great. Christ has never shown us any other. He outlined its character very impressively when he instituted the Communion. In the Communion, accompanied by the command, "Do this in remembrance of Me," Christ transforms the ordinary repast, which is a matter of absorbing nourishment to fortify our body, into a symbol of higher life, wherein we are nourished by His spirit. While eating bread, which is material; while drinking wine, which is material, we accomplish the highest act of spiritual fraternity. We fraternize with all the divine sources from which the sap of the soul proceeds, and we unite in spirit with all men, not only those of this time, but men of all times; with all our brothers, however far distant they may be, who have shared that destiny which is ours, glorious and tormented, wretched and magnificent.

True religion, therefore, is a training to help us in finding the spiritual life and the Spirit itself in the things of every day.

Now we come to the application drawn from our text, particularly as regards the manifestations of grateful piety.

When something pleasant happens to us, when some service is rendered us, and when, in consequence, there is reason to feel and to show consideration or acknowledgment, respect and gratitude, the best way of showing it is not to make demonstrations that apply to some one very high and very far removed from us. Let us rather give to these feelings a direct interpretation, practical and strong, as well as sincere, in the events of every day. For this we only need to follow the path that God Himself has traced out for us. It will be easy for me to prove to you that I am not setting forth any daring novelty, but that I am trying humbly to follow in the traces of the Eternal Father, imprinted on the sands of our mortal shores.

Generally, when some good comes to us, we say, and with reason: "The source of all good is God." But this source communicates with us by intermediary channels.

For instance, the milk that our mother gives us and the very life that parents transmit to their children certainly proceed from the eternal source of all life. But God Himself has willed that we should have parents to transmit life to us from generation to generation. Consequently, it is through His will that our father and mother appear in our eyes as the transmitters of the spark of life.

If therefore we go to God directly, to thank Him for having allowed us to take a part in life, in that thing which is sometimes so sorrowful and so sombre, but which none the less is marvelous, most high and most precious; if we thank God directly, forgetting or despising our parents, because they are only creatures and frail instruments of His will; if we think it more just to bring our soul filled with gratitude to the Author of life Himself, to the One who made the sun and carries the world in the hollow of His hand; if we declare that to Him alone are due honor and gratitude; then our piety has taken a wrong road. We not only owe respect but a filial and pious gratitude to His humble representatives on earth, who are our parents. If we displace this feeling, endeavoring to make it return to its source, without heeding the intermediaries, we are in open insurrection against the path that God Himself has laid out for us. He has come to us through our parents. He gave us life through them. Their face is the first through which God has looked upon us in this world. We should thank Him through our parents, and we must not go over their heads in order to go direct to God Himself. It is sheer ingratitude, want of respect and want of godliness; it is a profanation and blasphemy to thus go, with pretensions that rise up against the Eternal Law, direct of our own accord to God. God cannot be reached by any other road than that which He has traced out. This assertion is but an application of the great guiding words: "I am the way, the truth and the life; no man cometh unto the Father but by Me."

How Russia Obtained Hold on Manchuria

Before the Russian-Japanese war broke out, a Russian, writing to the Contemporary Review, told of Russia's mode of acquiring her hold on Manchuria. It furnishes another chapter in the story of that Empire's desire for expansion and its unswerving policy directed to that end:

It was in the famous non-official Canton Convention that China, yielding to Russian diplomacy and the stress of her own administrative troubles, conceded to Russia the annexation of Manchuria and the protectorate of Mongolia.

The Chinese government, in order to save their difficult situation in the "Eighteen Provinces," had assented to these conditions without any serious resistance. Russia at once set about consolidating her military, political and economic sway. In 1900, at a moment when nobody in Europe seemed able to foresee the terrible events that were to take place in Chi-li, the greater part of the Siberian forces were mobilized, and considerable bodies of troops sent down to Vladivostock and to Manchuria, in order, as was said, to protect the coast and the Manchurian railway, then unfinished, against an imminent . . . . Japanese invasion. This artful misleading of public opinion in her Asiatic possessions enabled Russia to concentrate beforehand an army of about 80,000 men on the borders of the countries which she wanted to invade.

But there is another fact which shows how well not only Russia but even the native population were prepared to accept the considerable changes that were to be accomplished some months later. In Manchuria and Mongolia people were perfectly well informed as to events that had not yet occurred, but which came to pass soon after; and, what is more, they were informed by semi-official reports. Thus, for instance, in July, 1900, a Chinese official in Mongolia was in a position to discuss with me at length all the reasons which had led the Manchu dynasty to have Pekin occupied in a friendly way by Russian auxiliary troops; and the letter from Shansi that contained this curious information explained, besides, very important details concerning the "alliance of the Czar with the Bogdo-Khan against the Transoceanic Powers."

A short time after, when the situation at Pekin was sufficiently serious to excuse the adoption of military measures; when, in other words, Russia got hold of a pretext for occupying—as a duty of self-protection—in the eyes of all Europe the territories she wanted to consider her own, the commander-in-chief, General Grodekoff, printed a proclamation that was sent all over Manchuria, Mongolia and the Amur province. This manifesto, taking up officially the story of a Russo-Chinese alliance, prevented in due time all possible warlike resistance on the part of the natives whose countries were soon after peacefully invaded by the Russian army.

The excellent and decisive impression by this proclamation on the natives was marred three weeks later by the notorious and horrible drowning of Blagovestchensk. This criminal act provided Russia with the pretext for occupying Manchuria. The principle question for the Russian government, indeed, was how to find a means of convincing Europe that an acute state of war existed, and was likely to exist for several years to come, in Manchuria. For, in spite of all official Russian assertions, there have never been Boxers in Manchuria, nor even, since the Japanese war, Chinese regulars. There were only Hunhuses (not Tunguses, as European papers have been writing for years). These Hunhuses (in Chinese hong-ho-tze—robbers) are not of Tungase, but of Chinese origin. For more than a decade they were the uncontested masters of the commercial routes of Manchuria, so that not only private caravans, but even the high-[illegible] Chinese special, when making their tours, had to arrange with them for free passage and to travel under cover of the Hunhuse flag.

When Russia began the construction of the Manchurian railway, their power fell into decay; but though represented as Russia's enemy's, they have, ever since the year 1900, saved the world policy of the Czar. At the instigation of Russian agents, a few hundred of them crossed the Amur, near Blagovestchensk, and sacked two (Chinese) peasants' hovels on Russian territory. China attacked Russia! The army was officially mobilized, and a series of imaginary hostilities began in Manchuria. By a strange misunderstanding, all Chinese immigrants at Blagovestchensk were treated as invaders and flung into the Amur. When this heroic, warlike and profitable crime was accomplished, Europe understood the necessity for Russia to make a great war on China. Grodekoff, then peaceably traversed Manchuria. From time to time, his valiant battalions met with one or two dozen of Hunhuses, who were gloriously and repeatedly defeated, and who offered Grodekoff numerous opportunities of sending splendid telegrams of victory. In reality his Cossacks, almost all of whom were of Buriate or Mongol race, and Buddhists, were received as friends and brothers by the population, and everywhere as liberators from the Hunhuse tyranny. Towards the end of September, Grodekoff got up splendid reviews, and, in his order of the day, which I heard read to the troops, he thanked God and the soldiers for "having valorously acquired for the Russian Empire the old Chinese province of Manchuria, now the province of the Right Bank of the Amur."

But this glorious display of the conqueror's power was not yet funny enough. The majority of the Hunhuses had retired southward. There they took occasion to destroy the vast non-existing material stocks of the Manchurian railway, which, it is strange to say, were not protected by the Grand Russian Army. This misfortune filled the engineers with an immense joy; it paralyzed, in fact, the possible control of an enquiry commission which had already been named in St. Petersburg for the purpose of discovering the gigantic frauds committed on the constructing funds. Nevertheless, these industrious financiers were ungrateful enough to demand a severe punishment for their saviors. Moreover, the friendly sentiments of the population, composed almost exclusively of quiet and pacific Chinamen, could but increase as fast as the Russians hunted the Hunhuses out of the inhabited districts. These were reasons enough for sending against the precious authors of the trouble divers expeditions, the news of which spread all over Europe the warlike renown of the Russian soldiers.

In the meantime, very friendly relations were formed between the invaders and the Chinese inhabitants. And on both sides the sensation of being in a state of war disappeared rapidly. Russia was now applying principles such as were likely to induce in the people sympathy as well as admiration. She no more showed the peaceful inhabitants her military superiority, but the superiority of her civil administration, which evidently guaranteed the calm and security of life and property much better than did the Manchu or the Hunhuse regime.

In order to secure the lasting possession of the occupied country, in military, political and economic respects, three tasks had to be accomplished: To clear the country of the Hunhuses and maintain government authority; to forestall commercial competition by the introduction of Russian colonists; and to establish the clear and rigorous Russian fiscal organization in place of the continual vexations of the Chinese tax collectors. The accomplishment of these essential tasks long in preparation, was effected in the summer of 1901.

The military measures which Russia has taken in her new province will doubtless appear as the most important from the European point of view. They are, in fact, closely connected with the famous evacuation clause of the so-called Manchurian Convention.

The Russian army, after October, 1900, held all the inhabited districts of Manchuria; it soon succeeded in pushing back the Hunhuse bands to the borders of the Mongolian desert. It was wise enough, on the contrary, not to destroy them, which would have been a much easier task. But the existence of the Hunhuse bands was the sole possible pretext for leaving strong garrisons all along the commercial roads and in most of the Chinese towns. They were an inexhaustible source of new troubles and of new victories. Russia was enabled by means of those wretched people to prove, in the eyes of Europe, the absolute necessity of her presence, and, in the eyes of the Chinese, her excellent peaceful intentions. For extreme distress periodically drove the Hunhuse bands from the barren steppes of the Gobi down to the rich and industrious centres guarded by the Russian troops, just as in winter the wolves approach the peasants' hovels. It would have been disastrous for Russia if these periodical riots had failed, while, as things are, the complete pacification of Manchuria, and consequently the possibility of Russia withdrawing her troops, cannot take place until the very moment when it will be for the interest of Russia herself to retire. Up to this time—I am sorry to make use of this expression—it has been mere bluff on the part of the maritime powers to remind Russia of the platonic evacuation embodied in the Manchurian Convention. If a moment should come when Russia would feel obliged to answer her rivals' protest by better arguments than courtly diplomatic notes, there would suddenly break out in Southwestern Manchuria a furious explosion of "Boxers'" or "Hunhuses'" terrorism; and the maritime powers would have to thank God and the Czar that there were troops enough to prevent a frightful panic in Chi-li. Russia, in this case, would doubtless obtain as a peace-brokerage the uncontested possession of the country. I dare say that this is the chief reason for Russia's disdainful treatment of her rivals' vain intervention. The Hunhuses are reserved for this grand occasion. They are once more to save Russia's world policy at a critical moment.

As for the rest, the Manchurian Convention, intended to tranquilize western panic, and not at all to organize Manchuria on a new basis, cannot make any changes in the military position. Russia has the right, if not the duty, to guard the Manchurian railway. The Moscow agreement—or "Cassini Convention," as it is sometimes called—which is a real contract concerning the construction and the administration of the railway, concedes that right to Russia; indeed, no power could undertake such a task upon other terms. This fundamental stipulation has never been revoked, and could not possibly be revoked. Russia, therefore, in spite of all Manchurian and other conventions, and in spite of all vain protests, is perfectly authorized to keep military force in sufficient number at any place where the security of the railway is in question. And, I may at once add, such protection is perhaps as necessary against the maritime powers as against the Boxers or Hunhuses. And even if the Hunhuses had disappeared; even if Russia "evacuated" the towns, villages and districts which her army has occupied since 1900, the railway, with its numerous stations, buildings, workshops, etc., would afford Russia the strongest possible strategic position on the flank of the maritime powers.

It is well known that in order to calm Europe, Japan and America, a small part of Manchuria has recently been "evacuated," according to this principle. The troops have left Mukden and some other towns. But on Russian lines the railway stations are often a mile or two distant from the places they belong to, and this is the case throughout Manchuria. Before evacuating the towns, vast barracks had been built at the stations; and the Russian army withdrew from Manchuria, only to settle on the ground of the so-called East-China railway. This "evacuation" will be profitable to the health of the soldiers; unfortunately, its effect may prove to be quite different on the diplomatists of the maritime powers.

Too little attention has hitherto been paid to the civil occupation of Manchuria. Troops are not—above all in the eyes of the Chinese—a salutary element, nor even the sign of a permanent regime. Commercial establishments and peasants' colonies alone seemed able, in the midst of Chinese population, to guarantee peaceable possession. Russia had thought out such a policy of colonization long before the outbreak of the war. As early as May, 1900, there were about 80,000 Russian emigrants; all peasant families, at the terminus of the trans-Siberian railway on the Amur. These poor people, it was said, were to get grants of land in the Amur province; in the meanwhile they were literally starving at Stretensk, because there were no means of communication. The whole of the European press described the distress of these pioneers of Russian civilization. In fact, they were packed at Stretensk like beasts ready for export, for purely political reasons. They were not destined to remain in that barren country, where all their efforts would have been fruitless. Their grants could not yet be made, as they were situated in Central Manchuria. In November, 1900, when Russia was able again to make use of the Manchurian railway, the emigrants were conveyed to Harbin. Part of them got land along the railway, where numerous Russian villages sprang up; others were, by-and-bye, sent down to the Argun valley, the best agricultural district of the country, and settled near the banks of that river. The places inhabited by these Russian colonists, of course, got Russian names, Russian police, and Russian administration, and they are now in the centre of Manchuria, the very heart of future Russification. These proceedings are, I think, an absolute proof, if any proof be needed, of Russia's intention to incorporate Manchuria in her Asiatic Empire, and of the vanity of all western efforts to have this country evacuated on a simple demand.

NOTES BY A TRAVELLER

Prof. Odlum in Channel Islands

Notes by the Way.

Historians and writers may talk and write as they will about the Norman Britons of the Channel Islands, and their old language, but the real English, that with the characteristic accent and with the fine, aspirated pronunciations can be heard in all directions. I visited a Sunday school and heard some excellent singing—as one is apt to hear anywhere in the British Islands, large and small. Apart from the misplacing of the aspirate as hat for at, and at for hat, the "a" sound came out in the hymn singing very clearly. The well-known words "Take all my sins away," were sung by large numbers as "Tike all my sins awye." This pronunciation is well illustrated by the words: "Mike wy for the lydees," instead of "Make way for the ladies."

Torteval Church.

In 1129 a Jersey gentleman by name Sir Philip de Carteret, was wrecked on the S. W. coast of Guernsey, in Rocofualne Bay. In his distress he promised to erect a monument to give proof of his gratitude if he reached land in safety.

He was rescued, and as soon as possible he erected a large church with a tall and most remarkable tower and steeple. He was wrecked on September 29, 1129, and in October, 1130, the large stone church was consecrated. It is now the only church in the Parish of Torteval. This man was a wealthy, influential nobleman, and an honor to the Channel Islands, because of his splendid life.

"Havre Gosselin."

On the small island of Sark, very commonly spelled "Serk," there lived at Havre Gosselin, on the West Coast, near the island of Brechon, another Philip de Carteret, but a very different kind of a person from Sir Philip who erected the Torteval church. This latter was a fisherman, as most of the Sarkites are and have been. He had a good wife and a little son called Heller. As time passed Philip got into the drink habit and mixed up too much with the Guernsey smugglers.

The large cave on the Sark coast at Havre Gosselin, was suitable for smuggling purposes, and in this way de Carteret and his vile companions used the cave.

As he grew worse the people of Sark feared and shunned him. In turn he despised the good people, and grew morose at home. Years passed and his son grew up to young manhood. He fell in love with a neighbor girl, Marion Vandin, and one evening the two went for a walk to the top of Havre Gosselin. His attention was attracted so he let Marion stand above overlooking the water and he went below. He took his boat and rowed into the mouth of the cave, and to his horror, he found on landing, that he was surrounded by the smugglers headed by his own father. They, in their drunken fury, insisted on his taking the oath of allegiance to the band, binding him to cast in his lot and life with them.

This he had to do or die on the spot. He implored freedom, and insisted on leaving the cave. In this request his father joined, and guaranteed his son's immediate return.

The two went out to the mouth of the cave, and young Heller besought his father to leave the band and come home, but the father became enraged, and commanded his son to return or the smugglers would murder him. Helier refused to return, whereupon the drunken Carteret struck his son, who fell overboard and was drowned.

"Hanoise Rocks."

This dangerous group of rocks, on which there is a most excellent lighthouse, is quite far out on the S. W. coast of Guernsey. In the year 709 fierce seismic convulsions wrought sad ruin among the Channel Islands, and one of the changes brought about in a very abrupt manner was the separation of a part of Guernsey from the mainland of the island, and now 1,200 years after, the decaying remnants of that then suddenly-formed island visitors see and call "Hanoise Rocks."

Before the lighthouse went up many a ship went to pieces in the storms that frequently rage around the rocks and southwest parts of Guernsey.

Hundreds of rocky islets and jagged points gradually going into sand, pebbles, cobblestones and angular boulders, are the everyday proofs of the wearing, devastating power and work of the ruthless waves.

"Haro."

"Haro, Haro, Haro!—a l'aide mon Prince, on me fait tort!" Such is an appeal for justice in vogue today under extreme circumstances. The custom and cry have come down from a time anterior to William Duke of Normandy.

If a man cannot get justice in the courts he has the right of appeal before any one of the chief officials of the "states"—say one of the jurats. And the law demands for the man who has used for his appeal the "Clameur de Haro," a quick and perfect investigation. It is in print that a newspaper correspondent wished to put the "Clameur de Haro" to the test. To this end he went in front of a certain church as the people were coming out from worship, and falling on his knees according to time-honored custom, exercised his lungs on the "Haro" cry.

He lustily shouted out, Haro, Haro, Haro! a l'aide mon Prince! on me fait tort!"

A jurat and a douzenier at once came to his help and took careful notes of his complaint. He was instructed to appear on Monday before the Greffier and fully set out his wrongs. He was in for it; and on appearing he was confronted with the bailiff, the rector and the Queen's procureur.

In fear and trembling he announced that someone had taken by mistake his umbrella.

An awful silence followed. The bailiff informed him the cause was not of sufficient importance to have recourse to the "Clameur de Haro," fined him 40 British shillings, and admonished him to be more sparing of the "Haro" in future.

"Creux Mahie."

We had to visit the most wonderful of all caves to be found "anywhere," so about fifty of us took a trip to the south of Guernsey. We left the "cars," brakes, or wagons, and began the descent of several hundred feet, (about 300,) to get to the mouth of the cave just above high tide. The fat and feeble fellows puffed, blowed and fell out by the wayside. The rest continued the descent, and ere they got to the bottom, a few more quit the journey.

The mouth was reached, and a man and boy were ready with torches to take us into the dark, dismal, damp, ill-smelling hole. We entered and went in about 60 to 70 feet, and then stopped. The boy climbed up a huge pile of broken rocks, and with his smoking torch lighted dimly the top and far end. It is 40 feet high, from 10 to 50 feet wide and about 150 to 180 feet long. It is not beautiful, instructive or entertaining, but it is remunerative, as the man and boy taxed us all threepence each.

How sightseers are fooled and robbed! The "guides" write up and magnify little zeros and nonentities until the visitor feels ashamed to leave without "seeing for himself." This maxim is the death grip—the money-catcher. A canny Scot was one of the party, and he railed hard at the foolish waste of money. This encouraged me, and so I helped him greatly by jerking in a lot of stiff grumbles.

But of course we all went to view Rocofualne Bay, Rerelle Bay, Fort Grey and Fort Hommette.

CLARK'S

Sliced Smoked Beef

A cool dainty dish to coax the summer appetite.

JUST FINE BEEF SLICED AS THIN AS WAFERS AND DRY CURED.

Serve with crisp lettuce or radishes and bread and butter.

Your dealer sells many other delicacies all ready to serve, put up and guaranteed by

W. CLARK, MONTREAL.

2-6-05

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

This is the age of research and experiment, when all nature, so to speak, is ransacked by the scientific for the comfort and happiness of man. Science has indeed made giant strides during the past century, and among the—by no means least important—discoveries in medicine comes that of

THERAPION.

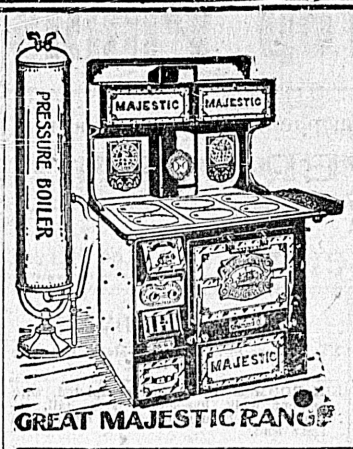
This preparation is unquestionably one of the most genuine and reliable Patent Medicines ever introduced, and has, we understand, been used in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, Maisonneuve, the well-known Chassaignac, and indeed by all who are regarded as authorities in such matters, including the celebrated Lallemand, and Roux, by whom it was some time since uniformly adopted, and that it is worthy the attention of those who require such a remedy we think there is no doubt. From the time of Aristotle downwards, a potent agent in the removal of these diseases has (like the famed philosopher's stone) been the object of search of some hopeful, generous minds; and far beyond the mere power—if such could ever have been discovered—of transmuting the baser metals into gold is surely the discovery of a remedy so potent as to replenish the failing energies of the confirmed *roué* in the one case, and in the other so effectually, speedily and safely to expel from the system without the aid, or even the knowledge, of a second party, the poisons of acquired or inherited disease in all their protean forms as to leave no taint or trace behind. Such is

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY

THERAPION,

which may certainly rank with, if not take precedence of, many of the discoveries of our day, about which no little ostentation and noise have been made, and the extensive and ever-increasing demand that has been created for this medicine wherever introduced appears to prove that it is destined to cast into oblivion all those questionable remedies that were formerly the sole reliance of medical men. Therapion may be obtained of the principal chemists and merchants throughout the world.—*Diamond Fields Advertiser*, KIMBERLEY.

WHOLESALE—Henderson Bros., Ltd., Vancouver and Victoria.



CHEAPSIDE

THE GREAT Majestic Ranges

Took the prize at the St. Louis Fair. A full line at CHEAPSIDE—See them.

This week we are selling the RELIANCE STEEL RANGE For $35.00.

Geo. Powell & Co

127 GOVERNMENT ST.

The Tyee Copper Co.

(LIMITED)

PURCHASERS AND SMELTERS OF COPPER, GOLD AND SILVER ORES

Smelting Works at Ladysmith, Vancouver Island

CLERMONT LIVINGSTON, DUNCANS STATION, General Manager

THOS. KIDDIE, LADYSMITH, Smelter Manager

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry.

SUBURBAN TRAIN SERVICE

Taking Effect Tuesday, June 20th, 1905.

BETWEEN VICTORIA, SHAWNIGAN LAKE AND INTERMEDIATE STATIONS.

Leave Victoria.		Leave Koenig's (Shawnigan Lake).
9:00 a. m., 2:00 a. m., 4:00 p.m.	.....Sunday.....	10:42 a. m., 6:30 p. m.
9:00 a. m., 6:10 p. m.	.....Mon day.....	7:25 a. m., 10:42 a. m., 7:50 p. m.
6:00 a. m., 9:00 a. m., 6:10 p. m.	.....Tue sday....	7:25 a. m., 10:42 a. m., 7:50 p. m.
6:00 a. m., 9:00 a. m., 4:00 p. m.	.....Wedn esday...	7:25 a. m., 10:42 a. m., 6:30 p. m.
6:00 a. m., 9:00 a. m., 6:10 p. m.	.....Thur sday....	7:25 a. m., 10:42 a. m., 7:50 p. m.
6:00 a. m., 9:00 a. m., 6:10 p. m.	.....Friday.....	7:25 a. m., 10:42 a. m., 7:50 p. m.
6:00 a. m., 9:00 a. m., 4:00 p. m.	.....Saturday....	7:25 a. m., 10:42 a. m., 6:30 p. m.

FARE FROM VICTORIA TO SHAWNIGAN LAKE and return, $1.00. Ten-Trip Family Tickets, $2.50 each. FOR SUNDAYS ONLY, 50c. return.

FARE FROM VICTORIA TO GOLDSTREAM and return, 50c. Ten-Trip Family Tickets, $1.75 each. FOR SUNDAYS ONLY, 35c. return.

GEO. L. COURTNEY, D. F. & P. A.

"Light up" With an EDDY

Established A. D. 1851.

"SILENT" PARLOR MATCH

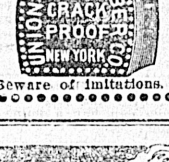
Which will give an INSTANTANEOUS, BRILLIANT, STEADY flame, by striking on any kind of a surface, and is entirely FREE FROM FIRE DROPPING, CRACKLING and SPUTTERING. If dropped on the floor and stepped on, it will not ignite, as sometimes does the common Parlor Match. The "SILENT" Match will not deface the finest walls, and is, as its name indicates, perfectly noiseless.

Our other Parlor brands as popular as ever—"KING EDWARD," "HEADLIGHT," "EAGLE," "VICTORIA," "LITTLE COMET."

THE E. B. EDDY CO., LIMITED, HULL, CANADA.

JAMES MITCHELL, Agent, VICTORIA, B. C.

Be sure the heels are stamped.



Beware of Imitations.

GOLD SEAL, CRACK-PROOF MINING BOOTS

Be sure that the heels and knees are stamped as per cut and that each boot has our "Gold Seal" stamp on the leg.

Manufactured only by Goodyear Rubber Co., Portlan, Ore.

R. H. PEASE, President. 73 and 75 First St

GOODYEAR RUBBER CO. GOLD SEAL 1372 TRADE MARK

Your money back if Gin Pills do not cure.

Rheumatism

When the Kidneys fail to do their work of discharging the uric acid from the system, the result is rheumatism. Until the Kidneys resume this work in a natural healthy way no cure is possible.

Gin Pills

cure rheumatism quickly and for all time because they are the most perfect Kidney Corrective ever discovered.

From all Druggists, 50cts. per box, 6 boxes for $2.50 or direct from

THE BOLE DRUG CO., WINNIPEG, MAN.

Send For Free Book.

It Tells You How to Be Strong in the Joyous Vigor of Youth.

TO BE STRONG AGAIN! To feel the vim, the ambition and undaunted courage of youthful days! How you wish for it. To awake in the morning without that dull, stupid feeling; to feel energetic; to have bright, sparkling eyes, quick brain, and, above all, confidence.

That is to be happy, and you can. The book of life gets its fire from electricity; nerve life is electricity. Fill your body, especially all weak parts, with electricity every night as you sleep, and the vigor of youth will come back.

Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt

is devoted to this purpose. Its power goes into the body in a gentle stream, saturating every nerve and organ with the fire of youth. Its touch is magnetism. It causes the blood to bound in the veins and charges the nerves with its vital element until they are as strong as steel. It renews strength.

IT CURES Pains in the Back, Pains in the Hips, Shoulders and Joints. It cures Lumbago, Weak Kidneys, Rheumatism, Varicocele, Indigestion, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Nervous Weakness, and all Stomach and Liver Troubles. It gives new strength and health to ailing men and women.

Rheumatism Cured.

DR. McLAUGHLIN, Okotoks, Alta., June 19, 1905.

Dear Sir,—I have used your Belt for three months and am well satisfied with it. I am free of the rheumatism and I think it has done its work well. I am satisfied that it is the ONLY cure for that disease. Hoping you will still continue to cure others the same as myself, I remain, Yours truly, J. H. SAGER.

Very Much Pleased.

DR. McLAUGHLIN, Hamilton, Ont., May 26, 1905.

Dear Sir,—I am highly pleased with your Belt. It has done me a lot of good and I wish I had got one long before I did as I can highly recommend it to anyone who suffered as I did. You can use my name at any time or place, for I will always, recommend Dr. McLaughlin's Belt. Yours very truly, ROGER RICHARDSON.

CALL TO-DAY.

Free { Consultation. Book. Test.

IF YOU CAN'T CALL SEND COUPON FOR FREE BOOK.

Dr. M. C. McLaughlin, 106 Columbia St. Seattle, W.

Dear Sir—Please forward me one of your Books, as advertised

Name.....

Address.....

Office hours—9 a. m. to 8:30 p. m. We Pay

Golden Drop Plums

Finest local grown yellow jam plum. Only one shipment

4 CENTS PER POUND

Mowat's Grocery, 77 Yates Street

Handy Telephone Calls

CABINET MAKERS

DICKSON & HOWES, Cabinet Makers and Joiners. 131 Johnson street. **1165**

J. LISTER, Carpenter and Builder. All kinds of Jobing Work. Workshop and residence, Tolmie avenue. Phone **1193**

MESSENGER.

MESSENGER OFFICE 22 Trounce Avenue. Prompt Delivery. **409**

PLUMBING

JOHN COLBERT, Plumbing, Heating and Sheet Metal Works. 4 Broad Street. **552**

REAL ESTATE

P. R. BROWN LTD., 30 Broad St. For a Dwelling, Furnished or Unfurnished. **1076**

CARPET CLEANING

Carpet Cleaning, Sewing and Laying. J. F. SHARP, 83 Douglas street, Reid's Tea Store, Clarence Block. Prices Reasonable. **1120**

Real Estate

FOR SALE

A. W. Bridgman

Phone No. 86.

41 Government St. Established 1858

SIX EXCELLENT BUILDING LOTS on Yates and Johnson, above Cook; assessed $4,450; to be sacrificed at $2,500.

PROSPECT LAKE—64 acres; extensive water front; cottage; stable; boathouse; large alder bottom—$30.00 per acre; very easy terms.

HEAD OF ARM—9 acres; extensive water frontage; some clearing; good well. $750 cash.

VIEW STREET, above Vancouver; full sized lot, deep loam; to close an estate; no reasonable offer refused.

SWAN LAKE—5 acres, all fenced, part cultivated; black loam; living stream—$1,000.

GLANFORD AVENUE—Ten acres in cultivation—$1,000.

KINGSTON ST.—Seven roomed house; large lot; modern conveniences; stable—$2,200.

VICTORIA WEST—Six roomed house; cost $800, for $450 cash.

SUPERIOR STREET—Pretty, modern bungalow, with large lot—$4,200.

ROYAL OAK—241 acres, 15 in cultivation, 4½ in bearing orchard; comfortable house; outbuildings; living stream; beautiful situation. Price on application.

FORT SIMPSON—Lots in first addition to Hudson's Bay Co.'s townsite—$150 inside; $175 corners.

GOVERNMENT STREET—Suite of offices; excellent position for dentist or lawyer.

FOR RENT—Thirty houses in various parts of city—

MONEY TO LOAN. FIRE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

FOR SALE—Old established milk business

The Stuart Robertson Co., Ltd.

36 Broad Street

TO LET—8 room house, Superior street; two 7 room houses, Stanley avenue; every convenience.

FOR SALE—Good building lot, Kingston street. $500.

FOR SALE—Two acre lot on St. Charles street; cheap.

FOR SALE—4 houses, close in, a bargain, for $2,100.

FOR SALE—Two good houses, Stanley avenue, on easy terms. $2,500 each.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE.

Pemberton & Son

Real Estate, Financial and Insurance Agents, 45 Fort Street, Victoria, B. C.

CHEAP, CHOICE BUILDING PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

SOUTH TURNER ST.—Choice lot near the Dallas road. Price $600.

SHOAL BAY—2 acres fronting on the sea. This is a beautiful building site and all good ground.

ELFORD ST.—Choice building lot. Price $600.

FOUL BAY ROAD—1 acre choice land. $600.

FOUL BAY—4 good lots, containing 2-3 of an acre. Price $300.

RITHET ST.—Choice building lot. Price $600.

YATES ST.—Between Cook and Vancouver streets, 1 good lot, with lot fronting on Johnson street. Price moderate.

OAK BAY AVE.—1 acre of splendid ground, with good view. Price $1,200.

MOSS ST.—Between Fairfield road and Richardson street; several choice lots on this street. Prices about $600 each.

J. Stuart Yates

22 BASTION STREET.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Land within two minutes' walk of Gorge tramway terminus, in any quantity to suit intending purchasers.

FINE FIVE ACRE BLOCKS between Gorge and Burnside roads, on easy terms. Reduction made to first purchaser of land sold under new subdivision.

TO CLOSE ESTATE—Offers will be received up to noon Saturday, July 15, 1905, for the purchase of two valuable city water front lots, with buildings. MUST BE SOLD.

FOR SALE—Good business block on Yates street returning good interest on the investment.

ALSO Section 10 Esquimalt district—CHEAP.

Grant & Conyers,

No. 2 View St., Opposite Main Entrance Driard Hotel.

SIX ROOM HOUSE—Just completed, with cement walk, basement, large hall, enamel bath; corner lot; finely situated in East End.

FINE MODERN HOUSE—Near car line, with beautiful garden of one acre, set out in fruits, etc.

SMALL COTTAGE and half acre fine garden and orchard, near car line, in East End.

SEVEN ROOMED HOUSE and two good corner lots, set out in fruit, near car line.

NEW MODERN BUNGALOW and acre of land, beautiful site, on car line.

IT WILL PAY YOU to call at our office and investigate the above, as all are being offered at a bargain.

SEVERAL FINE BUILDING SITES in half acre and one acre blocks, in good localities.

Swinerton & Oddy

102 GOVERNMENT STREET.

GOOD LAND SUITABLE FOR FRUIT, close to Victoria; just outside city limits:

11 1-5 acres	$1,600
9 1-2 acres	1,900
8 1-2 acres	1,500
8 4-10 acres	950
7 8-10 acres	1,500

Several 8 1-3 acre pieces, 6 miles out, all good land; just the thing for fruit, and nice location.

Some CHOICE ACRE BLOCKS for sale; all good cultivated land.

CHOICE LOT AND A HALF on St. Charles street; size 95x193x10, $1,300.00.

150 ACRES, Salt Spring Island; 25 acres cleared, 30 acres fenced, good soil, barn and chicken houses, three roomed dwelling, 250 fruit trees, only $700.

68 ACRES, Lake District; 15 acres cleared, 20 acres slashed and burnt, good soil, all fenced, 2 barns, chicken houses, cattle sheds, 5 roomed dwelling, 40 large fruit trees, including 5 horses, 25 head of cattle, implements and crop.

TWO LOTS—Connaught street, close to Gorge tram line. $200 each.

WATER FRONT LOT—Brighton Bay. $250

A large list of acreage close to city.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE. In amounts of $500 and upwards, at current rates of interest.

Insure in the Connecticut Fire Insurance Company.

B.C. Land & Investment Agency Ltd.

40 GOVERNMENT STREET.

VICTORIA WEST—$1,300—5 roomed cottage; electric light, etc., large corner lot, with orchard. Easy terms.

CHEAP BUSINESS LOT—Lot corner Government and Pembroke streets, for sale cheap, to close an estate.

FIFTH ST.—$150. 3 lots 60x135 each; no rock; nicely situated. $150 each.

$100 CASH and $25 per month will buy a good $3,000 2 storey dwelling, with basement, brick and stone foundation, and all modern improvements.

$1,700—6 roomed cottage and 4 lots (almost new). Easy terms.

$100 CASH and $15 per month will buy a six roomed house on Menzies street; bath sewer and electric light.

$650—House (6 rooms) on Superior street (car line); $50 cash, $12 per month.

CHEAP LOTS—Fairfield Estate. $100 for lots 50x120; water lots $200 each. $10 cash, $10 per month; interest 4 per cent. only; best of soil.

JAMES BAY—Full sized lots, $400 each; well located. $50 cash, $10 per month.

SIMCOE ST.—Lot 60x240, all cleared, excellent soil; only $800.

INSTALMENT PLAN—Houses for sale on this plan all over the city. Why pay rent when you can buy a home on the terms we offer?

SAANICH DISTRICT—Handsome residence, new and completely furnished; and 66 acres of land on water front (1 mile of sea frontage), 22 acres cultivated, 15 cleared for pasturage, balance wooded; also 7 roomed cottage; first class stable. Full particulars at office.

STANLEY AVE.—Lots 58x105, only $400.

INVESTMENT—Two 1½ storey houses in James Bay; well located; net revenue 10 per cent.; all modern improvements.

$300—Victoria West. Full sized lot (corner); new picket fence.

GOVERNMENT ST.—Lots near the Fountain, from $450 to $700. Easy terms.

BEACON HILL—Lots 50x150 each, facing the Park, $900 each; also 1 lot 46x150, $800; corner lot for $900.

FOUL BAY—Water lots for sale. Call for particulars. je16

ROOMS TO LET—Unfurnished rooms in Five Sisters' Block (heated), $5 per month, upwards.

$800—5 roomed cottage, and lot 50x120; stable and chicken house; a few fruit trees; insured for $700. A bargain.

FIRST ST.—$250. Two lots 50x133 each, at this price per lot, near King's road.

THIRD ST.—$300. Lot 50x133, front and back entrance.

FOURTH ST.—$350. Lot 50x133, between Bay street and King's road.

HILLSIDE FARM ESTATE—Lots $50 and upwards; also acreage in small parcels of from one to five acres; all cleared and under cultivation, at bed rock prices.

SIXTH ST.—2 lots, corner. $200 each.

WHARF TO RENT at foot of Yates street, with warehouse; rent, $50 per month. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency Limited, 40 Government Street.

TO RENT—Offices, Government street; large front rooms on 1st floor facing Government street, all modern conveniences. Also law offices on Bastion street. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street. je7

BUSINESS PROPERTY—$5,500 will buy a lot 65x94, very central and just off Government street, with improvements.

TO RENT—Flat of 16 rooms; centrally located; moderate rent. B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street.

$2,200—6-roomed house, with attic, modern in every respect; lot 50x133.

10 ACRES—6-room cottage, barn and outbuildings; 9 miles from city.

FOR SALE—As a going concern, goodwill and furniture of a large first-class private boarding and lodging house, doing a thriving business; best of furniture; cheap. For full particulars apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street

FIRE INSURANCE (Phoenix of London). MONEY TO LOAN.

To Homeseekers

REAL ESTATE OFFICE, 20 BASTION STREET.

I am now offering at reasonable prices, and to suit purchasers, some of the finest sites in Victoria, suitable for residential purposes; also acreage, good rich soil, ideal for fruit growing.

For further particulars apply to JAS. A. DOUGLAS..

Beaumont Boggs,

Real Estate & Insurance Agent, 42 Fort St

FOR SALE—80 acres, Somenos, 20 acres cultivated, 45 cleared; house, barns, stock, implements. Price $4,200.

FOR SALE—160 acres on Cowichan river; house and other implements. Price $1,500.

FOR SALE—5 acre blocks of fruit land in "North Dairy," "Strawberry Vale," "Cedarvale" and "Cadboro Bay Park" subdivisions. Prices from $25 to $130 per acre.

FOR SALE—House, 7 rooms, near Government buildings. Price $2,200.

New issue of "Home and Farm" list just out. Send for Free Copy.

A. Williams & Co, Ltd

104 YATES STREET.

FOR SALE—140 acres, partly improved; $1,500.

FOR SALE — 50 acres, small orchard; $1,250.

FOR SALE—5½ acres good land, all cleared and fenced (close in); $850.

FOR SALE—13 acres, 5 cleared, with stock, good buildings, etc.; $3,000.

FOR SALE—House, 6 rooms, in good order, wisth bath—$750.

Professional Directory

ARCHITECTS

ARCHITECTS—Thos. D. Sedger, Architect, Room 21 Five Sisters' Block, Victoria, B. C. jy11

CONSULTING ENGINEERS.

REBBECK, JAMES K., Tel. 1068. Consulting mechanical engineer, naval architect. Plans, specifications. Special designs. Reports, surveys, and supervision. Rooms 32-33 Board of Trade Building, Victoria, B. C. jy8

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS.

HUTCHISON BROS., Mechanical Engineers, Broughton, Victoria. Tel. 1179

EDUCATIONAL

SHORTHAND SCHOOL—15 Broad Street. Bookkeeping thoroughly taught; also shorthand and typewriting. E. A. Macmillan, principal.

LAND SURVEYORS.

GORE & McGREGOR, Provincial and Dominion Land Surveyors, Civil and Mining Engineers. Chancery Chambers, Bastion Square, Victoria. Tel 504A. jy15

WANTED—FEMALE HELP

WANTED—Girls for Victoria Steam Laundry. au3

WANTED—Willing, strong girl as mother's help (city); knowledge of plain cooking, etc. Apply 60 Rae street. au3

WANTED—Young girl, 18 to 20, as housemaid; kind, considerate home. Apply 60 Rae street. au3

WANTED—Experienced nursemaid (city), two children (2 and 4 years); good wages. 60 Rae street. au2

WANTED—Immediately, superior general maid for family of two. Apply 60 Rae street. au2

WANTED—Girl for general housework; plain cooking. Apply Mrs. Aaronson, at 52 Government. jy29

WANTED—A thoroughly qualified resident governess to teach young children. Mrs. F. B. Pemberton, Mountjoy, Victoria.

WANTED—A ward maid. Apply to the Matron at the Jubilee Hospital. jy25

WANTED—A strong girl for general housework and care of two children, eighteen months and four years (Victoria West). Apply 60 Rae street. jy16

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ADVERTISEMENTS under this heading will be inserted at a special rate of one-half cent per word, with six insertions for the price of four.

ENGLISH GIRL requires situation to travel as nurse or take charge of invalid. Box 113 Colonist. au5

WANTED—Position as housekeeper or companion helper to small family, country preferable. Apply Box 115 Colonist.

WANTED—Young girl, 16, wants a situation. References given. Apply Box 103 Colonist. au2

WANTED—Blankets to wash, 25c. pair; also flannels. Send P. C. to Mrs. Ramsay, Ross Bay. au1

WANTED—Position as resident governess to young children; French and music; or as companion to elderly lady or invalid. Miss Ap-John, 300 West 143rd street, New York City. je8

WANTED—Position by French governess; English studies, French and drawing included; Protestant. First class references. Apply to the Secretary Y. W. C. A., Vancouver. je2

WANTED—MALE HELP

WANTED—Young man to travel as helper and learn trade. Call between 5 and 6 Saturday, Victoria Hotel. A. T. Ross.

WANTED—Male first assistant wanted for Central school, Rossland; $80 a month. Write Leslie Bruce, 635 Richards street, Vancouver. au5

MEN AND WOMEN to learn watchmaking, engraving, jeweler's work; only practical school for jewelers; money made learning. Seattle Watchmaking-Engraving School, P.-I. Building. jy16

WANTED—Six first class carpenters. Clarence street, off Simcoe. D. H. Bale. au3

WANTED—Boy to learn drug business; must have High school certificate. Apply Terry & Marett. au4

WANTED—A smart, active boy, one just leaving school preferred. Henry Young & Co. au2

LEARN TELEGRAPHY and R. R. Accounting. $50 to $500 a month salary assured our graduates under bond. Our six schools the largest in America and endorsed by all railroads. Write for catalogue. Morse School of Telegraphy, Cincinnati, O., Buffalo, N. Y., Atlanta, Ga., La Crosse, Wis., Texarkana, Tex., San Francisco, Cal. au1

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

ADVERTISEMENTS under this heading will be inserted at a special rate of one half cent per word, with six insertions for the price of four.

WANTED—Experienced farm hand, good milker, wants work. Box 112 Colonist.

WANTED—By ex-cavalry N. C. O., a position as caretaker, watchman, janitor or in office; 3 years and 8 months in last place (R. N. Yard); age 40; total abstainer. Apply "F. C.," Post Office, Esquimalt. au4

EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER, young man, competent, best references, wants employment. Box 107 this office. au3

WANTED—Experienced chicken man seeks engagement; has incubator. Address P. O. Box 216. au2

WANTED—Coachman seeks position; a trained servant; competent to take charge of gentleman's place and stable; married, no children; wife good cook; excellent reference. "Coachman," Mrs. Turner's Employment Agency, 54 Fort street. jy13

LOST

LOST—On Burnside road, Thursday afternoon, heavy buggy rug. Finder rewarded by leaving at Mrs. Meldram's, Topaz avenue. au5

LOST—Watch charm; an English guinea (Charles the II.), encircled with gold. Return to R. Baker & Son, 30 Yates street, and receive suitable reward. au5

LOST—Two weeks ago, black and white English setter pup, dog. Return to 39 Quadra street. au4

LOST—A small suit case, Tuesday evening last, between Cordova Bay and the city (on new road). Please return to this office. jy28

LOST—On or about the 27th day of last March, a small brown leather handbag, initialed "T. G. P." on the side, containing amongst other things a pigskin leather dressing case and two silver medals. Anyone returning same to the office of this paper will be handsomely rewarded. Box 104 Colonist. au2

LOST—A white parrot. $5 reward. Anybody harboring will be prosecuted. Apply G. Winter, Fairfield road. jy25

FOUND

FOUND—A lady's white belt on Rockland avenue. Apply at this office. jy29

FOUND—A sum of money. For information apply to Colonist office. au1

MISCELLANEOUS

REV. M. HARDEE—Clairvoyant, clairaudiant and inspirational spiritual medium; massage treatment; readings daily. Spiritual services Wednesday and Friday evenings. Hours from 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. Fort street. au5

TO WELL DIGGERS—Tenders will be received by the undersigned until Monday, August 7, for digging a well in Cadboro school grounds, Cadboro Bay. Particulars can be obtained from either of the trustees. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. F. W. Blankenbach, Secretary, Victoria, P. O. au3

WHY NOT double your income. We can invest your money at 6 per cent. on first mortgage on first class city property. The savings bank only pays you 3 per cent. Why not see what we can do for you? We attend to all the details, collect your interest and make prompt settlements. We can give you numerous references. Heisterman & Co. Established 1864. jy30

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FURNISHED ROOM TO LET—Electric light, bath, and breakfast if desired. Private house. 144 Michigan. au3

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TO LET—Furnished rooms. Apply 43½ View street. jy18

TO LET—Comfortable furnished rooms, with use of kitchen if required. 139 Michigan street. jy25

FURNISHED ROOMS—First class table; well recommended; fine brick house and grounds; piano, phone, croquet lawn. 227 Johnson, corner Vancouver. Phone A370. jy21

TO LET—Furnished housekeeping rooms, ground floor 152 Fort street. jy8

TO LET—Housekeeping rooms, en suite. Elsmere House, 104 Pandora street. Apply 97 Quadra street. Phone B920. jy7

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FOR SALE—Bowling alley equipments, complete. Write for prices. Also billiard tables, etc. We are the leading manufacturers in the world. Catalogue free. Brunswick Balke Collender Co. J. Johnston, Kirk Block, Douglas street, agent, Victoria. ja17

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FOR SALE—National cash register; also 1 pair quiet steers, suitable for work. Inquire Porter & Sons, Government street. je27

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FOR SALE—A good family milch cow, due to calve middle of present month. Apply to Frank Turner, Burnside road. au4

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WANTED—Hand power chaff cutter, Watson's preferred. Box 111 Colonist. au4

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WOODMEN OF THE WORLD—Victoria Camp, No. 52, Canadian Order of the Woodmen of the World, meets in A. O. U. W. hall, Yates street, 1st and 3rd Fridays in the month. Wm. Jackson, clerk. my13

COURT VANCOUVER, No. 5755, A. O. F.—Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in month, K. of P. Hall, Douglas street. J. F. Fahay, C. R.; Sidney Wilson, Sec'y.

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I. O. O. F.—No. 2, Columbia Lodge, Odd Fellows' block, Douglas st., Wed. night. R. W. Fawcett, Rec. Sec.; res. 24 Carr

K. of P.—No. 1, Far West Lodge, Friday, K. of P. Hall, cor. Douglas and Pandora sts. H. Weber, K. of R. & S. Box 544.

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SANITARY PLUMBING, STEAM, HOT Water and Gas Fitting. Jobbing work promptly attended to. Victoria Plumbing Co. Tel. A313. 114 Yates street. jy4

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A. J. CLYDE, 42 Johnson street. Tel. 855.

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ROBT. WARD & CO., LTD., have in warehouse Canada Plate, Charcoal and Coke, Tinplates, Terneplates, Pigleads, Pigtin.

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W. J. HANNA—Graduate United States College of Embalming, New York. No. 102 Douglas street. Telephones—Office, 498; residence, 611.

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ROBT. WARD & CO., LTD.—Sole agents for Wilkins' celebrated Steel Wire Ropes.

IMPORTANT SALE

Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned up to noon August 12, 1905, for the purchase of the Assets and Business of the Western Canadian Fish Co., Ltd., of Vancouver, B. C., as a going concern. Tenders to be for a lump sum, an accepted bank check to accompany tender of 5 per cent. of the amount, which shall be forfeited if party whose bid is accepted fails to comply with his tender.

The Assets comprise the following:

LAND—32 acres, timbered, with 540 feet deep water frontage, gravitation fresh water supply, and railroad siding.

BUILDINGS—Factory and subordinate buildings, fully equipped with Whitman Patent Fish Drying Process; Patent Rights owned for British Columbia.

WHARF—A good wharf, where any vessel can load or discharge.

VESSELS—Brigantine, 144 tons register, fully equipped for Behring Sea Cod Fishing; also a Schooner, 40 tons capacity.

TRAP SITE—Valuable Fish Trap Site, on Vancouver Island.

MORTGAGE—Mortgage $2,000, bearing interest 6 per cent.

STOCK—Stock on hand valued at $4,818.75.

Value of Total Assets July 1, 1905, $47,000.00.

Since commencement of operations in 1903, the Company has established markets for its products, Codfish, Smoked Salmon and Halibut, at all principal points, from Vancouver to Quebec, and at all points they have been most favorably received, but for want of capital, all demands cannot be filled.

Further particulars may be obtained by applying to the undersigned.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

D. MOWAT, Secretary,
Room 5, MacKinnon Block,
VANCOUVER, B. C.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at their next sitting as a Licensing Court, for a transfer of the license now held by me for the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors by retail, upon the premises situate on the west side of Government street, and known as the "Victoria Hotel," to W. A. Millington and F. A. Wolfenden.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1905.

au1 (Sd.) EDWARD CAVE.

MORTGAGE SALE

MONDAY, 14th AUGUST, 1905

Under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage, dated the 16th day of DECEMBER, 1892, and registered on the 28th day of DECEMBER, 1892, in Charge Book, Volume 11, Folio 607, and No. 13974B, sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 14th of AUGUST, 1905, for the purchase of the following property:

All that parcel or lot of land situate in the city of Victoria, and known and numbered on the official map thereof as LOT SEVENTY-NINE (79), Block TWENTY-SIX (26), situate on Rae Street.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

For particulars, apply to
ROBERT WARD & COMPANY, LIMITED,
Agents for the Mortgagees,
"Temple Building,"
jy28 Victoria, B. C.

FOR SALE—PROPERTY

FOR SALE—200 acres, 30 ready for plow; $500 cash, $1,600 at 6 per cent. Good land. Pemberton & Son, 45 Fort street.

$400—Lot on Toronto street, near Menzies. Can have sewer connection. B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street.

FOR SALE—Beacon Hill Park—Lots 50x150, facing east, on the Park. $900 each. B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE

WANTED—Small ranch on lake, river or coast. State lowest price and full particulars. Box 114 this office. au5

TO RENT—STORES

TO RENT—Two stores, Todd block, Douglas street; fine location, opposite city hall. Apply J. H. Todd & Sons. au5

WANTED—TO RENT

WANTED—Furnished house or cottage of 5 or 6 rooms, centrally located. Address Box 110 Colonist. au3

THE BATTLE OF MUKDEN

Experiences of a Japanese Officer.

The following is the translation of a private letter addressed to his brother, now in England, by a Japanese officer, Lieutenant Tokutaro Oshio, who was at the battle of Mukden and has received two Kanjos for his gallantry. A few words in brackets have been added in one or two places to elucidate the meaning:

The battle of Mukden really began at Haikotai. Ever since that affair, without rest or respite, we dogged the steps of the retreating Russians, now on this and now on that side of Konga river. Wearied by our unceasing pursuit, the enemy turns sharply round with a growl now and again, but the nimble mounted infantry and the dragoons sheer off to the right or left of him—to pounce upon him again as he moves out of his positions. Ever since January 25 the firing line has been our bedchamber and the clothes we stand in our bed and bedding.

From February 24 to 28 we were at Fanlatoza, and on March 1 were placed under the orders of General Tachimi, and then marched to Dodaishi; thence to Zennengyoho. Here, as usual, the Russians held a position of great natural strength, supplemented with every device known to the modern military engineer, and the Russian engineers are splendid. Barbed wire entanglement, abattis, pits, all complete, and all that could be seen were the muzzles of rifles out of the solid masonry of the walls. We advanced very slowly, step by step, through the shower of bullets, rifles and maxims making a continuous sing-song like the singing of a thousand thrushes. Now a man on my right goes down, now one on my left, then a fellow is blown to pieces before one's eyes, his flesh is scattered and some of it comes upon one's face. Voice of an officer encouraging some wounded men, or orders given in a hoarse undertone, or a Banzai for our Emperor—the last breath of a dying man—all these blended together in the din of battle rush through one's ears until one might think it all a nightmare, but for the evidences of one's eyes. After the day's exertion the place remained in the enemy's hands. We had our colonel wounded, and many others placed hors de combat; then, when these things were known to the men, their determination and fierce indignation reached the highest pitch. They said that they would not leave the field of battle dead or alive or go into hospital until the colors of the regiment floated above the Russian works. In the night the colonel called together the officers and said we must take the position at all costs, or we fail in our duty to the comrades of other sections. If unsuccessful, there is only one thing for us to do—die. "Gentlemen, we will attack the enemy now, and I ask you to leave your bones on this field of battle with me." We in one breath called out "Banzai! let us do or die." Orders were given out at once: "Anyone firing without orders shall be court-martialled." "Use your bayonet." Officers will look for the enemy's leaders," "Do not expect to return alive," and so on, and so on. At 2 a.m. the attack began. At 300 metres we stopped and made the final dispositions, then approached within 100 metres of the Russian lines. The enemy poured shot and shell from every available rifle and maxim and light field gun. Though the distance was short and the night was dark, at this point the enemy's fire began to tell terribly. A man turned over, letting go one hand from his rifle, so I kicked him gently on the shoulder to see if he had fallen asleep—he was dead. I heard a gnashing of teeth behind me—a poor fellow was discharging blood from his mouth. Yet not a sound, not a cry of pain, not even a muttered moan. They remembered their orders. Reaching a point where we were just able to see the abatis, we charged with an earthquaking hurrah, and we rushed it. We—some few dozen of us—entered the defence from the enemy's right flank. Here there were no entanglements or abatis. I jumped over the trench and over the breastwork into the interior. A few of the enemy's lookout men were there, but I threw them down into the ditch with my hands. I had not had my sword drawn yet. It was like the affair at Haikotai, when our Major Machino was killed. The enemy, like us, then concentrated all his available force upon the defence of the front. The only difference lay in that we 230 were forced to engage. Mischenko's full cavalry brigade, and here the Russians were outflanked by a force considerably inferior to their own. I was just turning round a corner of a heap of kao-liang stalks, shouting, "Come on, fellows, come on," when someone ran straight into me, almost throwing me into the stack. He is a six-footer, so he is no Japanese. I give him a straight cut with the flat of my sword, and call upon him to disarm; then tell him to hide himself till the fight is over and then come out and surrender. Well, he did it. Already I could make out such Japanese words from the direction of the front as "Banzai, banzai! You, Russki, surrender, surrender, or you look out." As the overwhelming number of frightened Russians began to stream towards the spot where we few were lying in wait, we had no choice but wield our cold steel as best we could. After this, it was all single combats, a savage warfare. You crouch on the ground, and as a Russian approaches you swiftly despatch him, and throwing yourself down upon the ground again wait for another to come on. "Yamada, Yamada, Oka, Oka, now be careful." "Don't confound friend with foe!" "There they come, there they come. Steady, steady. Banzai, banzai!" In half an hour it was all over, though it appeared half a lifetime.

As the enemy retreated in disorder across the open without arms, without boots, volley after volley was given at the order. I find that most of those who are hit generally receive their wounds when rising to charge, or in the act of crossing a trench or getting over a breast work—in fact, just in the act of changing from one attitude to another. What is needed to save the men is that they should be trained to perform such an act in as short a space of time as possible. Still, life or death is no business of ours. If one is to be hit, one will be, were one to hide behind a mountain. Fate decides that.

Our casualties were slight. Amongst the officers wounded were the colonel, two captains, two lieutenants and four second lieutenants; and two second lieutenants and one sergeant-major, and one Q.M.S. were killed. The sergeant-major killed was, in civil life, the vice-head of one of the best and largest public schools in Japan, and a superb swordsman. Men slightly wounded remained in the rank and refuse to go to hospital; true Japanese. On the next day, March 2, pursuit, pursuit, and pursuit, and then a sudden standstill at Mateiho. Not taken till nightfall, then another Japanese rush. Towards night it began to snow, and the effect was truly beautiful. It was a tableau, a scene from a stage. In the silvery white background, with here and there a red conflagration, marched the men of the Second Regiment, men in khaki, their knapsacks packed, their greatcoats flung away, with the badge of white around their arms, officers in front with drawn swords, the bluish gleam of white bayonets clearly discernible in the snow; straight and steady charged the men of Japan. The reflection of the red flickers of fire played upon the drifting snow and upon the spray kicked up by the tramping of feet of the marching host. Shell shrieked, thumped and exploded with an awful splendor never before realized. The pity that real blood should flow and real living bodies of men be scattered to the winds! Before this determined attack of the Japanese the Russians faltered and broke. The Fifth Company of the Second had a previous order, so, doubling, and at our fastest pace, beyond the regulation limit, we reached a position along the line of the enemy's retreat. I shall always be trying to efface the scene from my memory, but I shall never be able to do so.

When I gave the word, every rifle in the company spoke at 20 metres distance. It was a harrowing scene. Under the steady sectional fire, the men went down in heaps, and the fleeing Russians actually walked, or, rather, raced along over their dead and dying comrades. You men of Russia, you die for your beloved fatherland, misguided though you may be; we shall deal it out swiftly, for we, too, may see our last day at your hands, and joyously for our enlightened sovereign. We lay in the snow the whole night, sniping, sniping mechanically. The next day biscuits and snow water, and pursuit, without seeing the shadow of a Russian, the fourth ditto, slept in battle array. The fifth ditto, ditto.

The sixth, the hottest and worst, bloodiest and most savage, of the whole series of the Mukden battles. The Russians held a line from Sansenho to Nengyoho, while we ranged ourselves in and about Gyorimho, which is about four miles west of Mukden station. The doggedness of that Russian defence! Heavy guns and light guns, handy mountain guns, and little dynamite guns, all joined in the bombardment of their positions, while the heroic Russian gunners replied shot for shot and shell for shell. Attacks and counter-attacks succeeded each other like the figures on a fairy lantern. We fought with rifles, we fought with bayonets, then with grenades, and with shovels and picks, and even with fists. Why, it's no more nor less than a gigantic street brawl. One of the battalion commanders was killed and the colonel wounded severely, and one after another the company officers went down. Once when I whistled to the buglers and the charge was sounded, just barely forty out of a battalion of skirmishers leaped to their feet, and the rest remained still—no cowards, but dead men—dead at their posts. Those who responded to the call had no right to do so; they ought to have been in the ambulances. That day's doings could never be told vividly enough with my pen, and, perhaps, no words could ever do justice to the bravery of the men, Russian and Japanese, and the hardships they endured. The Russians, five or six times our number, charged time after time so resolutely up to our positions that some of them actually passed through the first line—but they never returned. These are the fresh troops from the reserves—determined, because of the knowledge that on their action hangs the fate of Kuropatkin and his army. So that day success remained with the Russians, in spite of all our efforts. Well, they deserved it. At the suggestion of an officer of the staff corps we volunteered to rush the works the same night. Men came to their officers and begged to let them go and fill up the trenches with their corpses, so that others following them might walk over their bodies into the defences. At the men's earnest request a deputation of officers and men was sent to the divisional commander, who gave them the requested permission, not without some hesitation. All the unwounded of our company offered themselves to a man, and formed up—in fact, they all offered themselves; but we were compelled to take only the unwounded. The men of the Kessitai formed up in a square, each man with a tumbler full of water, to drink to the long parting—a parting after which they might never meet again. General Tachimi uncorked some wine, and himself poured just a drop into each man's glass, shaking hands with each. Holding his glass aleft, he said: "Gentlemen, I have not much to say to you tonight. You know well the desperate nature of your undertaking, in which success is not certain. You know also the chances against your returning alive to tell the tale. I can only wish you, gentlemen, God-speed. Go, gentlemen, do your best. I do not command it of you, comrades, but only cherish the hope that your resolution and your determination may bear fruit of success. Farewell, farewell. Long live the Emperor! Long live the Emperor! Long live the Emperor!"

Men we were to leave behind came and pitifully implored me to take them, but, on my refusal, begged me to do their share of the work. Oh! our glorious army of citizen soldiers, men pursuing some peaceful avocation in some obscure corner of Japan, living and dying unknown, never doing harm to a living creature, contented and happy to be a simple peasant or an artisan in the piping times of peace, and yet they are heroes all, every one of them! It is an overwhelming honor, and a responsibility almost too great, to lead men such as these to dangers and destruction, men to whom in age I am but a younger brother, and in point of experience a mere child. "I have got seven yen in my bag, Honda, take it out when I am gone, and sed it up to the war fund office, will you?" "Now these are my last verses; keep them for my sake, Oka!" "Good-bye, Tori, meet you at Shokonsha" (the shrine of those fallen for the nation and country).

These are bits of sentences I catch as I pace to and fro in the front waiting for the signal to advance. It made me think. I have seen almost all the important actions since the war began, yet I am here still, and about to lead my trusted and tried heroes to almost certain annihilation. Perhaps this time tomorrow I shall be no more. I wanted to do so much. Has the time come to pay the blood-tax? Well, there will be many more worthy sons of the country, so I shall face it without regrets, happy in the thought of dying for the nation and for the country, and for our Imperial master.

At midnight men threw off the great winter coats, and white distinguishing bands were put on the left sleeves in readiness to move. With drawn swords the officers lead, with fixed bayonets the men follow in our usual formation. First grenade-men in a line at certain intervals, then the main body in column of sixes with a grenade man at every few paces in the ranks. And with a tremendous yell we stormed into the earthwork. What followed I cannot bear to recite. How many of us returned? A few, very few. And the works? Intact still? As we receded came the enemy's counter-attack—the officer in command of this section knows his business well. But there is nothing so ridiculously easy as to repel a Russian counter-attack.

The next day, the 7th, went on much the same, but with a slight indication of wavering in the Russian ranks. On the 8th they commenced their favorite move, "a prearranged advance to the north," so taking the opportunity we rushed, capturing the position with much slaughter and a large number of prisoners. This was the final signal for the rout of Kuropatkin's Mukden army. That night we slept as best we could and where we stood. On the 9th we cleared the enemy out of Taisekikio (three miles northwest of Mukden), thence advanced to Teisankashi, and there we bivouacked in battle formation.

The 10th was the happiest day of the battle of Mukden. After half a day's desultory firing and leisurely fighting our battalion received an order to take Tahoshitu, which the enemy held in force. In this my company formed the first line. I talk of battalions and companies, but a battalion, particularly ours, at this stage furnished about as many men as a company. We moved through a hail of rifle and machine-gun bullets, which now began to resemble some perfectly natural phenomenon, as of sunshine or of rain, and it was mere child's play compared with the experiences of that awful night of the 6th. We lost a few before coming within 200 metres of the Russian first line of trenches. As I leapt on my feet and stepped out to the front the men closed up behind (we give no word of command, they watch their officers), and elbow to elbow we charged. As I entered the village about 20 paces in front of the wall of bayonets I caught sight of the Russians running helter-skelter out at the other end of the village high street. Ten men were unable to get away, among them a one-year volunteer. These men came up to me, and, saluting, spoke to me in Chinese, "Toshei, toshei thanks thanks." Then fetching out lump sugar vodka, etc., with "Sinku Sinku, well done, Sir, well done." The humor of it!

Here we joined the reserve and marched to the Mukden station. To Japanese bred and born on the top of a mountain cramped up between the Sea of Japan and the Pacific, the Manchurian plain, where, as the Chinese have it, "one sees for 1,000 miles," seems vast and desolate but magnificent, and makes one feel as if oneself were expanding. Upon this vast magnificent plain moved countless shapes of undefinable masses. Some move this way and others that, with momentary pauses and occasional delays, moving backwards sometimes, but never for long. The broad line of the direction of these movements may be given as toward the City of the Dragon Throne. Some of these bodies had the appearance of a dark, evil-looking snake, or of a dragon winding its tortuous way to its place of refuge, and vomiting fire and smoke. At closer quarters this dissolves into a brigade of infantry on the march with its regiment of skirmishers. Further away yonder is a huge grey colored mass, irregular in shape, neither square nor round, but rather like the shape of a jelly-fish, for it is elastic and closes and uncloses and varies between the two shapes. As a heavy shell from a 15 cm. gun, lately their own, now in the hands of the victorious Japanese, plumps straight down into the centre of the mass, scattering its death-dealing charge all round, this mass opens out in a hurried movement, to close up again into a semblance of a square under the relentless patter of our Meiji imps. Bang, it opens. Clang, clang, clang of the machine guns, and pit-pat pit-pat of rifles, it closes up again. Each time it closes one notices that its size shrinks. That is the Russian rearguard.

What a relief to see it break and run. "Ah!" came from many a mouth. By this time bullets were flying from all directions, from right and left, front and rear. The flying remnants of the Russian soldiery were firing as they ran. At 7 p. m. we entered the station. Well, they must have been in a hurry! Behind them they left quantities of whiskey, brandy, champagne, burgundy, vodka, rum, etc. the things to them most precious next to ikons. Some tables were laid as if the company were about to sit down. What a sight for men who had had nothing but dry biscuits and snow water for all those days! But wait the Russians have fouled wells with filth, and concealed dynamite under the floor of the houses they had left. Should they be trusted! There is a box of cigars with the lid open, so inviting, and chocciates, oh so tantalizing! I have an idea. "Here, Inouyre, bring a prisoner along, one captured in this neighborhood." "Yes, officer, this is the table for the transport column. I know it because I am the servant of a paymaster lieutenant. * * * I think the food is all right. * * * Don't throw it to the dogs, Sir, I will eat it for you. * * * I have not had a square meal for the last five days," he adds. We eat the Russians' food, sleep in their houses on Russian beds with Russian blankets that night. It was like having January and June holidays together (both great festival seasons). How can an outsider know the delight of such an event? On the morow we had a few brushes with the retreating Russians. In one of the engagements I found a pretty little Pekinese spaniel wandering about between the two fires. It came to me when I whistled; it evidently belonged to some Russian officer, and was tame and affectionate. I am keeping it for myself. I suppose the owner is not likely to return to claim it. Once when we charged a Rusian shelter trench successfully the little fellow could not keep up with us with his short legs and long coat, so my kanemitsu (sword) in my right hand I held the little creature panting under my left arm, and charged. The grave sergeant-major laughed. Well he might. We only heard faint sounds of firing all the next day, the 11th. I took some bearers and surgeons out into the fields, distributing biscuits, water, hot tea, and other comforts to the Russian wounded.

What an ugly goddess is the goddess of war! Among the wounded Russians upon the field was a boy of barely 16 or 17, a drummer boy, shot through both legs. He held a rosary in his hand, praying. Poor mite, the pity of it! Pointing to the red cross upon the arm of a bearer I called out in Chinese, "Surgeon, my brave little fellow." No answer. Then in Russian, "Doctor." And told him he was safe. This in German—that was about my stock of languages. He was a Pole, I believe, as he spoke German. He was so thirsty that my bottle was not enough for him, so another half of the bearer's bottle was given him, too, and he had some biscuits. I had a strong yearning to ask him about his home, but no, he is weak, and his spirit must be kept up. "Your wound is nothing, the Japanese hospital attendants will be here soon and take you away. And soon you will be able to go home to your parents." Covering him up with blankets and coats taken from the Russian dead, I was just walking away when he cried out after me. "A moment, officer, a moment. Kind officer, I have something to give you—this book. It was given to me by my father when I was leaving home for the front. I have nothing more valuable to offer you, Sir. It is the most precious thing I possess." And he kissed my hand repeatedly, crying bitterly.

I accepted the book, and without a word turned away to find another sufferer. I would not have broken down for a colonelcy before those bearers and my own men.

The book was entitled "Himmelsbrod" or "Ein Gebetbuch fur Jugend."

Genius and Youth

By Lord Beaconsfield.

"Nay," said the stranger; "for life in general there is but one decree; Youth is a blunder; Manhood a struggle; Old Age a regret. Do not suppose," he added, smiling, "that I hold that youth is genius; all that I say is, that genius, when young, is divine. Why, the greatest captains of ancient and modern times both conquered Italy at five-and-twenty! Youth, extreme youth, overthrew the Persian Empire. Don John of Austria won Lepanto at twenty-five, the greatest battle of modern times; had it not been for the jealousy of Philip, the next year he would have been Emperor of Mauritania. Gaston de Foix was only twenty-two when he stood a victor on the plain of Ravenna. Every one remembers Conde and Rocroy at the same age. Gustavus Adolphus died at thirty-eight. Look at his captains: that wonderful Duke of Weimar, only thirty-six when he died. Banier himself, after all his miracles, died at forty-five. Cortez was little more than thirty when he gazed upon the cupolas of Mexico. When Maurice of Saxony died at thirty-two, all Europe acknowledged the loss of the greatest captain and the profoundest statesman of the age. Then there is Nelson. Clive: but these are warriors, and perhaps you may think there are greater things than war. I do not; I worship the Lord of Hosts. But take the most illustrious achievements of civil prudence. Innocent III., the greatest of the Popes, was the despot of Christendom at thirty-seven. John de Medici was a cardinal at fifteen, and according to Guicciardini, baffled with his statecraft Ferdinand of Aragon himself. He was Pope as Leo X. at thirty-seven. Luther robbed even him of his richest province at thirty-five. Take Ignatius Loyola and John Wesley: they worked with young brains. Ignatius was only thirty when he made his pilgrimage and wrote the 'Spiritual Exercises.' Pascal wrote a great work at sixteen, and died at thirty-seven, the greatest of Frenchmen.

"Ah! that fatal thirty-seven, which reminds me of Byron, greater even as a man than a writer. Was it experience that guided the pencil of Raphael when he painted the palaces of Rome? He, too, died at thirty-seven. Richelieu was secretary of state at thirty-one. Well, then, there were Bolingbroke and Pitt, both ministers before other men left off cricket. Grotius was in great practice at seventeen, and attorney-general at twenty-four. And Acquaviva; Acquaviva was general of the Jesuits, ruled every cabinet in Europe, and colonized America before he was thirty-seven. What a career!" exclaimed the stranger, rising from his chair and walking up and down the room; "the secret sway of Europe! That was indeed a position! But it is needless to multiply instances! The history of heroes is the history of Youth!"

THE HORROR OF IT.

Chicago Tribune.

Addemup, who had taken a day off to attend the bookkeepers' picnic, was displaying his agility by climbing a tree.

He fell in such a way that his foot caught in a fork of the tree, and there he hung, head downward, ten feet from the ground.

"Help me down!" he exclaimed, in a voice of agony, "for Heaven's sake! My fountain pen is leaking!"—Chicago Tribune.

Men of Mark

Mainly About People in the Public Eye

Sat Thirty Years Without Speaking.

Though Lord Templemore, who lately celebrated his eigthy-fourth birthday, is not the oldest peer, he is without doubt "father" of the House of Lords of which he has been a member for sixty-three years. When Lord Templemore made his first appearance in the House of Lords, the Duke of Wellington was Commander-in-Chief, the present Lord Aberdeen's grandfather was Foreign Secretary, whilst Sir Robert Peel was in the House of Commons as First Lord of the Treasury. For close on thirty years Lord Templemore sat in the House of Lords before he made his maiden speech, the occasion which brought forth his first utterance being Mr. Gladstone's Irish Land Bill of 1870. Should Lord Templemore write his reminiscences they would make interesting reading, for he has seen the rise and fall of more than a dozen Prime Ministers.

King Edward and London's Brilliance.

I have spoken of the various influences which created the immense increase in the gaiety and the crowds of the London season. I should not omit, perhaps, the greatest impulse of all—namely, the accession of the present sovereign. The incurable grief of a widow for a loved husband for years produced in London a sense of honorable but overwhelming isolation on the part of royalty; and such an impression as that in the highest quarter percolates, of course, all through society. Now the holder of the throne is still in all the robustness of healthy middle age; and is the possessor both of the prestige and the fortune necessary to the head of the state and the chief leader of society. I remember, immediately after the present King came to the throne, hearing a foreign attache who had lived in London say that he was sure the new reign would reveal to the world the most sumptuous court in Europe in the court of the English King. His anticipations have been to a large extent realized. Instead of Buckingham Palace being opened now and then and at distant intervals and almost under protest, it is the central scene of the gaiety and hospitality of the London season. This has given new life to that love of pleasure which has always been characteristic of the English people."—M. A. P.

Was Misunderstood.

The Queen of Deamark once paid a visit to the Danish colony of Iceland, where the good old bishop exerted himself to the utmost to show her everything that was worth seeing. The Queen paid many compliments to her host, and, having learned that he was a family man, graciously inquired how many children he had. It happened that the Danish word of "children" is almost identical in sound with the Icelandic word for "sheep;" so the worthy bishop—whose knowledge of Danish was not so complete as it might have been—understood Her Majesty to ask how many sheep he owned, and promptly answered:

"Two hundred."

"Two hundred children!" cried the Queen, astonished, "How can you possibly maintain such a number?"

"Easily enough, please your Majesty," replied the prelate, with a cheerful smile. "In the summer I turn them out upon the hills to grass and when winter comes I kill and eat them!"

Dr. Grace's Autograph.

Dr. W. G. Grace, the most famous cricketer in England, probably has given his autograph as often as any other celebrity. At a match not long ago he wrote his name in the notebook of a little girl. A couple of weeks later, much to his surprise, the same little lady shyly sidled up to him with the necessary documents and the request for his autograph. "But I gave it to you only a few days ago," laughingly said the veteran. "Oh," came the answer, "I changed that one for two bishops. "Dr. Grace laughed heartily as he replied, "Well, my dear, if a cricketer is worth two bishops I don't believe I ought to give you another autograph. But your naivette is so delicious I suppose I must. So there you are."

A Strenuous Career.

The following, which will be of interest to many in Ottawa appears in a London paper, the St. James Budget, of June 30, under the heading "A Strenuous Career. The Many Adventures of Lord Minto."

It was characteristic of Lord Minto's modesty, while here, than few knew of his accomplishments in many fields.

The Budget's notice is even short of what it might be, for it does not record the fact that Lord Minto, then Lord Melgund, was General Middleton's A. D. C. in the Northwest Rebellion in Canada in 1885.

The Budget says:

"The subject of 'Spy's' cartoon in Vanity Fair is the Earl of Minto. 'Jehu Junior' writes that the variety of his lordship's adventures is sufficient to inspire the imagination of any British boy. Such an author as the late Captain Mayne Reid would have found in them material for a library. Under the general title "From Wet Bob to Governor-General," Mr. W. H. Kingston could have evolved from their perusal six hundred pages of prodigious sensation.

"He was first choice for the Eton eight. At Cambridge he won the Third Trinity mile. But his most notable feat occurred at the taking of his degree. He entered the Senate House with his bachelor's gown covering a highly unacademic costume, which ended in breeches and boots. At the conclusion of the ceremony he mounted a horse, galloped ten miles, and arrived on the ground just in time to win the University steeplechase. He rode in the Grand National five times, and obtained deathless fame amongst surgeons by breaking his neck and refusing to die. He won the French Grand National, being the single amateur jockey in a field of eighteen. On one occasion at a Lincoln Spring meeting, he was first past the post in six races with six mounts.

"Lord Minto proceeded to flit about the world, popping up with unfailing punctuality wherever the rifles began to shoot. We find him at one moment aiding the Commune, at another mysteriously implicated with the Carlists on the Spanish frontier. Why he was with Lord Roberts in Afghanistan in '78 is easier to understand than his appearance with the Turkish troops that faced the Russians on the Danube in '77. He arrived in Africa one morning after Majuba, learnt that the British had backed down, and returned the next day. He was wounded at Magfak in the Egyptian trouble of '81, but was in time to serve as Chief of Staff to General Middleton against Riel in the Canadian Rebllion of '85."

Bernhardt's Stage Fright.

Sarah Bernhardt has told in her memoirs, recently published, about the result of the final examination at the Paris Conservatory. She was, she says, almost overcome, failing to receive even honorable mention for her performance in tragedy and obtaining only the second prize for her work in comedy. The first prize went to Marie Lloyd, who afterwards became a music hall artiste.

Of her chagrin and disappointment on that occasion Mme. Bernhardt writes:

"The tall girl I had pushed went forward, looking graceful and radiant as she arrived on the stage. There were a few protestations, but her beauty, her distinction and her charm won the day with everyone, so that Marie Lloyd was heartily applauded. As she passed near me she kissed me affectionately. We were great friends and I liked her very much, but I always considered her a nullity as a pupil. I do not know whether she had received any prize the year before, but no one expected her to have the prize. I was simply petrified with amazement. 'Second prize for comedy, Mme. Bernhardt.' I had not heard, but I was pushed on the stage, and while I was bowing I could see hundreds of Marie Lloyds dancing about in front of me; others threw kisses; some of them were fanning themselves, others were bowing; they were all very tall, all these Marie Lloyds; they were higher than the ceilings; they walked over people's heads, and they came to me, seizing me, stifling me and crushing my heart. My face, it appears, was whiter than my dress."

J. D. Rockefeller "a Mummy."

Miss Ida Tarbell, the sworn enemy of John D. Rockefeller and the Standard Oil Company, concludes her scathing attack upon the corporation and the man in the August issue of McClure's Magazine. Her last effort is a character sketch of the magnate, and, quoting the late Mark Hanna, she says of him:

"Money mad; money mad; sane in every other respect; but money mad."

"The impression he makes on one who sees him for the first time is overwhelming. Brought face to face with Mr. Rockefeller unexpectedly, and not knowing him, the writer's immediate thought was, 'This is the oldest man in the world—a living mummy.' But there is no sense of feebleness with the sense of age; indeed, there is one terrific power. The disease which in the last three or four years has swept Mr. Rockefeller's head bare of hair, stripped away even eyelashes and eyebrows, has revealed all the strength of his great head. Mr. Rockefeller is a big man, not over-tall, but large, with powerful shoulders, and a neck like that of a bull."

The sketch is a long one, and Miss Tarbell concludes with:

"He is not a great man, not a human man. He is a machine—a money machine—stripped by his overwhelming passion of greed of every quality which makes a man worthy of citizenship. He has not made good. He cannot make good. It is not in him."

Robert Gillespie Reid.

Recent events which have transpired in connection with the British colony of Newfoundland, the buying up of extensive limits by the Harmsworths, fishery treaties, etc., brings prominently before the Canadian mind a man who has done much towards the development of the island and its resources. He is Robert Gillespie Reid, who was born in Coupar Angus, Perthshire, Scotland. He founded and is the president of the Reid-Newfoundland Company, operating a system of railway and steamship transportation, described in an article on the island which appeared in the New York Post, as being about the most complete "amphibious" transportation system on this continent, the company's operations embracing also the mining, lumbering, electric light and traction, dry docking, sealing and other interests in the Ancient Colony.

Mr. Reid has been engaged in railway and bridge construction during nearly all his life time, and until recently, in Australia, Texas and Mexico, in Canada from Lake Superior to Cape Breton Island, and lastly, across the Island of Newfoundland. The Canadian Pacific bridge at Lachine, the International bridge at Sault Ste. Marie were built by him, and the construction of bridges across the Colorado and the Rio Grande rivers—under almost insuperable difficulties — was successfully achieved by him.

Mr. Reid is at present one of the charter holders for the construction of a bridge across the Straits of Canso, to connect Nova Scotia and Cape Breton Island.

He is a director of the Bank of Montreal, of the Canadian Pacific railway, and of other companies.

His last and largest construction enterprise was in Newfoundland. This work was entirely done by day labor, the whole of the employees coming directly under his control; the mobolizing and control of this small army demanded the highest administrative talent, and the work was completed from beginning to end in five years, with perfect harmony existing between Mr. Reid and the government, and with a total absence of strikes and labor troubles amongst the men.

Should the Ancient Colony ever enter Confederation, the event may be looked upon as the natural growth from the seed of enterprise sown by Mr. Reid, and to his reputation as a bridge and railway builder may then be justly added the enviable distinction of being one more on Canada's roll of honor of empire builders.

Major Walsh.

Major James Morrow Walsh, who died the other day at Brockville, Ont., was the first Governor of the Yukon. He was born of Irish parentage at Prescott, Ont., in 1843, and was educated in that town. In 1866 he was commissioned as lieutenant in the rifle company of Prescott, and in 1867 was appointed captain and adjutant of the Fifty-sixth battalion, on its formation. He raised and took command of the Prescott troop of cavalry the same year, and then was appointed an ensign of the first Ontario battalion of the Red River expeditionary force, but resigned in 1870. He was gazetted a brevet-major in 1872.

He served throughout the Fenian raids of 1866 and 1870, and in 1873 was appointed an inspector of the Northwest Mounted Police, then being organized. In the Northwest he established a great reputation for himself by the manner in which he dealt with the Indians, and more especially in his treatment of the Sioux chief, Sitting Bull. The latter, having held two American forces in check, and destroyed General Custer and his command, had withdrawn over the Canadian border, where he was met by Major Walsh and several troopers, and was induced to surrender to the American authorities.

He resigned from the Mounted Police in 1883, and established the Dominion Coal, Coke & Transportation Company, in which capacity he did much toward opening up coal mines in the Souris district. The discovery of gold in the Yukon district and the consequent advent of population there, having necessitated the appointment of a special commissioner to administer in that territory, Major Walsh was appointed on August 17, 1897. In the same month he was also appointed a superintendent in the Northwest Mounted Police, and likewise a commissioner of police within the Northwest Territories. In 1870 he married Miss Mary Mowat, of Prescott. Since his return East he has resided in Brockville.

We women are adepts of the idle industries because our time is of no earthly consequence. Think of the miles of lace we crochet, the impossible embroideries we make, the countless odds and ends we construct, of no earthly use except to catch dust.—Mrs. Lane, in Fortnightly Review.

OPERATIONS AVOIDED

Two Grateful Letters from Women Who Avoided Serious Operations.—Many Women Suffering from Like Conditions Will Be Interested.

When a physician tells a woman, suffering from ovarian or womb trouble, that an operation is necessary it, of course, frightens her.

The very thought of the operating table and the knife strikes terror to her heart. As one woman expressed it, when told by her physician that she must undergo an operation, she felt that her death knell had sounded.

Our hospitals are full of women who are there for ovarian or womb operations!

It is quite true that these troubles may reach a stage where an operation is the only resource, but such cases are much rarer than is generally supposed, because a great many women have been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound after the doctors had said an operation must be performed. In fact, up to the point where the knife must be used to secure instant relief, this medicine is certain to help.

The strongest and most grateful statements possible to make come from women who, by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, have escaped serious operations.

Mrs. Robert Glenn of 434 Marie St., Ottawa, Ont., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is so well and widely known that it does not need my recommendation, but I am pleased to add it to the many which you have in its favor. I have suffered untold agonies from ovarian troubles for nearly three years, and the doctors told me that I must undergo an operation, but as I was unwilling to do this, I tried your Vegetable Compound, and I am only too pleased that I did so, for it restored me to perfect health, saving me the pain of an operation and the immense bills attending the same. Pray accept my hearty thanks and best wishes."

Miss Margret Merkley of 275 3d Street, Milwaukee, Wis., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Loss of strength, extreme nervousness, severe shooting pains through the pelvic organs, cramps, bearing down pains, and an irritable disposition compelled me to seek medical advice. The doctor, after making an examination, said that I had ovarian trouble and ulceration, and advised an operation as my only hope. To this I strongly objected—and I decided as a last resort to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"To my surprise the ulceration healed, all the bad symptoms disappeared, and I am once more strong, vigorous and well; and I cannot express my thanks for what it has done for me."

Ovarian and womb troubles are steadily on the increase among women—and before submitting to an operation every woman should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and write Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. for advice.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been curing the worst forms of female complaints, all ovarian troubles, inflammation, ulceration, falling and displacement of the womb, leucorrhœa, irregularities, indigestion and nervous prostration. Any woman who could read the many grateful letters on file in Mrs. Pinkham's office would be convinced of the efficiency of her advice and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands a Woman's Ills.

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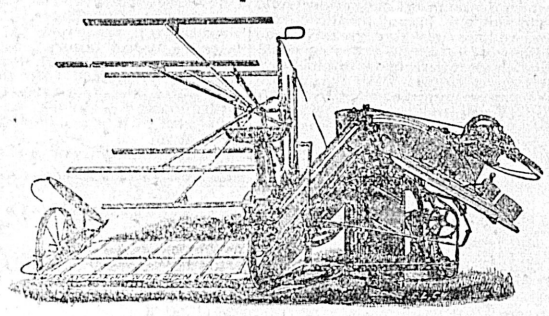

No Binder ever made has been able to successfully compete with this machine. It stands the test in the most difficult grain and on the roughest ground.

It has steel frame, perfected roller bearings, open divider, folding headboard, and in fact all the latest improvements, Made in 5 ft. and 6 ft. cuts.

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